

# StarTool<sup>®</sup> FDM

**Db2** Option

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Product version: 7.7.1

Publication date: March 2020 (rebranded only)

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## Welcome to the StarTool FDM Db2 Option

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### **About This Book**

This document describes StarTool<sup>\*</sup> FDM (File and Data Manager) Version 7.7.1. It discusses the features, functions, installation, customization, and use of the StarTool FDM Db2 Option, a separately licensed feature of StarTool FDM.

StarTool FDM	StarTool FDM is a multi-purpose file and data management utility for IBM <sup>®</sup> mainframe systems. It provides an ISPF-based, menu-driven, integrated interface to a variety of editors and data management tools for PDS, PDSE, VSAM, direct-access, IMS, and Db2 files. A TSO command-line interface is also supported, as well as bulk file processing in batch mode. Customizable option tables and exits make StarTool FDM highly flexible and
	adaptable to user needs.

- **Db2 Option** The Db2 Option extends the file and data management functionality of StarTool FDM to tables, columns, and rows in IBM Db2 relational databases.
  - Audience This document is intended for use by IBM mainframe systems programmers, application programmers, and Db2 database administrators already familiar with both the StarTool FDM base product and the functions and uses of IBM's Db2 database management system.

### **Before You Begin**

NewChange bars in the left margin (shown at left) identify substantive changes to thisInformationpublication since StarTool FDM Version 7.6.3.

CorrectionsThe Readme file on the product media contains updates and corrections to this manual<br/>issued after the publication date. It also provides contact information for Micro Focus<br/>Customer Support.

### Conventions

**Terminology** Throughout this document:

z/OS refers to the z/OS<sup>™</sup> and OS/390° IBM<sup>®</sup> operating systems.

• StarTool FDM may also be referenced as StarTool or FDM.

**Typographic**<br/>ConventionsThe following textual conventions are used throughout this document to highlight special<br/>information:

Convention	Meaning
Bold	Panel title or field name.
Italics	Introduces new terms, sets off important information, or marks document titles.
UPPERCASE	Indicates keys or key combinations; for example, the ENTER key.
Bright blue	Clickable cross-reference or active hyperlink.
Monospaced	JCL, source code, or message text. Also used for member names, file names, and commands if these are not clear from context.
MONOSPACED UPPERCASE	Required value or literal in code or JCL parameter.
monospaced lowercase	Pattern for a field value or parameter you specify. Number of characters is significant. Upper-case characters are literals. Lower-case characters are placeholders that indicate data type, where: y = year m = month d = day a = alphanumeric n = numeric x = other or mixed ? = one-character wild card * = n-character wild card Punctuation other than wild cards must be reproduced in the position shown.
Examples:	Examples:
■ yyyy/mm/dd	<ul> <li>International calendar date with four-character year, two- character month, and two-character day separated by required slashes, such as 2010/01/01.</li> </ul>
■ C'aa'	<ul> <li>Alphanumeric character string in user-readable form, two characters long, such as C'K9'</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Binary number, two digits long, where n = 0 to 1, such as B'10'</li> </ul>
■ B'nn'	<ul> <li>Decimal number, two digits long, where n = 0 to 9, such as D'10'</li> </ul>
■ D'nn'	<ul> <li>Hexadecimal number, two digits long, where n = 0 to F, such as X'C1'</li> </ul>
	Descriptive placebolder for value or parameter you epocify
italics	but not a pattern; for example, <i>filename</i> .
Square braces [ ]	Optional parameter or choice of values. May be nested.
Vertical bar	Inside braces, a vertical bar separates mutually exclusive parameter choices or values.
Ellipsis	Optional repetitions of a pattern in a list.

Convention	Meaning
Greater-than symbol >	Separates items in a chain of menu or command selections on a GUI client. For example, <b>Start &gt; All Programs &gt;</b> <b>Micro Focus &gt;</b> <i>product_name</i> .

### Documentation

You can download the complete documentation suite from the Micro Focus Customer Support Web site at

https://www.microfocus.com/support-and-services/documentation/.

### **Related Publications**

Available StarTool FDM publications include:

Title	Description
<i>StarTool FDM Installation Guide</i>	System requirements, installation instructions, and configuration information for StarTool FDM.
SER10TY User's Guide	Installation information for SER10TY licensing software and instructions on how to apply license key SERtificates.
<i>StarTool FDM Quick Reference</i>	Overview of StarTool FDM commands, with syntax details for frequently used functions. Includes PEDIT and StarBat subcommands.
<i>StarTool FDM User's Guide</i>	StarTool FDM concepts and facilities, with instructions for using the ISPF-based menu-driven interface.
<i>StarTool FDM Command Reference</i>	TSO command-line syntax and parameter reference, organized alphabetically. Interactive subcommands included for major functions.
<i>StarTool FDM System</i> <i>Services</i>	Advanced reference to operating system calls used by StarTool FDM.
StarTool FDM StarBat Option	Batch-mode interface for bulk changes to data sets. StarTool FDM functions invoked by JCL procedures.
<i>StarTool FDM Db2 Option</i>	StarTool FDM data management functions for Db2 relational database tables, columns, and rows, with SQL processing support.
StarTool FDM IMS Option	StarTool FDM data management functions for IMS hierarchical database files and structures.
<i>StarTool FDM Extended Compare Option</i>	Integrated file comparison utility based on Micro Focus Comparex. Data file versus text file comparison logic.
StarTool FDM Messages	Consolidated message reference for base product and all licensed product options, with error recovery recommendations.

### **Using the PDF Documentation**

To view PDF files, use Adobe® Reader®, which is freely available from Adobe on the World Wide Web at *http://www.adobe.com*. Reader Version 7.0.5 or higher is recommended.



**TIP** Be sure to download the *full version* of Reader. The more basic version does not include the cross-document search feature.

This section highlights some of the main Reader features. For more detailed information, see the Adobe Reader online help system.

The PDF manuals include the following features:

- Bookmarks. All of the online manuals contain predefined bookmarks that make it easy for you to quickly jump to a specific topic. By default, the bookmarks appear to the left of each online manual.
- Links. Cross-reference links within an online manual enable you to jump to other sections within the manual and to other manuals with a single mouse click. These links appear in blue.
- **Printing.** While viewing a manual, you can print the current page, a range of pages, or the entire manual.
- Advanced search. Starting with Version 6, Adobe Reader includes an advanced search feature that enables you to search across multiple PDF files in a specified directory. (This is in addition to using any search index created by Adobe Catalog—see step 3 below.)

To search across multiple PDF documents at once, perform the following steps (requires Adobe Reader Version 6 or higher):

- 1 In Adobe Reader, select Edit > Search (or press CTRL+F).
- 2 In the text box, enter the word or phrase for which you want to search.
- **3** Select the **All PDF Documents in** option, and browse to select the folder in which you want to search. (If you have a document open that has an Adobe Catalog index attached, you can leave the **In the index named...** option selected to search across all the manuals in the index.)
- 4 Optionally, select one or more of the additional search options, such as **Whole words** only and **Case-Sensitive**.
- 5 Click the **Search** button.



**NOTE** Optionally, you can click the **Use Advanced Search Options** link near the lower right corner of the application window to enable additional, more powerful search options. (If this link says **Use Basic Search Options** instead, the advanced options are already enabled.) For details, see Adobe Reader's online help.

## Chapter 1 Db2 Option Overview

The Db2 Option extends the file and data management functionality of StarTool FDM to tables, columns, and rows in IBM Db2 relational databases. This facility lets application programmers and Db2 database administrators:

- Browse and edit Db2 tables
- Develop a list of Db2 tables from user criteria
- Create, alter, or drop Db2 tables
- Grant or revoke authority for a particular Db2 function
- Load and unload Db2 tables
- Copy between Db2 tables

Each major function in the Db2 Option supports multiple levels of database granularity. Users can work with such Db2 entities as databases, plans, collections, and packages, as well as tables, views, columns, and rows.

### **Starting the Db2 Option**

To access the Db2 Option from the StarTool FDM **Primary Options** menu, enter **DB** at the **Option ==>** prompt:

		StarTool FDM Version 7.6.1 Primary Options	
OPTI	ON ===> DB		
Curr	ent data set	t ==> 'STR01.FDM.LOAD'	
			More: +
Basi	c Applicatio	ons:	
Θ	Parameters	- Specify StarTool parameters USERID	- USER01
1	Browse	- Display source data or output listings PREFIX	- USER01
2	Edit	- Create or change source data TIME	- 14:47
3	Utilities	- Perform utility functions DATE	- 2006/07/08
4	Pedit	- SuperEdit Option to edit in parallel JUL DAT	E - 2006.189
5	Batchjcl	- Create a background StarTool job TERMINA	L - 3278
А	Advanced	- Menu of advanced applications LOG PRO	C - ISPFPROC
S	Status	- Function status and selection menu MVSID	- PZOS
DB	DB2	- Menu of DB2 services APPLID	- ISR
ΙM	IMS	- Menu of IMS services SuperEdit	- Enabled
I#	ISPF	- Stack an ISPF session (like I3.4) LEVEL	- PDSE761
IN	Index	- Display StarTool tutorial index	
Ν	New	- Summarize changes for this release	
Х	Exit	- Terminate StarTool	

The **DB** option takes you to the **Menu of Db2 Services**, which provides high-level access to all capabilities of the StarTool FDM Db2 Option.



**NOTE** If the Db2 Option has not been installed, the **DB** option will not appear on the StarTool FDM **Primary Options** menu. See the *StarTool FDM Installation Guide* for information on installing the Db2 Option.

### **Navigating the Db2 Option**

Like StarTool FDM generally, the Db2 Option employs a menu-driven ISPF interface with menu bypass shortcuts. With the exception of PF6, which is used to confirm requests, the interface complies with Common User Access (CUA) standards for panels and function keys.

The primary facilities of the Db2 Option appear in the **Menu of Db2 Services**:

OPTION ===> OPTION ===> Current Subsys-id ===> DB2A 1 - DB2List - Create a list of DB2 tables Inactive 2 - DB2Table - Modifying DB2 table for EDIT, VIEW, etc Inactive 3 - SQL - Adhoc DB2 query (non-SELECT) statement 4 - Grant/Revoke - Grant or Revoke privileges 5 - Table Services - Create, Alter, Drop, etc. tables 6 - DB2SYST - View system tables 7 - EDIT/VIEW - Return to EDIT/VIEW if it is active Inactive Note: When selecting options 1 or 2 (DB2List or DB2Table) if the table status is "Current" or "Inactive" you are prompted for a new list. If the table status is "Active" or "Pending" you are returned to that function.

The available facilities are:

- DB2List Create or work with a list of Db2 tables
- DB2Table Select a single Db2 table for processing
- SQL Execute an ad hoc SQL statement (SELECT statements excluded)
- Grant/Revoke Grant or revoke access privileges for Db2 entities
- Table Services Create a new table or perform table, column, or row operations on an existing table
- DB2SYST Retrieve Db2 system information about a table (indexes, plans, packages)
- EDIT/VIEW Resume an active PEDIT/PVIEW session

### **Differences Between DB2List and DB2Table**

The DB2List and DB2Table functions differ primarily in the way they present tables for selection and processing.

- DB2List Creates a user-defined and sortable list of Db2 tables. From this list, you can work with one or more Db2 tables by entering line commands in the CMD column next to each table name. Line commands can request tasks specific to table lists such a displaying a consolidated view of list panels or repeating a previous line command or they may request nearly any table processing function supported by the Db2 Option. The most commonly used line command is S (Select), which selects the table for column processing and displays the DB2 Column List panel.
- DB2Table Presents a prompt screen that lets you select one Db2 table by name for processing. Certain commands such as Edit, View, and Print can be entered as a field command in the Service field of the DB2Table prompt screen. Leave the Service field blank to select the table for column processing and display the DB2 Column List panel.

Both functions support Db2 long table names (128 bytes).

Many line commands available through DB2List can also be invoked from DB2Table or directly from a menu. In this way, the Db2 Option gives you three ways to work:

- Start with a list of tables, then request a named function for a table chosen from the list.
- Start with a menu of listed functions, then supply a table name for the function selected.
- Start with a single, named table, then either supply a named function or default to column processing.

See "Table, Column, and Row Commands" in this chapter for a complete list of commands supported by the Db2 Option.

### **Task Switching**

You can temporarily suspend your work with a table list or table edit/view session, perform some other task in the Db2 Option, then resume the suspended work where you left off.

The **Menu of DB2 Services** reports the current activity status of the DB2List facility, the DB2Table facility, and the PEDIT Edit/View facility for the currently selected Db2 subsystem. The Db2 subsystem is identified in the top right corner of the menu. If you select an option from this menu for a task that is currently active, that task automatically resumes at the panel where you left off. Intervening panels are bypassed.

If you do not wish to continue working where you left off, press PF3 to "pop up" to the main panel for the function. You can then select a new table, create a new table list, or start a new edit/view session.

#### Table List Task Switching

Table lists remain active in DB2List by default when you exit the facility with PF3. You don't need to issue any special commands to suspend or resume work in an active table list. The fastest way to switch between tasks is to use PF3 to suspend a task and the **Menu of DB2 Services** to resume it.

#### Edit/View Task Switching

By default, PEDIT terminates an edit or viewing session when you press PF3. To suspend an edit/view session in PEDIT, enter the Log command at the **Command ===>** prompt in any PEDIT panel before using PF3 to exit. Use the **Menu of DB2 Services** to resume it.

### **Multiple Printing Options**

The Db2 Option provides three different printing options, each with its own commands.

- Print a hard copy of the current screen using the ISPF Print command.
- Print the contents of a table list or column list using the MEMLIST Prin command.
- Selectively print the contents of a Db2 table using the Tprt (Table Print) command.

### **Confirming Db2 Requests**

All Db2 Option commands that alter data present a confirmation panel before executing the requested function. This ensures that you do not inadvertently perform an operation you did not intend. Press PF6 to confirm the request. Press PF3 to cancel the request and return to the previous panel.

```
COMMAND ===>

Press PF6 to confirm that you want to update table ORDER1

Enter END (PF3) to abandon this copy request

You are requesting StarTool FDM to copy table ORDER

into table ORDER1.

You may alter the following SQL statement before FDM sends it to DB2:

INSERT INTO DB2A.ORDER1 SELECT * FROM DB2A.ORDER WHERE ORDER_NUMBER IS > 120
```

Some confirmation panels allow you to modify your request before sending it to Db2 for processing. For example, suppose you use the Copy command to copy rows from the ORDER table into table ORDER1. When you enter your request, the **Copy Confirmation** panel displays, asking that you verify the action you requested. The SQL statement generated by your request appears at the bottom of this panel. Edit it in the confirmation panel before you press PF6 to confirm the request.

### **Errors in Db2 Requests**

When you confirm a transaction request with PF6, the Db2 Option submits a generated SQL statement — and any edits you make to it — to Db2 for validation. If an error is detected, the Db2 error message is passed through to your display in a pop-up window.

For example:

```
----- DB2 Select Statement Validation -----
COMMAND ===>
When ready press PF6 to continue with VIEW
Audit option ===> NO (Yes/No) to audit to a file (ignored for EXT or PRT)
SELECT PART_NUMBER , PART_NAME , SUPPLIER_NUMBER , NUM_IN_STOCK
    ,ORDER_NUMBER
FROM USER120.PARTS
                           Limit ===> 10000
                                                (max rows to retrieve)
WHERE
PART NAME LIKT 'M%'
ORDER BY ===>
  DSNT408I SQLCODE = -104, ERROR: ILLEGAL SYMBOL LIKT VALID SYMBOLS ARE
          YEARS, DAYS, MINUTES, SECONDS, ETC.
  DSNT418I SQLSTATE = 37501 SQLSTATE RETURN CODE
  DSNT415I SQLERRP = DSNHSM2A SQL PROCEDURE DETECTING ERROR
  DSNT416I SQLERRD = 0 0 0 -1 123 0 SQL DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION
   DSNT416I SQLERRD = X'00000000' X'00000000' X'00000000' X'FFFFFFF'
```

The full text of the error message is written to the system log.

To clear the error message, press PF3.

Correct the SQL statement in the confirmation panel and press PF6 to retry your request. Press PF3 a second time to cancel your request and return to the previous screen.

### **Getting Help**

Help is available for most panels in the Db2 Option by pressing PF1 at the **Command** ===> or **Option** ===> prompt. Press PF1 in any data entry field for context-sensitive help about that field.

At panels that support line commands, you can request help for line command options by typing the M (Menu), 0 (Options), or (?) (Help) line commands in the **CMD** or **OPT** column.

### Table, Column, and Row Commands

Because the Db2 Option provides an ISPF interface to all functionality, you can issue standard ISPF commands at any ISPF screen.

In addition, the Db2 Option supports most common Db2 table, column, and row operations as line commands in the DB2List utility, as entries in the **Service** field of the DB2Table prompt screen, as an option in the **Menu of DB2 Services**, or as commands at the **Command ==>** or **Option ==>** prompt of a column list or within a utility like PVIEW or PEDIT. Many commands are accessible multiple ways.

Command	Description	DB2List Line Cmd	Menu Option or DB2Table Service	Command Prompt
Alias	Create an alias for a table.	alia	5 - Table Services	-
Alter	Add a column, index, or primary or foreign keys to a table; add or drop validation procedures, audit attributes, data capture options, constraints, or "restrict on drop".	_	5 - Table Services	_
Comment	Add a comment to a table.	comm	5 - Table Services	_
Сору	Copy rows from one table to another using SQL.	сору	5 - Table Services	-
Count	Count of the number of rows in a table.	coun	_	-
Create Index	Create a new index over a table.	_	5 - Table Services	-
Create Table	Create a new table.	_	5 - Table Services	-
Create View	Create a new view over a table.	_	5 - Table Services	-
Delete Rows	Delete selected rows from a table using SQL.	-	5 - Table Services	-
Display	Display all data about one table on a consolidated screen.	dis	_	_
Drop	Drop a table or view from a database.	drop	5 - Table Services	-
Edit	Edit a table in PEDIT.	edit	2 - DB2Table, Editin <b>Service</b>	edit
Extract	Extract data from a table to a sequential file for LOAD.	extr	2 - DB2Table, Extract in <b>Service</b> field	extract
Grant	Grant privileges for a table.	gran	4 - Grant/Revoke	-
Info	Display all data about one table on a consolidated screen.	info	_	_
Label	Add a label to a table.	labl	5 - Table Services	-

The following table summarizes the commands provided the Db2 Option.

Command	Description	DB2List Line Cmd	Menu Option or DB2Table Service	Command Prompt
Load	Load a table from a prevously extracted file using the DSNUTILB utility.	load	5 - Table Services	load
Model	Create a new table using this one as a model.	modl	5 - Table Services	modl
Print MEMLIST	Print the current table list.	prin	1 - DB2List or 2 - DB2Table	_
Print Screen	Print a hard copy of the screen.	_	<b>Command ==&gt;</b> prompt of any ISPF panel.	print
Print Table	Selectively print table columns.	tprt, pr	2 - DB2Table, PRINT in <b>Service</b> field	tprt, pr
Remark	Add a remark to a table.	rem	5 - Table Services	—
Rename	Rename a table.	ren	5 - Table Services	—
Revoke	Revoke privileges for a table.	revo	4 - Grant/Revoke	_
Select	Select a table for processing.	S	2 - DB2Table, blank in <b>Service</b>	_
Selective Copy	Selectively copy columns from one table to another using SQL.	selc	2 - DB2Table, SELC in <b>Service</b>	selc
SQL	Process SQL statements.	—	3 - SQL	—
System Tables	View system tables (indexes, keys, packages, plans, relations, table spaces) associated with a Db2 table.	sys	6 - DB2SYST	_
Utility	Display menu of utility commands available for table.	ut	_	ut
View	View a table in PVIEW.	view	2 - DB2Table, VIEW in <b>Service</b>	view

### **Exiting the Db2 Option**

Use PF3 to exit from any function within the Db2 Option. You will "pop up" to the previous menu. Successive PF3 commands will return you to the **Menu of DB2 Services**.

Alternatively, enter the Exit command at any **Command ==>** or **Option ==>** prompt to return to the **Menu of DB2 Services**. This command skips any intervening panels on

the way to the top-level menu. Enter X (the Option Exit command) at the **Menu of DB2 Services** to completely exit the Db2 Option and terminate Db2 processing. You will return to the StarTool FDM **Primary Options** menu.



**NOTE** Active table lists or column lists are not saved automatically on exit. To save a table list or column list to an ISPF file for later reuse, use the Save command before exiting the Db2 Option.

## Chapter 2 Table List Processing with DB2List

The DB2List facility allows you to work with a list of Db2 tables as a group in a MEMLIST. You can create a table list, save it, recall it for reuse, sort it, print it, and perform other MEMLIST operations on it. User-defined selection criteria determine the contents of the list.

From a table list, you can issue line commands to request Db2 table, column, or row operations on one or more Db2 tables. You can also initiate editing sessions in PEDIT, print table contents, and obtain various table statistics.

This chapter discusses the following topics for DB2List:

- Starting DB2List
- Operations on Table Lists
- Operations on Table List Entries
- Operations on DB2 Tables
- Menu-Driven DB2List Operations

### Starting DB2List

To start the DB2List facility, go to the **Menu of DB2 Services** and select option **1 - DB2List**. One of the following two screens displays.

- If you are starting a DB2List session and the status of DB2List is Inactive or Current (as shown on the Menu of DB2 Services), the panel Create a List of DB2 Tables displays. Use this panel to:
  - Create a new table list
  - Add tables to an existing table list
  - Recall a saved table list
- If you are resuming a DB2List session in Active or Pending status (as shown on the Menu of DB2 Services), the list creation panel is skipped and the active or pending table list displays in the DB2 Table List panel. Use this panel to:
  - Save a table list to an ISPF file
  - Sort a table list
  - Print a table list
  - Issue line commands in a table list
  - Select one or more tables for processing

If the **DB2 Table List** panel displays but you do not wish to continue working where you left off, press PF3 to "pop up" to the panel **Create a List of DB2 Tables**.

### **Operations on Table Lists**

From DB2List, you can work either with the table list itself or with individual Db2 tables selected from the list. The follow table list operations can be performed on entire table lists:

- Create a new table list
- Add tables to an existing table list
- Save a table list to an ISPF file
- Recall a saved table list
- Sort a table list
- Print a table list
- Issue line commands in a table list
- Select one or more tables for processing

### **Creating a New Table List**

Create a new table list in DB2List using the the panel Create a List of DB2 Tables.

```
----- DB2: Create a List of DB2 Tables -----
 Source for display
                       ===> D(type-in, "D":"DB2" or "T":"TABLE")
 Subsystem name
                       ===> DB2A(Current Subsystem, or may change!)
 Creator name or mask ===> USER01(type-in, creator name or masked..)
 Table name or mask ===> %(type-in, table name or masked....)
                       ===> YES(Yes or No for creating new list )
 New list
  (View/Edit/Print/Extract) (Select with all or limited rows. )
 Read all Rows/Columns ===> NO(type-in, YES or NO, for all/limit)
 Limit - Max # of Rows ===> 10000(type-in, limit number of Row/Cols)
Saved ISPF Table
 Request save name===> (1 to 6 character name)Source library===> (Profile, Group, Sample)
                       ===> (Profile, Group, Sample or others)
 Other DSNAME
                       ===>
Notes:
 Masks can contain underscores or a percent sign.
  Enter the data set name in standard TSO syntax.
```

#### Data Source

The following field values are required in the panel **Create a List of DB2 Tables** when creating a new table list:

- Source for display ==> D
- Subsystem name ==> somSubs
- New list ==> YES

The value D in Source for display indicates that the data source for the new table list should be Db2 rather than a previously saved table list in ISPF.

Substitute the desired Db2 subsystem name for the variable somSubs in Subsystem name. You can only select tables from one subsystem at a time.

A value of YES in the New list field instructs DB2List to discard any previously active table list and create a new table list from scratch. Saved table lists are not deleted, but an unsaved active table list will be lost when you choose this option.

All Saved ISPF Table fields should be blank if Source for display is D.

#### Table List Selection Criteria

Tables are selected for inclusion in the list on the basis of creator name and table name. The Creator name and Table name fields in the panel **Create a List of DB2 Tables** both support masks using any mix of literal characters and Db2 wildcards:

- Underscore ( \_ ) is the wildcard for any one character.
- Percent sign (%) is the wildcard for zero to any number of characters.

A value is required in both the Creator name and Table name fields, but the percent sign (%) wildcard may be used to request all creators or all tables.

#### Column and Row Filtering

You can optionally select the columns and rows available for table viewing, editing, printing, or extraction operations that are initiated from the table list. To enable column and row selection, use the following fields:

- Read all rows/columns ==> N0 (causes a column selection panel to display when you select a table from the table list)
   YES (all columns are retrieved when you select a table from the table list)
- Limit Max # of rows ==> 10000 (enter a maximum number of rows to read; default is 10,000)

#### Displaying the Table List

When you are satisfied with your selection criteria, press Enter at panel **Create a List of DB2 Tables**. The newly created table list displays in the Db2 Table List panel series.

```
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
           ----- DB2 Table List ----- Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===>
                                                SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on CMD line:
CMD SUBS CREATOR TABLE NAME
                             DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -
                                            1
    DB2A USER01 ORDER
                                    т 6
                                                     - 1
    DB2A USER01 PARTS
                                    Т
                                         5
                                              1
                                                     -1
    DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE
                                         4
                                    Т
                                             1
                                                     - 1
    DB2A USER01
                                    Т
                                        4
4
               SUPPLIER
                                             1
                                                      - 1
    DB2A USER01 VERY_LONG_TABLENA+ T
                                             1 -1
  | TOTAL= 5 |
| ADDS = 0 |
           | VERSION:810
```

CMD	Data entry field for table line commands. Length up to 4 characters.
SUBS	ID of Db2 subsystem where the table resides.
CREATOR	TSO user ID of table creator.
TABLE NAME	Name of table, view, or alias in database. If name exceeds 18 bytes, it is truncated to 17 bytes with a plus (+) sign appended. Long table names (128 bytes) are supported and can be viewed by scrolling right with PF10. You can also view the full table name by positioning the cursor in the <b>TABLE NAME</b> field, then typing ZEXPAND at the <b>Command ==&gt;</b> line.
DATA/MSG	Displays status messages for the named table or view. Also displays the results of certain table <i>line commands</i> such as Count .
ТҮРЕ	Table type, where: <b>A</b> = Alias <b>T</b> = Table <b>V</b> = View
COLS	Number of columns in table or view.
KEYS	Number of primary keys in table.
PAGES	Size of table in pages, if available from the Db2 RUNSTATS command. Otherwise, value of -1 is shown.

The main Db2 Table List panel displays the following information:

Below the list of tables, a status information box displays the following information:

TOTAL	Count of all tables in the table list, whether or not displayed in panel.
ADDS	Count of tables added to the table list in a previous operation.
VERSION	Db2 version number, as supplied to the StarTool FDM Db2 Option by Db2.

#### Left-to-Right Scrolling Through a Table List

The **DB2 Table List** panel is one of four left-to-right scrolling panels that contain table list information. Press PF10 to scroll right through the following panels. Press PF11 to scroll left through these panels and return to the main Db2 Table List panel.

If any of the tables in the table list have long names (18 to 128 bytes), the full table names can be viewed by scrolling right with PF10.

Panel **DB2 Table List #2** displays the DATABASE names and table space (TBL SPAC) names associated with each table in the table list.

----- DB2 Table List #2 ----- Row 1 to 4 of 4 COMMAND ===> SCROLL ===> PAGE Enter an ISPF command, a StarTool subcommand or a special control code: CMD SUBS CREATOR TABLE NAME DATA/MSG DATABASE TBL SPAC - Pages -DB2A USER01 ORDER USER01DB ORDE1PSN - 1 DB2A USER01 PARTS USER01DB PART1R11 -1 DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE USER01DB SPECTABL - 1 DB2A USER01 SUPPLIER USER01DB SUPP189U - 1 DB2A USER01 VERY\_LONG\_TABLENA+ USER01DB LONGNAME - 1 \*\*\*\*\*\*

Panel DB2 Table List #3 displays the Db2 Label associated with each table.

----- DB2 Table List #3 ----- Row 1 to 4 of 4 COMMAND ===> SCROLL ===> PAGE Enter an ISPF command, a StarTool subcommand or a special control code: CMD SUBS CREATOR TABLE NAME DATA/MSG -- Label ------ORDER DB2A USER01 DB2A USER01 PARTS DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE DB2A USER01 SUPPLIER DB2A USER01 VERY\_LONG\_TABLENA+ VERY\_LONG\_TABLE\_NAME 

Panel **DB2 Table List #4** displays the Db2 **Remark** associated with each table.

### Adding Tables to an Existing Table List

If a table list is already active (as shown on the **Menu of DB2 Services**), you can add more tables to it using new selection criteria. Do so from the panel **Create a List of DB2 Tables**.

----- DB2: Create a List of DB2 Tables ------Source for display ===> D(type-in, "D": "DB2" or "T": "TABLE") Subsystem name ===> DB2A(Current Subsystem, or may change!) Creator name or mask ===> USER99(type-in, creator name or masked..) Table name or mask ===> % (type-in, table name or masked....) New list ===> NO(Yes or No for creating new list ) (View/Edit/Print/Extract) (Select with all or limited rows. ) Read all Rows/Columns ===> NO (type-in, YES or NO, for all/limit) Limit - Max # of Rows ===> 10000(type-in, limit number of Row/Cols) Saved ISPF Table Request save name ==>(1 to 6 character name)Source library ===>(Profile, Group, Sample or others) Other DSNAME ===> Notes: Masks can contain underscores or a percent sign. Enter the data set name in standard TSO syntax.

The following field values are required:

- Source for display ==> D
- Subsystem name ==> somSubs
- New list ==> NO

The value D in Source for display indicates that the data source for the added tables should be Db2 rather than a previously saved table list in ISPF.

Substitute the desired Db2 subsystem name for the variable somSubs in Subsystem name. This must match the subsystem name for tables previously included in the list.

**NOTE** All tables in a table list must reside on the same Db2 subsystem. If you enter a value for **Subsystem name** that differs from that used when the table list was created, an error displays.

A value of NO in the **New list** field instructs DB2List not to discard the active table list. Tables matching your new selection criteria will be added to the preexisting list.

All Saved ISPF Table fields should be blank, since Source for display is D.

Enter your new selection criteria in the **Creator name** and **Table name** fields. Db2 wildcards are supported. Press ENTER to view the augmented table list. (See "Displaying the Table List" for a description of the **DB2 Table List** panels that display.)

### Saving a Table List as an ISPF File

An active table list can be saved as an ISPF file for later reuse. You can save as many table lists as you like. View the saved table lists in your ISPF Profile library using the PROFMAN utility. Table lists are saved as PROFMAN entry type DL.

#### To save a table list as an ISPF file:

1 From any DB2 Table List panel that shows the table list to be saved, enter the SAVE command at the COMMAND ===> prompt. For example:

```
----- DB2 Table List ----- Row 1 to 11 of 11
COMMAND ===> SAVE
                                                   SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on CMD line:
CMD SUBS CREATOR TABLE NAME
                               DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -
    DB2A USER99 ORDER
                                      T 4
                                               1
                                                         - 1
                                           5
               PARTS
    DB2A USER99
                                       Т
                                                1
                                                         - 1
               SUPPLIER
    DB2A USER99
                                      Т
                                            4
                                                         - 1
                                                1
               T_APPOINTMENT
                                           7
7
    DB2A USER99
                                       Т
                                                3
                                                         - 1
               T_DOCTOR
    DB2A USER99
                                       Т
                                                1
                                                         - 1
    DB2A USER99
               T_PATIENT
                                       Т
                                            8
                                                1
                                                         - 1
               T_SURGERY
                                           5
6
    DB2A USER99
                                       Т
                                                1
                                                         - 1
    DB2A USER01 ORDER
                                       Т
                                                1
                                                         - 1
    DB2A USER01
                                       Т
               PARTS
                                            5
                                                1
                                                         - 1
    DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE
DB2A USER01 SUPPLIER
                                       Т
                                            4
                                                1
                                                         - 1
                                       Т
                                            4
                                                1
                                                         - 1
```

2 Press ENTER. The **DB2List Save** panel displays.

```
COMMAND ===>

Specify the name for a saved version of this DB2 list table

DB2LIST save name ===> MYLIST(1 to 6 character name)

Replace existing entry ===> NO(Yes or No)

Description ===> My New Table List

Save to library ===> PROFILE(Profile, Group, or Other)

Other partitioned data set:

DATA SET NAME ===>

Notes: If this is saved in the profile, you can rename, delete or

activate these saved DB2 tables with the PROFMAN dialog.

DB2 list tables use entry type DL in the PROFMAN dialog.

Profile DDname :ISPPROF

Group DDname :ISPTLIB
```

At this panel, enter values for the following required fields:

DB2LIST save name ==> somname (name of saved file, 1 to 6 characters)

-	Replace existing entry ==>	NO YES	(do not overwrite any existing file somnam) (overwrite any existing file somNam)
•	Save to library ==>	PROFILE GROUP OTHER	(use ISPF Profile DDNAME) (use ISPF Group DDNAME) (supply DSN in DATA SET NAME field)

The DDNAMEs currently associated with the PROFILE and GROUP keywords are shown at the bottom of the panel.



**TIP** You can change the default PROFILE and GROUP DDNAMEs at the StarTool FDM **Primary Options** menu by selecting option **0 - Parameters** and choosing the SETALL command. At the **Set Combined Defaults** panel, scroll down to the section labeled **Set Saved Table Options** to make your changes.

3 Press Enter at the **DB2List Save** panel to save the table list.

### **Recalling a Saved Table List**

You can recall a saved table list for reuse without recreating it. The recalled table list can replace any current table list, or it may be added to an already active table list. Use the PROFMAN function to determine which Db2 table lists are saved in your Profile library.

Recall a saved table list using the panel **Create a List of DB2 Tables**. You must enter T in the **Source for display** field, to indicate that the source for the new table list is a saved table list file rather than a Db2 subsystem. You must also supply the values for the saved file in the **Saved ISPF Table** section of the panel.

For example:

```
----- DB2: Create a List of DB2 Tables ------
COMMAND ===>
                       ===> T (type-in, "D":"DB2" or "T":"TABLE")
 Source for display
 Subsystem name
                       ===> DB2A(Current Subsystem, or may change!)
 Creator name or mask ===> %(type-in, creator name or masked..)
 Table name or mask
                       ===> % (type-in, table name or masked....)
 New list
                        ===> YES(YES or NO for creating new list)
 (View/Edit/Print/Extract)
                              (Select with all or limited rows.)
 Read all Rows/Columns ===> NO (type-in, YES or NO. for all/limit)
 Limit - Max # of Rows ===> 10000(type-in, limit number of Row/Cols)
                                                               More:
Saved ISPF Table
 Request save name
                       ===> MYLIST(1 to 6 character name)
 Source library
                        ===> PROFILE(Profile, Group, Sample, or Other)
 Other DSNAME
                        ===>
Notes:
 Masks can contain underscores or a percent sign.
 Enter the data set name in standard TSO syntax.
```

The following field values are required:

•	Source for display	==>	Т	(T=populate list from saved Table List file)
•	Request save name	==>	somnam	(name of saved file, 1 to 6 characters)
•	Source library	==>	PROFILE GROUP SAMPLE OTHER	(use default Profile DDNAME) (use default Group DDNAME) (use default Sample DDNAME; usually points to your ISPTLIB concatenation) (supply DSN in <b>Other DSNAME</b> field)

**NOTE** StarTool FDM always appends #4 or #6 as a prefix to the 1-to-6 character member name you specify when saving a table list. This prefix sometimes appears when you use PROFMAN. Do not type the prefix in somnam when recalling a saved table list.

#### Replacing an Active Table List with a Saved Table List

If you want to replace the currently active table list with the contents of the recalled table list file, enter the following additional information in the **Create A List of DB2 Tables** panel:

- Subsystem name ==> somSubs
- New list => YES

For the variable *somSubs* in **Subsystem name**, substitute the name of the Db2 subsystem where the tables in the saved list reside. This need not match the subsystem name of the currently active table.

A value of YES in the **New list** field instructs DB2List to discard any previously active table list and create a new table list from scratch. This new table list is populated with the contents of the saved ISPF file.

#### Adding a Saved Table List to an Active Table List

If you want to add the contents of the recalled table list file to the currently active table list, enter the following additional information in the **Create A List of DB2 Tables** panel:

- Subsystem name ==> somSubs
- **New list** ==> NO

For the variable *somSubs* in **Subsystem name**, substitute the name of the Db2 subsystem where the tables in the saved ISPF file reside. This must match the subsystem name of the currently active table.



**NOTE** All tables in a table list must reside on the same Db2 subsystem. If you attempt to add tables from a different subsystem to an active table list, an error displays.

A value of NO in the **New list** field instructs DB2List not to discard the active table list. The saved table list will be added to the currently active table list.

#### Filtering the Contents of a Saved Table List

When populating an active table list from a saved table list data source, you can filter the contents of the saved table list file. Tables are selected from the saved file for inclusion in the active table list on the basis of creator name and table name. The **Creator name** and **Table name** fields in the panel **Create a List of DB2 Tables** both support masks using any mix of literal characters and Db2 wildcards:

- Underscore ( \_ ) is the wildcard for any one character.
- Percent sign (%) is the wildcard for zero to any number of characters.

A value is required in both the **Creator name** and **Table name** fields, but the percent sign (%) wildcard may be used to request all creators or all tables in the saved file. Note that long table names (128 bytes) are supported, with two lines provided on the panel for wrapping long names.

You can optionally select the columns and rows available for table viewing, editing, printing, or extraction operations that are initiated from the active table list, regardless of the options originally chosen when the table list was saved. To enable column and row selection, use the following fields:

- Read all rows/columns ==> N0 (causes a column selection panel to display when you select a table from the table list (all columns are retrieved when you select a table from the table list)
- Limit Max # of rows ==> 10000 (enter a maximum value; default is 10,000)

Memory demands are reduced and overall system performance improves when you restrict the number of columns and rows retrieved for a table.

#### Displaying the Recalled Table List

When the panel **Create a List of DB2 Tables** is complete, press ENTER to view the recalled table list. (See "Displaying the Table List" for a description of the **DB2 Table List** panels.)

### **Sorting Table Lists**

You can sort the active table list by creator name, table name, table space name, or database name.

To sort the table list, enter the SORT command at the **COMMAND** ==> prompt of any **DB2 Table List** panel. For example:

```
----- DB2 Table List ----- Row 1 to 4 of 4
                                                 SCROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND ===> SORT TABLE ASC
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on CMD line:
CMD SUBS CREATOR TABLE NAME
                              DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -
    DB2A USER01 ORDER
                                     Т
                                         6 1
                                                      - 1
    DB2A USER01 PARTS
                                     Т
                                           5
                                              1
                                                       - 1
    DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE
                                     Т
                                           4
                                             1
                                                       - 1
    DB2A USER01
               SUPPLIER
                                     Т
                                           4
                                              1
                                                       - 1
```

The SORT command has the following syntax when used with a table list:

SORT CREATOR|TABLE|SPACE|DATABASE [ASC|DESC]

The first parameter designates the panel field by which table list entries should be sorted. It takes one of the following keyword values:

- CREATOR = Creator name
- TABLE = Table name
- SPACE = Table space name
- DATABASE = Database name

A value for the first parameter is required.

The second parameter selects ascending or descending sort order. It takes the following keyword values:

- ASC = Ascending order (default)
- DESC = Descending order

The second parameter is optional. If you omit it, it defaults to ascending sort order (ASC).

### **Printing a Table List**

The table list can be printed in two ways, each with slightly different contents. The ISPF PRINT command prints a hard copy of the current table list screen. The StarTool FDM MEMLIST PRIN command prints the contents of the table list MEMLIST.



**NOTE** The Db2 Option provides three kinds of printing support: (1) ISPF panel printing using the PRINT command; (2) MEMLIST printing using the PRIN or PRI commands; and (3) selective printing of table contents using the TPRT or PR commands.

 To print the contents of a table list screen using standard ISPF printing support, type PRINT at the Command ==> prompt of the DB2 Table List panel and press ENTER.

All panel contents are printed, including row counts in the **DATA/MSG** column and table counts in the status information box. Only the tables shown in the panel are printed, however. These may not include all tables in the table list. For example:

```
----- DB2 Table list ----- Row 1 to 10 of 10
                                               SCROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND ===> PRINT
Enter an ISPF or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on CMD line:
    SUBS CREATUR TREE
DB2A USER01 ORDER
PARTS
                           DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -
CMD SUBS CREATOR TABLE NAME
                             * 87654 T 6 1 -1
                             *
                                        5
                               1234 T
                                                     - 1
                                            1
    DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE *
DB2A USER01 SUPPLIER *
                               2468 T 4 1
99 T 4 1
                                           1
                                                    - 1
                                                     - 1
 | TOTAL= 4 |
| ADDS = 0 |
            0 |
| VERSION:810 |
```

 To print the contents of the table list MEMLIST, type an alias of the MEMLIST print command, such as PRI or PRIN, at the Command ===> prompt of the DB2 Table List panel and press Enter.

```
------ DB2 Table list ----- Row 1 to 10 of 10
COMMAND ===> PRI
                                           SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF or a StarTool subcommand : O or ? for help on CMD line:
CMD SUBS CREATOR TABLE NAME
                           DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -
    DB2A USER01 ORDER
                                 Т 6 1 -1
                                 Т
    DB2A USER01 PARTS
                                     51
                                                - 1
                                 T 4 1
    DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE
                                                - 1
                                 Т
                                     4
    DB2A USER01 SUPPLIER
                                        1
                                                - 1
```

The **Print Members** prompt screen displays.

OPTION ===>							
Enter the member group name and any on a second sec	operands below for PRINT:						
Operands: memgroup (e.g., *; st )	tart:end; start:; first*pat; range*; part/						
BIND/LMARGIN(columns) ????	2 BMARGIN(lines)						
BURST/NOBURST	CCHAR/SINGLE/DOUBLE/TRIPLE						
CHARS(charname,)	CLASS(output class)/SYSOUT(c)						
COLUMNS(s1:e1,s2:e2,)	COPIES(nnn,(group value,))						
DCF/NODCF	<pre>DEST(destination/dest.userid)</pre>						
FCB(fcb name)	FLASH(overlay,count)						
<pre>FOLD(width)/TRUNCATE(w)</pre>	FORMS(forms name)						
HOLD/NOHOLD	LINES(line-num1:line-num2)						
MEMBERS/DIRECTORY/ALL	MODIFY(module name,trc)						
OUTDES(out-dest-name,)	NUM(loc,len)/SNUM(loc,len)/NONUM						
PAGELEN(lines)	TITLE/NOTITLE						
TMARGIN(lines)	TODATASET(dsname)/TSODSN(dsname)						
TRC/NOTRC	UCS(ucs name)						
WRITER(external writer)							
Defaults: memgroup, BIND(0), BMARGIN	(0), TMARGIN(0), PAGELEN(60), NONUM,						
NOTRC, TITLE, CLA	SS(A), DCF, NOBURST, NOHOLD						

Type an asterisk (\*) and any desired operands at the **Member group name** prompt, then press ENTER. The Db2 Option invokes regular StarTool FDM MEMLIST processing to print the contents of the table list (which is the current MEMLIST).

With the table MEMLIST print command, all tables in the table list are printed, even if they do not appear on the particular **DB2 Table List** panel where the command was issued. However, any status information shown on that panel is omitted.

Press PF3 to exit the **Print Members** screen and return to the Db2 Option.

### **Issuing Line Commands in a Table List**

At any DB2 Table List panel, you can enter one or more line commands in the CMD column to work with tables in the list. For example, enter COUN (Count) in the PARTS row to get a count of the rows in the PARTS table.

DB2 Table List Row 1 to 4 of 4 COMMAND ===> SCROLL ===> PAGE							
Enter	Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : O or ? for help on CMD line:						
CMD	SUBS CREATOR	TABLE NAME	DATA/MSG	TYPE	COLS	KEYS -	PAGES -
	DB2A USER01	ORDER		Т	6	1	- 1
COUN	DB2A USER01	PARTS		Т	5	1	- 1
	DB2A USER01	SPECTABLE		Т	4	1	- 1
	DB2A USER01	SUPPLIER		Т	4	1	- 1
* * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	************** Bo	ttom of data	****	* * * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

Line commands may be 1 to 4 characters long.

#### Types of Line Commands

DB2List provides two kinds of line commands:

- List operations act on individual entries in the table list (rather than the table list as a whole). However, they don't affect the corresponding Db2 tables. An example list operation would be the Dis (Display) command, which displays all table list information about a table on one panel.
- Table operations initiate work with a specific Db2 table using SQL commands. Block commands are generally not supported, but you can issue multiple line commands to stack requests for consecutive, interactive processing one table at a time. An example table operation would be the Coun (Count) command, which issues a SQL SELECT statement to count the rows in a table or view.

Note that not all list operations or table operations are line commands. However, all line commands in DB2List are either list operations or table operations.

#### Multiple Line Commands

Multiple line commands can be entered concurrently. For example, you might want to select two tables for back-to-back column processing, as shown below:

----- DB2 Table list ----- Row 1 to 10 of 10 COMMAND ===> SCROLL ===> PAGE Enter an ISPF or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on CMD line: TABLE NAME CMD SUBS CREATOR DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -DB2A USER01 ORDER \*PRINT\* T 6 1 - 1 S DB2A USER01 PARTS Т 5 1 - 1 DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE Т 4 1 - 1 S DB2A USER01 SUPPLIER Т 4 1 -1 

Only one line command is processed at a time. However, successive line commands are stacked for consecutive, interactive processing without forcing you to return to the **DB2 Table List** panel between operations.

- **The first line command processing panel** to appear targets the first table in the list that you selected for processing. Type any needed information in the panel and press ENTER to execute the line command against the selected table.
- To cycle through successive line command panels for each table in the stack, press PF3. After all tables are processed, PF3 returns you to the original DB2 Table List panel.

#### **Refreshing Table List Contents**

After executing line commands that effect the table list, it is sometimes necessary to refresh the contents of the list in order to see the results. For example, if you create a new table alias, the alias will not be added to the table list panel until you refresh the table list.

To refresh the table list, exit the table list with PF3. You will return to the main DB2List panel **Create a List of DB2 Tables**. Your previous table selection criteria are presented and should not be changed. Type YES in the **New list** field and press ENTER. The table list is refreshed to show updated labels, comments/remarks, table aliases, or dropped tables.

### Selecting Tables from a Table List for Processing

The S (Select) command in the table list selects one or more tables for successive column and table processing operations. Select multiple tables using multiple S commands. Block SS commands are supported. Multiple selected tables are stacked for successive, interactive processing without returning to the **DB2 Table List** screen between operations.

#### Displaying the Column List

After table selection is complete, press Enter at the **DB2 Table List** panel. The Select command takes you to the standard **DB2 Column List** panel for the first selected table in the list. This panel lists all columns defined for the table and provides Db2 information about each column.

The **DB2 Column List** panel is one of four left-to-right scrolling panels that contain information about columns in the selected table. Press PF10 to scroll right through these panels. Press PF11 to scroll left through these panels and return to the main **DB2 Column List** panel.

If column filtering is turned on, you must explicitly select the columns to include in subsequent table operations like Edit. If column filtering is turned off, all columns are preselected in the **DB2 Column List** panels, but you can optionally deselect columns if desired.

- To select a column, type the S (Select) line command in the **OPT** column.
- To deselect a column, type the D (Deselect) line command in the **OPT** column.

After column processing is complete, you can exit from the column view with PF3, or you can issue a table processing command such as Edit at the **Command ===>** prompt.

See Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns", for more information on column processing tasks.

#### Multiple Table Selections in a Table List

If you enter multiple S (Select) commands in the table list, these tables are stacked for successive column and table processing operations without returning to the **DB2 Table List** panel between steps. To navigate the stack of selected tables, note the following:

- The first table selected in the table list is the first table displayed in the DB2 Column List.
- When you complete column and table processing for the first table, press PF3 to exit the task, as usual. A new **DB2 Column List** displays for the next selected table in the table list. The selected table is identified in the title row of the panel.
- Perform column and table processing for the table displayed, then press PF3 again to advance to the next table you selected. When you have processed all selected tables, PF3 returns you to the original table list.

#### Table List Status Messages and the Select Command

When you return to the **DB2 Table List** panel after column and table processing with S (Select), your activities are reported simply as \*SELECT\* in the **DATA/MSG** column. If you wish to report the particular table operations performed, enter table processing line

commands instead of the S (Select) command. Table processing line commands go through the same column processing steps as S (Select).

### **Operations on Table List Entries**

Table list entry operations act on entries in the table list rather than the table list as a whole. And unlike table operations they don't affect the corresponding Db2 tables. Consequently, SQL permissions are not required to use these commands.

Table list entry commands may be entered against multiple tables concurrently. Block commands may be applied to a range of tables at once.

All list entry operations may be requested using line commands. Some list operations may also be request at the **Command ===>** or **Option ===>** prompt of a screen displayed subsequent to invoking a table command.

Command	Line Cmd	Block Cmd	Command Line Alias	Description
Display	dis	-	dis	Consolidates information from all four <b>DB2 Table List</b> panels on one screen for the designated table. Same as Info command. (See "Display and Info Commands".)
Exclude Line	x	xx, xnnn	x	Exclude this line from the table list. Use xx to delimit a block of lines to exclude. Use x <i>nnn</i> to exclude <i>nnn</i> lines.
Info	in	_	info	Consolidates information from all four <b>DB2 Table List</b> panels on one screen for the designated table. Same as Display command. (See "Display and Info Commands".)
Kill	k	-	k	Kills and clears all table line commands from the row where entered down to the end of the table list.
Repeat	=	== , = nnn	=	Repeats the previous line command. Use == to delimit a block of lines to receive the repetition. Use = <i>nnn</i> to duplicate the line command to a block containing <i>nnn</i> lines, starting with the one where this block command is entered.

Table list entry operations are summarized below.

Most of the foregoing operations are self-explanatory. However, the Display and Info Commands deserve some comment.

### **Display and Info Commands**

The Dis (Display) and In (Info) commands are synonymous. Both consolidate the information from all four **DB2 Table List** panels onto one screen for a single table. This information appears in the **DB2 Table Information Display** panel. For example, type INFO at the PARTS table in the table list to see a panel like this:

```
----- DB2 Table Information Display ------
COMMAND ===>
Subsystem name:
                 DB2A
Creator name:
                 USER01
                 PARTS
Table name:
                Table
Type:
Number columns: 5
Number keys:
                1
Number pages:
                 - 1
Database name: USER01DB
Table Space name: PART1R11
Label:
Remark:
```

If you enter multiple Dis or Info commands in the table list, these tables are stacked for display successive processing without returning to the **DB2 Table List** panel between steps. To navigate the stack of selected tables, note the following:

- The first table selected in the table list is the first table displayed in the **DB2 Table Information Display**.
- Press PF3 to exit the task, as usual. A new DB2 Table Information Display panel displays for the next selected table in the table list.
- Press PF3 again to advance to the next table. When you have viewed information for all tables, PF3 returns you to the original table list.

### **Operations on DB2 Tables**

Table operations work with one or more selected Db2 tables in the table list. Not all table operations change Db2 table data, but all perform SQL operations against these tables.



**NOTE** For most table operations, you must be authorized to use the SQL SELECT operator against the selected table. Otherwise, an error will display when you request a table operation.

In DB2List, table operations are invoked either by entering line commands in the table list, or by entering the S (Select) command and issuing a table processing command at a later column list panel. In either case, the **DB2 Column List** panel displays if row and column filtering is turned on, allowing you to filter rows and columns before initiating the actual table operation you requested in DB2List. You then continue the table operation by retyping the appropriate table processing command at the **Command ===>** prompt of

the column list panel. (See Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns", for more information about the **DB2 Column List** panel and related table operations.)



**NOTE** The same row and column filtering options, as well as subsequent table operations, are enabled for both DB2List and DB2Table at the DB2 Column List panel.

For all table operations requested through DB2List:

- To confirm a table operation that changes data, press PF6 at the confirmation screen.
- To exit a table operation, press PF3. Repeated use of PF3 navigates through any successively stacked table operations and returns you to the DB2 Table List.

At the completion of table operations (but not list operations), the **DB2 Table List** reports the table operation requested at the line command with a status message in the **DATA/MSG** column. This information serves as a memory aid and may be printed using the PRINT command. For example:

```
----- DB2 Table list ----- Row 1 to 10 of 10
COMMAND ===>
                                                     SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF or a StarTool subcommand : O or ? for help on CMD line:
CMD SUBS CREATOR
                  TABLE NAME
                                DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -
     DB2A USER01
                                *PRINT* T 6
                ORDER
                                                  1
                                                            - 1
     DB2A USER01
                 PARTS
                                *SELECT*
                                        Т
                                               5
                                                   1
                                                            - 1
     DB2A USER01
                 SPECTABLE
                                               4
                                                   1
                                         Т
                                                            - 1
                                *EDIT*
     DB2A USER01
                SUPPLIER
                                         Т
                                               4
                                                   1
                                                            - 1
```

DB2LIST lets you to perform operations on multiple Db2 tables concurrently and see the results in a common display. For example, you can:

- Add or edit table metadata using multiple Label, Comment, or Remark line commands.
- Rename multiple tables using multiple Alias or Rename line commands.
- Drop multiple tables from the database at once using multiple Drop line commands.

See "Multiple Line Commands" and "Multiple Table Selections in a Table List" in this chapter for information about issuing and working with multiple line commands in DB2List.

### **Table Processing Line Commands in DB2List**

The DB2List line commands that invoke table operations are summarized below.

Command	Line Cmd	Comman d Line Alias	Description
Alias	alia	alias	Creates an alias for a table. (See "Creating an Alias for a Table" in Chapter 8.)
Comment	comm	COMM	Adds a comment/remark to a table or view. (See "Adding Comments or Remarks to Tables or Views" in Chapter 8.

Command	Line Cmd	Comman d Line Alias	Description
Сору	сору	сору	Copies rows from one table to another. (See "Copying Rows from One Table to Another" in Chapter 4.)
Count	coun	_	Counts the number of rows in a table or view. (See "Count Command" in this chapter.)
Drop	drop	drop	Drops a table or view from the database. (See "Dropping a Table or View" in Chapter 8.)
Edit	edit	edit	Opens a table or view for editing in PEDIT. (See Chapter 5, "Viewing and Editing Tables with PEDIT".)
Extract	ex	ex, extr	Extracts the contents of a Db2 table to a sequential file and generates JCL for loading extracted data to another Db2 table. (See "Extracting Columns from a Table to a Sequential File" in Chapter 4.)
Grant	gran	grant	Grants privileges for a table or view. (See Chapter 7, "Grant or Revoke Privileges".)
Label	labl	label	Adds a label to a table. (See "Adding Labels to Tables or Views" in Chapter 8.)
Load	load	_	Loads a table from a prevously extracted file using the DSNUTILB utility. (See "Loading Data from a Sequential File to a Db2 Table" in Chapter 4.)
Model	modl	model	Creates a new table using the current one as a model. (See "Creating a Table like Another Table" in Chapter 8.)
Print Table	tprt	tprt	Selectively prints table contents. (See "Printing Selected Columns in a Table" in Chapter 4.)
Remark	rem	rem	Adds a remark/comment to a table. (See "Adding Comments or Remarks to Tables or Views" in Chapter 8.)
Rename	ren	ren	Renames a table. (See "Renaming a Table or View" in Chapter 8.)
Revoke	revo	revoke	Revokes privileges for a table or view. (See Chapter 7, "Grant or Revoke Privileges".)
Select	S, SS	-	Selects a table for column processing. SS = block command. (See "Selecting Tables from a Table List for Processing" in this chapter.)
Selective Copy	selc	selc	Selectively copies columns from one table to another table. (See "Copying Columns from One Table to Another" in Chapter 4.)
System Tables	sys	sys	Displays system tables for indexes, keys, relations, table spaces, plans, and packages associated with a table. (See Chapter 9, "Displaying System Tables with DB2SYST".)
Command	Line Cmd	Comman d Line Alias	Description
---------	-------------	---------------------------	---
View	view	view	Opens a table or view in PVIEW for viewing. (See Chapter 5, "Viewing and Editing Tables with PEDIT".)

For the majority of table processing operations, multiple access paths are provided through DB2List, DB2Table, and/or the Table Services menu. All shared table operations are documented in one place for ease of reference. See the following chapters:

- Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns"
- Chapter 5, "Viewing and Editing Tables with PEDIT"
- Chapter 8, "Table Services"

Certain table processing commands are unique to DB2List. These commands are documented in this chapter and include the following:

Count Command

#### **Count Command**

The Coun (Count) line command issues a SQL request to count the rows in the table(s) or view(s) indicated by the command. To invoke the Count command:

1 In the **DB2 Table List** panel, issue the Coun line command alias at each table for which you want a count of rows. For example:

COMMAND ===>					- DB2 T	abl	e lis	t		R S	ow 1 to 10 of 10 CROLL ===> PAGE	
Enter	an I	SPF or	a	StarTool	subc	ommand	: 0	or ?	for H	nelp o	ו CMD	line:
CMD	SUBS	CREAT	OR	TABLE	NAME	I	DATA	/MSG	TYPE	COLS M	(EYS	- PAGES -
coun	DB2A	USER	91	ORDER					Т	6	1	- 1
coun	DB2A	USER	91	PARTS					Т	5	1	- 1
	DB2A	USER	91	SPECTABL	.E				Т	4	1	- 1
	DB2A	USER	91	SUPPLIE	र				Т	4	1	-1
* * * * * *	* * * * *	*****	* * * *	****	* * * *	Bottom	of	data	****	*****	****	*****

2 When you press ENTER, the counts are returned for all selected tables or views in the **DATA/MSG** column of the **DB2 Table List** panel.

COMMAND ===>	st Row 1 to 10 of 10 SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF or a StarTool subcommand : O or	? for help on CMD line:
CMDSUBSCREATORTABLENAMEDATA/MSGDB2AUSER01ORDER*67890KDB2AUSER01PARTS*12345DB2AUSER01SPECTABLEDB2AUSER01DB2AUSER01SUPPLIERControl	5 TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES - T 6 1 -1 T 5 1 -1 T 4 1 -1 T 4 1 -1
A COLOR OF GALS	******

The **DATA/MSG** field is limited to displayed values of 9,999,999 or less. If the result of the Count command exceeds this value, the result is expressed as follows:

- **The quantity is truncated to thousands**, with the letter 'K' appended on the right, for values from 10,000,000 to 999,999,999.
- The quantity is truncated to millions, with the letter 'M' added on the right, for values from 1,000,000,000 to 4,294,967,295.
- Values in excess of 4,294,967,295 cannot be displayed.

# **Menu-Driven DB2List Operations**

DB2List provides a menu of line commands and a utility menu of table operations that can be extended with custom SQL commands. These features are listed in the table below.

Command	Line Cmd	Block Cmd	Command Line Alias	Description
Menu	m	_	_	Displays a menu of line commands. Same as Option command. (See "Menu and Options Commands".)
Options	0	00	_	Displays a menu of line commands. Same as Menu command. (See "Menu and Options Commands".)
Utility	ut	_	_	Displays a menu of table processing commands for DB2List. Menu can be extended with custom commands written in SQL. (See "Utility Command".)

## **Menu and Options Commands**

The M (Menu) and O (Options) commands are synonymous. Enter either in the **CMD** field of the **DB2 Table List** panel to display the **DB2List Menu Line Command** panel.

----- DB2LIST Menu Line Command ------OPTION ===> alia Choose one of the following line commands for USER01.PARTS More: alia - Create an alias for this table comm - Add a REMARK/COMMENT to this table copy - Copy all rows and columns of this table to another table coun - Count of the number of rows in this table dis - Display all data about this table on one screen drop - DROP this table from the database edit - Edit a table extr - Extract data from a table to a sequential file for LOAD gran - Grant Table/View privileges revo - Revoke Table/View privileges info - Display all data about this table on one screen - Kill and clear all following line commands. labl - Add a LABEL to this table load - Load this table using DSNUTILB from a prevous extract file modl - Create new table using this one as a model prin - Print a table ren - Rename a table (version 4 of DB2 and above) rem - Add a REMARK/COMMENT to this table SELECT for table processing selc - Selective copy columns from this table to another table sys - Display system table menu for this table ut - Use the extended installation utility command panel. view - View a table - Drop this line from the table display. Х - Repeat previous line command (line command only). Note: With the exception of the following, these line commands can also be entered from this panel: coun, extr, selc, sys The following block line commands can also be entered from the panel. 00, SS, XX, Xnnn, ==, =nnn

You can enter DB2List line commands at the **OPTION** ===> prompt of the **DB2LIST Menu Line Command** panel. The option chosen from the **DB2LIST Menu Line Command** panel targets the table named in the first line of text on the panel (USER01.PARTS in the example above). Most list and table operations are allowed.



**NOTE** The Count (COUN), Extract (EXTR), Selective Copy (SELC), and System Table (SYS) commands may not be entered from the **DB2List Menu Line Command** panel.

If multiple M or 0 commands were issued in the table list, these tables are stacked for successive processing without returning to the **DB2 Table List** panel between steps. To navigate the stack of selected tables, note the following:

 The first table selected in the table list is the first table targeted by the commands in the DB2LIST Menu Line Command panel. When you enter a command at the Option ===> prompt and press ENTER, table processing executes against the DB2 table.

- When table processing completes for the first table, press PF3 to exit the task, as usual. A new DB2 Table Information Display panel displays for the next table with an M or O command in the table list.
- Enter a menu option for the next table. A different menu option can be chosen for each table in the processing stack.
- Press PF3 again to advance to the next table. When you have processed all selected tables, PF3 returns you to the original table list.

# **Utility Command**

When entered in the **CMD** field of the **DB2 Table List** panel, the Ut (Utility) command brings up the panel **UT for DB2LIST User Line Commands**. This panel displays the extended utility menu of table processing commands for DB2List.

```
----- ut for DB2LIST user line commands -----
OPTION ===>
Choose one of the following for Table DB2A USER01.PARTS
   ALIA - Create Alias for this table
   MODL - Model this table
   COPY - Copy all of this table
   REM - Add a REMARK/COMMENT to this table
   COMM - Add a REMARK/COMMENT to this table
   LABL - Add a LABEL to this table
   DIS - Display all data about a table on one screen
   INFO - Display all data about a table on one screen
   GRAN - Grant Table/View privileges
   REVO - Revoke Table/View privileges
   LOAD - Load using DSNUTILB from a StarTool extract file
Dynamic SQL for subsystem DB2A -note: / = USER01.PARTS
                       < = USER01DB
```

From this menu, you can:

- Enter a utility menu command at the OPTION ===> prompt. The command will execute using table list information for the named panel and parameter prompt screens.
- Add reusable, custom menu commands in SQL. Commands may apply to the currently selected table or any table known to the currently active Db2 subsystem.

#### **Utility Menu Commands**

To enter a utility menu command, type a listed command at the **OPTION** ===> prompt of the **UT for DB2LIST User Line Commands** panel. This command targets the table selected from the table list by the UT (Utility) command that invoked the panel. The table name is listed in the panel's first line.

If multiple UT commands were issued in the table list, these tables are stacked for successive processing without returning to the **DB2 Table List** panel between steps. To navigate the stack of selected tables, note the following:

- The first table selected in the table list is the first table targeted by the commands in the UT for DB2LIST User Line Commands menu. When you enter a command at the Option ===> prompt and press ENTER, table processing executes against that table.
- When table processing completes for the first table, press PF3 to exit the task, as usual. A new UT for DB2LIST User Line Commands menu displays for the next table with an UT command in the table list.
- Enter a menu option for the next table. A different menu option can be chosen for each table in the processing stack.
- Press PF3 again to advance to the next table. When you have processed all selected tables, PF3 returns you to the original table list.

#### Adding Custom Utility Menu Commands with SQL

The bottom portion of the panel **UT for DB2LIST User Line Commands** is subtitled **Dynamic SQL for subsystem** *somsys*, where *somsys* is the name of the current Db2 subsystem. This portion of the utility menu lets you define reusable SQL statements and add them to the utility menu as custom commands.



**NOTE** SQL statements saved in the utility menu may target any table known to the currently active Db2 subsystem, whether or not it is included in the table list or was selected from the table list by the UT command.

SQL statements saved in the utility menu have the following requirements:

- Statement length may not exceed 72 bytes.
- Multi-line SQL statements are not supported.
- The SELECT statement is not permitted in custom utility commands.
- Statements must be given a 4-byte name to be saved for reuse in the utility menu.

Two predefined, special-character "variables" are provided so that custom commands may refer to any table or database currently selected by the UT command. These "variables" override standard SQL syntax wherever a table or database name is expected, as follows:

- The slash (/) character is interpreted as the table name for which the latest UT (Utility) command was issued. Its current value is shown in the Dynamic SQL panel subtitle.
- The less-than (<) symbol is interpreted as the name of the database where the current table resides. Its current value is shown in the second line of the Dynamic SQL subtitle.</li>

To add one or more custom commands to the utility menu, perform the following steps:

1 In the **Dynamic SQL** list at the bottom of the utility menu panel, type a 4-byte menu option name in the underscored field to the left of the dash. To the right of the dash, type the corresponding SQL statement that the menu option will execute. Each name/ statement pair defines one custom menu command.

**2** Type additional name/statement pairs as desired. Up to ten custom commands can be added to the utility menu. For example:

```
----- ut for DB2LIST user line commands -----
OPTION ===>
Choose one of the following for Table DB2A USER01.PARTS
   ALIA - Create Alias for this table
   MODL - Model this table
   COPY - Copy all of this table
   REM - Add a REMARK/COMMENT to this table
   COMM - Add a REMARK/COMMENT to this table
   LABL - Add a LABEL to this table
   DIS - Display all data about a table on one screen
   INFO - Display all data about a table on one screen
   GRAN - Grant Table/View privileges
   REVO - Revoke Table/View privileges
   LOAD - Load using DSNUTILB from a StarTool extract file
Dynamic SQL for subsystem DB2A
                                   -note: / = USER01.PARTS
                       < = USER01DB
LBL1 - LABEL ON TABLE / IS 'BACKUP1'
OOPS - UPDATE / SET ORDER_NUMBER = 'OOPS' WHERE SUPPLIER_NUMBER > 70000
DOIT - COMMIT
    _ -
```

**3** Press Enter to save the custom commands as a permanent part of the utility menu.



**TIP** You can type an old menu option at the **Option ===>** prompt, create new custom menu options in the **Dynamic SQL** section of the same panel, then press ENTER. The Db2 Option executes the old command and saves the new ones at the same time.

4 The next time you enter the UT command in DB2List, your custom commands appear at the bottom of the menu. Enter a custom option at the **Option ===>** prompt to execute it.

```
----- ut for DB2LIST user line commands ------
OPTION ===> oops
Choose one of the following for Table DB2A USER01.PARTS
   ALIA - Create Alias for this table
   MODL - Model this table
   COPY - Copy all of this table
   REM - Add a REMARK/COMMENT to this table
   COMM - Add a REMARK/COMMENT to this table
   LABL - Add a LABEL to this table
   DIS - Display all data about a table on one screen
   INFO - Display all data about a table on one screen
   GRAN - Grant Table/View privileges
   REVO - Revoke Table/View privileges
   LOAD - Load using DSNUTILB from a StarTool extract file
Dynamic SQL for subsystem DB2A
                                   -note: / = USER01.PARTS
                       < = USER01DB
LBL1 - LABEL ON TABLE / IS 'BACKUP1'
OOPS - UPDATE / SET ORDER_NUMBER = 'OOPS' WHERE SUPPLIER_NUMBER > 70000
DOIT - COMMIT
```

# Chapter 3 Single Table Processing with DB2Table

The DB2Table facility allows you to work with a list of columns for a Db2 table as a group or MEMLIST. You can create a column list, save it, recall it for reuse, sort it, print it, and perform other MEMLIST operations on it. Whenever you select a table for column processing, you have the option to save your column selections for later reuse in DB2Table.

From the main DB2Table panel or the column list, you can issue StarTool FDM commands to initiate browsing or editing sessions in PEDIT, print table contents, extract Db2 table contents to a sequential file, or load the contents of a sequential file to a Db2 table. These commands work with the Db2 table as filtered by your column selections.

This chapter discusses the following topics for DB2Table:

- Starting DB2Table
- Operations on Column Lists
- Operations on Db2 Tables

# **Starting DB2Table**

Before you start, you must know the table name, creator name, and Db2 subsystem ID of the table you wish to process using DB2Table. Wildcards are not accepted.

To start the DB2Table facility, select option **2** - **DB2Table** from the *Menu of DB2 Services*. Use the same menu option to start a new task in DB2Table or resume a pending task.

- If you are starting a new task in DB2Table, the status of the DB2Table facility is shown as **Inactive** or **Current** in the **Menu of DB2 Services**. When you select option
   **2 - DB2Table**, the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table** displays. Use this panel to:
  - Select a table for column processing
  - Save a column list to an ISPF file
  - Recall a saved column list for reuse
  - Edit a saved column list
  - Issue table processing commands
- If you a resuming a pending task in DB2Table, the status of the DB2Table facility is shown as Active or Pending in the Menu of DB2 Services. When you select option 2 DB2Table, the DB2Table facility returns you to the screen where you left off.

If you do not wish to continue working where you left off, press PF3 to end the pending task and "pop up" to the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table**.

# **Operations on Column Lists**

Table processing operations in both DB2Table and DB2List generally begin with an optional column selection step. This is followed by the invocation of a table operation such as Table Print, View, or Edit at the column list panel. Shortcuts are also provided to bypass column selection and go directly to the desired table operation.

DB2Table provides full StarTool FDM MEMLIST support for column list processing.

#### Selecting a Table for Column Processing

To select a table for column processing, navigate to the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table**.

```
----- DB2: Process a Single DB2 Table ------
COMMAND ===>
  Source for display ===> D(type-in, "D":"DB2" or "T":"TABLE")
 Subsystem name
                   ===> DB2A(Current Subsystem, or may change!)
                   ===> USER01(type-in, creator name or masked..)
  Creator name
  Table name
                   ===> PARTS(type-in, table name or masked....)
  Service
                   ===> (blank, EDIT, VIEW, PRINT, EXTRACT
                          SELC
  Read all rows?
                  ===> NO(type-in, YES or NO. for all/limit)
                         (if NO, please provide # of limit.)
  Limit - Max# of.. ===> 10000(type-in, limit number of Row/Cols)
Saved ISPF table of Columns of a single DB2 table.
  Request save name ===> (1 to 6 character name)
  Source library ===>(Profile, Group, Sample, or Other)
Other DSNAME ===>
 Other DSNAME
Notes:
 When Service is blank the service can be selected later.
  Enter the data set name in standard TSO syntax.
```

#### Data Source

The following field values for the data source are required in the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table** when selecting a table for column processing:

- Source for display ==> D
- Subsystem name ==> somSubs
- Creator name==> userid
- Table name==> somName

The value D in **Source for display** indicates that the data source for DB2Table should be a Db2 subsystem rather than an ISPF file containing a previously saved column list for a table.

Substitute the desired Db2 subsystem name for the variable *somSubs* in **Subsystem name**. The Db2 subsystem name for an active table in DB2Table may differ from that for an active table list in DB2List, even if you are switching between the two concurrently.

A value is required in both the **Creator name** and **Table name** fields. Wildcards are not accepted for these values in DB2Table.

All **Saved ISPF Table** fields should be blank. (These fields are used only when recalling a saved column list.)

#### Service Request

Leave the **Service** field blank to select the named table for column processing. A specific processing task can be requested later, after column selection.

#### Column and Row Filtering

You can optionally select the columns and rows available for table viewing, editing, printing, or extraction operations that are initiated from DB2Table. When column filtering is turned on, the **DB2 Column List** panel displays before the main service panel.



**NOTE** When the **Service** field is blank, column filtering is automatically turned on.

To enable column and row filtering, use the following fields:

- Read all rows?===> N0(Causes the column selection panel to display and limits the number of rows to the stated value. Default. A value of N0 is required when Service field is blank.) YES(All columns and rows are retrieved. This value is ignored when the Service field is blank.)
- Limit Max # ===>10000 (Enter a maximum value. Default is 10,000 rows.)

#### Displaying the Column List

When you press Enter for the above values at the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table**, the table is selected and the standard **DB2 Column List** panel displays. This panel lists all columns defined for the table and provides Db2 information about each column.

The **DB2 Column List** panel is one of four left-to-right scrolling panels that contain information about columns in the selected table. Press PF10 to scroll right through these panels. Press PF11 to scroll left through these panels and return to the main **DB2 Column List** panel.

To select a column for table processing, type the S (Select) line command in the **OPT** column. To deselect a previously selected column, type the D (Deselect) line command in the **OPT** column. Perform any desired column selections, then issue a table processing command at the **Command** ===> prompt.

See Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns", for more information on column operations.

## Saving a Column List to an ISPF File

The Db2 Option lets you save a list of selected and filtered columns to an ISPF file for later reuse with DB2Table. Saving a column list is discussed in detail in Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns". The steps are summarized here for quick reference:

- 1 Select a table for column processing. (See "Selecting a Table for Column Processing" above. You can also select a table from a table list in DB2List.)
- 2 When the **DB2 Column List** panel displays, you can select, deselect, or filter columns as desired. (See "Column Operations on Tables and Table Operations from the Column List" in Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns".)
- 3 Enter the ISPF Save command at the Command ===> prompt of the DB2 Column List panel, then provide a data set name and library for the saved ISPF file when prompted. (See "Saving a Column List as an ISPF File" in Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns".)

# **Recalling a Saved Column List for Reuse**

You can recall a saved column list for reuse in a table operation without recreating it. The recalled column list is used to generate a SQL SELECT command automatically when you work with a named table. You can use the column list immediately in a table processing operation, bypassing column selection, or you can filter its contents further.

#### To recall a saved column list for immediate use:

1 Navigate to the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table** and type the Db2 subsystem name, creator name, and table name for the Db2 table you want to process using the recalled column list. Also enter a table processing command in the **Service** field. For example:

```
----- DB2: Process a Single DB2 Table -----
COMMAND ===>
 Source for display ===> D(type-in, "D":"DB2" or "T":"TABLE")
 Subsystem name
                   ===> DB2A(Current Subsystem, or may change!)
 Creator name
                    ===> USER01(type-in, creator name or masked..)
 Table name
                    ===> PARTS(type-in, table name or masked....)
 Service
                    ===> EDIT(blank, EDIT, VIEW, PRINT, EXTRACT
                                                 SELC
                                                                          )
 Read all rows? ===> YES(type-in, YES or NO. for all/limit)
                        (if NO, please provide # of limit.)
  Limit - Max# of.. ===> 10000(type-in, limit number of Row/Cols)
Saved ISPF table of Columns of a single DB2 table.
  Request save name ===> MyPart(1 to 6 character name)
  Source library
                    ===> PROFILE(Profile, Group, Sample, or Other)
 Other DSNAME
                    ===>
Notes:
 When Service is blank the service can be selected later.
  Enter the data set name in standard TSO syntax.
```

The following field values are also required:

- Source for display ===>D(D=DB2 table)
- Service===>somCmd(Table processing command name, such as EDIT.)

- Read all rows?===>YES(Indicates all columns in the recalled column list should be used. The DB2 Column List panel will be skipped.)
- Request save name ===> somNam(Name of saved ISPF column list file, 1 to 6 characters)
- Source library ===>PROFILE(Use Profile DDNAME for column list.) GROUP(Use Group DDNAME for column list.) SAMPLE(Use Sample DDNAME for column list; points to your ISPTLIB concatenation) OTHER(Supply full DSN for column list in Other DSNAME field)



**TIP** Use the PROFMAN function to determine which Db2 column lists are saved in your Profile data set. The StarTool FDM Db2 Option always appends #4 or #6 as a prefix to the 1-to-6 character member name you specified when saving the list.

**2** Press Enter. The Db2 Option immediately applies the column selection in the recalled ISPF file to the named Db2 table and takes you to the table processing service requested (for example, the PEDIT editor). Only the preselected columns in the recalled column list are available for table processing.

#### To recall a saved column list and filter it before use:

- **1** Navigate to the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table** and type the requested information as described above. The following field values are required:
- Source for display ===>D(D=DB2 table)
- Read all rows?===>N0(Turns on row and column filtering. The DB2 Column List panel will display.)
- Request save name ===> somNam(Name of saved ISPF column list file, 1 to 6 characters)
- Source library ===>PROFILE(Use default Profile DDNAME) GROUP(Use default Group DDNAME) SAMPLE(Use default Sample DDNAME; usually points to your ISPTLIB concatenation) OTHER(Supply DSN in Other DSNAME field)



**TIP** Use the PROFMAN function to determine which Db2 column lists are saved in your Profile data set. The StarTool FDM Db2 Option always appends #4 or #6 as a prefix to the 1-to-6 character member name you specified when saving the list.

- 2 Press Enter. The standard **DB2 Column List** panel displays the saved column list with all columns preselected.
- **3** Deselect any undesired columns from the saved column list by typing D (Deselect) in the **OPT** column of the **DB2 Column List** panel.
- 4 Issue a table processing command at the Command ===> prompt of the DB2 Column List panel and press Enter. The requested table operation executes using your filtered column selection.

# **Editing a Saved Column List**

To edit a previously saved column list with DB2Table:

- **1** Navigate to the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table** and type the requested information as described above. The following field values are required:
- Source for display ===>T(T=Table of selected columns)
- Read all rows?===>N0(Turns on row and column filtering. The DB2 Column List panel will display.)
- Request save name ===> somNam(Name of saved ISPF column list file to edit, 1 to 6 characters)
- Source library ===>PROFILE(Use default Profile DDNAME) GROUP(Use default Group DDNAME) SAMPLE(Use default Sample DDNAME; usually points to your ISPTLIB concatenation) OTHER(Supply DSN in Other DSNAME field)



**TIP** Use the PROFMAN function to determine which Db2 column lists are saved in your Profile data set. The StarTool FDM Db2 Optionalways appends #4 or #6 as a prefix to the 1-to-6 character member name you specified when saving the list.

- 2 Press Enter. The standard **DB2 Column List** panel displays the saved column list with all columns preselected.
- **3** Deselect any undesired columns from the saved column list by typing D (Deselect) in the **OPT** column of the **DB2 Column List** panel.
- 4 Enter the ISPF Save command at the **Command ===>** prompt of the **DB2 Column List** panel, then provide a data set name and library for the saved ISPF file when prompted.

# **Operations on Db2 Tables**

Table operations are invoked in DB2Table either by entering a **Service** field command in the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table**, or by leaving the **Service** field blank and issuing a table processing command at a later column processing panel.

For all table operations requested through DB2Table:

- Press PF6 at the confirmation screen or DB2 Select Statement Validation screen to confirm a table processing request that changes Db2 data.
- Press PF3 to exit a table operation.

To perform a Db2 table operation against a named table in DB2Table:

**1** Navigate to the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table**.

```
----- DB2: Process a Single DB2 Table -----
COMMAND ===>
 Source for display ===> D(type-in, "D":"DB2" or "T":"TABLE")
 Subsystem name
                   ===> DB2A(Current Subsystem, or may change!)
                   ===> USER01(type-in, creator name or masked..)
 Creator name
 Table name
                   ===> PARTS(type-in, table name or masked....)
 Service
                   ===> EDIT(blank, EDIT, VIEW, PRINT, EXTRACT
                                                 SELC
                                                                          )
  Read all rows?
                  ===> NO(type-in, YES or NO. for all/limit)
                       (if NO, please provide # of limit.)
  Limit - Max# of.. ===> 10000(type-in, limit number of Row/Cols)
Saved ISPF table of Columns of a single DB2 table.
  Request save name ===> (1 to 6 character name)
                   ===> (Profile, Group, Sample, or Other)
  Source library
 Other DSNAME
                   ===>
Notes:
 When Service is blank the service can be selected later.
 Enter the data set name in standard TSO syntax.
```

- **2** Choose a data source and type the name and creator of the DB2 table to be processed. You can optionally recall a saved column list to preselect columns in this table.
- 3 Enter a table processing command in the **Service** field and press Enter.
- **4** The standard **DB2 Column List** panel displays. (The is the same panel that displays during table processing operations in DB2List. More information about this panel is available in Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns".)
- If row and column filtering is turned on, select the columns you want to process with the table processing operation using the S (Select) line command in the OPT column.
- If row and column filtering is turned off, or if you recalled a saved column list to use with the table but column filtering is not turned off, columns are preselected in the DB2 Column List panel. Deselect any columns you do not want to include in the table processing operation using the D (Deselect) line command in the OPT column.
- 5 Type the desired table processing command at the Command ===> prompt of the DB2 Column List panel and press Enter.

# **Table Processing Commands**

The following table processing commands are supported in the **Service** field of the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table**.

Command	Alias	Description
Edit	edit	Edits a table in PEDIT. If column filtering is turned on, you will be prompted to select the columns to view. (See the <i>StarTool FDM User's Guide</i> for more information on PEDIT.)
Extract	ex, extr	Extracts the contents of a Db2 table to a sequential file and generates JCL for loading data to another Db2 table. (See "Extracting Columns from a Table to a Sequential File" in Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns".)
Selective Copy	selc	Selectively copies columns from one table to another table. (See "Copying Columns from One Table to Another" in Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns".)
Table Print	pr, prin, tprt	Prints table contents. If column filtering is turned on, you will be prompted to select the columns to print.
View	view	Displays a table for viewing in PEDIT. If column filtering is turned on, you will be prompted to select the columns to view. (See the <i>StarTool FDM User's Guide</i> for more information on PVIEW.)

In addition, the following table operations may be requested for DB2Table at the **Command ===>** prompt of the **DB2 Column List** panel.

Command	Alias	Description
Load	load	Load a table from a prevously extracted file using the DSNUTILB utility. (See "Loading Data from a Sequential File to a Db2 Table" in Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns".)
Utility	ut	Applies a function from the utility menu to a table. The only table operation supported for DB2Table by the Utility menu is LOAD. The utility menu also lets you submit an enhancement request or trouble report to Micro Focus directly from the software.

# Chapter 4

# **Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns**

The StarTool FDM Db2 Option supports operations on table rows, column lists, and actual columns in tables. Multiple access paths are provided to this shared functionality for ease of use. These functions are documented here, in one place, for ease of reference.

- Row operations are accessed from option 1 DB2List or option 5 Table Services on the Menu of DB2 Services. (See Chapter 2, "Table List Processing with DB2List", and Chapter 8, "Table Services", for interface information about these options.)
- Column list operations are accessed from option 1 DB2List or option 2 -DB2Table on the Menu of DB2 Services. (See Chapter 2, "Table List Processing with DB2List", and Chapter 3, "Single Table Processing with DB2Table", for interface information about these options.)
- Column operations on tables are accessed from option 1 DB2List or option
   2 DB2Table on the Menu of DB2 Services. (See Chapter 2, "Table List Processing with DB2List", and Chapter 3, "Single Table Processing with DB2Table", for interface information about these options.)

# **Row Operations on Tables**

Row operations on tables and views are accessed from option **1** - **DB2List** or option **5** - **Table Services** on the **Menu of DB2 Services**. Use these facilities to perform the following tasks:

- Copy rows from one table to another
- Delete rows from a table or view

## **Copying Rows from One Table to Another**

The Copy command generates a SQL INSERT statement that copies all or selected rows from one table to another table. For selective copies, you must provide a SQL WHERE clause when prompted; otherwise, all rows in the source table are copied to the target. All columns in the source table are copied for each row.

The copy operation has the following requirements:

- Columns and datatypes in the source table must match those in the target table.
- The selection order of columns in the source table rows must match the physical column order in the target table.
- Required values for the target table must be supplied by the copied rows.

The Copy command can be accessed from option **1 - DB2List** or option **5 - Table Services** on the **Menu of DB2 Services**.

#### To invoke the Copy command from DB2List:

- 1 Select option 1 DB2List from the Menu of DB2 Services.
- 2 Create, recall, or resume working with the appropriate **DB2 Table List**.

(See the topics on "Creating a New Table List" or "Recalling a Saved Table List" in Chapter 2, "Table List Processing with DB2List", or the topic on "Task Switching" in Chapter 1, "Db2 Option Overview", for details concerning this step.)

- **3** In the **DB2 Table List** panel, issue the Copy line command alias at each table containing rows you want to copy.
- **4** Press Enter. The panel **Copy Rows from a Table** displays for the first table selected in the table list.

```
----- DB2 Copy Row(s) From a Table -----
COMMAND ===>
Copy from table in subsystem DB2A5 using USER01.PARTS
in Data Base DB2ADB04 in Table Space PARTS
Enter To Creator ===> USER01
Enter To table name ===> PARTS2
WHERE (enter optional "WHERE" clause on the next 2 lines):
===> PART_NUMBER LIKE 'VND%'
```

**5** For the "To" table, enter the requested information.

If you want to copy rows selectively, also type your selection criteria for the SQL WHERE clause in the panel. The Db2 Option will include your WHERE clause in the generated SQL statement it submits to Db2.



**NOTE** Do not type the WHERE keyword. This keyword is generated automatically.

- **6** The "From" table is specified automatically by the Count line command.
- **7** Press Enter to display the **Copy Confirmation** panel. If desired, edit the generated SQL statement on the confirmation panel.
- 8 Press PF6 to confirm your changes and commit the copy operation.
- **9** Press PF3 to repeat these steps for each selected table. After all tables have been processed, PF3 returns you to the original **DB2 Table List** panel.

#### To invoke the Copy command from Table Services:

- 1 Select option **5 Table Services** from the **Menu of DB2 Services**.
- 2 Select option 3, Copy all or selected rows, from the DB2 Table Services menu.

3 Press Enter. The panel Copy All or Selected Rows displays.

```
COMMAND ===>

Subsystem name ===> DB2A

To Creator ===> USER01

To table name ===> PARTS2

From Creator ===> USER01

From table name ===> PARTS

Enter an optional WHERE clause on the next 2 lines

===> PART_NUMBER LIKE 'VND%'
```

**4** For both the "To" and "From" tables, enter the requested information.

If you want to copy rows selectively, also type your selection criteria for the SQL WHERE clause in the panel. The Db2 Option will include your WHERE clause in the generated SQL statement it submits to DB2.



**NOTE** Do not type the WHERE keyword. This keyword is generated automatically.

- 5 Press Enter to display the Copy Confirmation panel. If desired, edit the generated SQL statement on the confirmation panel.
- **6** Press PF6 to confirm your changes and commit the copy operation.

#### **Deleting Rows from a Table or View**

The Delete command issues a SQL request to delete all or selected rows from a table or view. For selective row deletions, you must provide a SQL WHERE clause when prompted; otherwise, all rows in the table or view are deleted.

To invoke the Delete command:

- 1 Select option 5 Table Services from the Menu of DB2 Services.
- 2 From the DB2 Table Services menu, select option 8, Delete rows from a table or view.
- **3** The panel Delete Row(s) from a Table or View displays.

```
      OPTION
      ===>

      Subsystem name
      ===>
      DB2A

      Creator name
      ===>
      USER01

      Table or view name
      ===>
      PARTS

      Where (search condition to be met for delete)
      ===>
      PART_NUMBER LIKE 'VND%'

      Correlation name
      ===>
      1
      RR
      2
      RS
      3
      CS
```

Type the requested table information. If you want to delete rows selectively, also type your selection criteria for the SQL WHERE clause in the panel. The Db2 Option will include your WHERE clause in the generated SQL statement it submits to Db2.

**NOTE** Do not type the WHERE keyword. This keyword is generated automatically.

The **Correlation name** and **With** fields are optional.



**NOTE** Refer to IBM's *SQL Reference* for your release of Db2 for the definition and parameters for each of these options.

- **4** Press Enter to display the confirmation panel. If desired, edit the generated SQL statement on the confirmation panel.
- **5** Press PF6 to confirm your changes and commit the delete operation.

# **Column List Operations**

Column list operations and table processing operations on columns are both invoked from the standard **DB2 Column List** panels. These panels display the active column list for a table that was previously selected with option **1** - **DB2List** or option **2** - **DB2Table** on the **Menu of DB2 Services**.

The column list is displayed and all column list processing operations are enabled only if the following conditions are met:

- The table selection utility DB2List or DB2Table is in **Inactive** status when it is chosen from the **Menu of DB2 Services**.
- Column-and-row filtering is turned on in DB2List or DB2Table. To turn on column and row filtering, enter N0 in the **Read all rows/columns?** or **Read all rows?** field in the main panel for the table selection utility before pressing Enter.

Column list operations apply only to the column list, which is a MEMLIST, and not to the actual Db2 table containing the columns. However, column lists are also used to predefine a combination of column selections, row filtering options, and column sort settings in reusable form. The Db2 Option uses the column list as input when it generates the SQL statements that create a view for actual table processing operations.

The Db2 Option supports the following column list operations and column list settings for table processing:

- Browse columns in a column list
- Display consolidated column information
- Print column information from the screen
- Select columns for table processing
- Change column selection order
- Deselect columns for table processing
- Bypass column selection

- Filter rows by column data during table processing
- Sort column data during table processing
- Sort columns in a column list
- Save a column list as an ISPF file
- Recall a saved column list for reuse

#### **Browsing Columns in a Column List**

The **DB2 Column List** panel series displays information about the columns associated with a single Db2 table, view, or alias. The Db2 subsystem ID and table name both appear in the panel title. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                                Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===>
                                                               SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate ---
      PART_NUMBER
                               1 K
                        . . .
      PART_NAME
                               2
                         . . .
      SUPPLIER NUMBER
                               3
                                  R
                        . . .
      NUM IN STOCK
                               4
                         . . .
     ORDER NUMBER
                               5
                         . . .
                        ****** Bottom
     * * * * * * * * * * * * *
                                          of
                                              data ****
```

The main DB2 Column List panel displays or allows entry of the following information:

Data entry field for column processing options. Length 4 characters. Name of column to use in SQL statements.
Name of column to use in SQL statements.
Selection order of the column for viewing, editing, or output. Need not match the column number in the source table.
Column number in the source table prior to selection or reordering.
Display status of the column. Values: H = Hidden column. Used for selection but not displayed in output. K = Key. R = Required value for new or modified rows in PEDIT. S = Shown as column in the output table.
Sort order for column data in the output table. Values: <b>A</b> = Ascending <b>D</b> = Descending
Selection criteria for a generated SQL WHERE clause that will filter the contents of the output table.



**NOTE** Do not type the WHERE keyword in the **Predicate** field. This keyword is generated automatically.

#### Left-to-Right Scrolling in the Column List

The **DB2 Column List** panel is one of four left-to-right scrolling panels that contain column list information. Press PF10 to scroll right through the following panels. Press PF11 to scroll left through these panels and return to the main **DB2 Column List** panel.

Panel **DB2 Column List #2** displays data type and value information for each column.

```
----- DB2 Column List #2 DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                          Row 1 to 5 of 5
                                                         SCROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND ===>
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand: 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, TRINT, EXTRAC
OPT Column Name Sel ---- Type ----- Nul Def A/D --- Predicate --
     PART_NUMBER
                      ... INTEGER
                                         N
                                              N
     PART NAME
                      ... VARCHAR (16)
                                          Y
                                              Y
                      ... SMALLINT
                                              Ν
     SUPPLIER NUMBER
                                          Ν
     NUM_IN_STOCK
                      ... SMALLINT
                                          Y
                                             Y
     ORDER NUMBER
                       ... SMALLINT
                                           Y
                                             Y
                    ********* Bottom of data *****
```

The following data type information is specified:

Туре	Db2 data type, with maximum length in parenthesis if not default.
Nul	<ul> <li>Null value allowed in column data. Values:</li> <li>Y = Yes, null value permitted in column.</li> <li>N = No, null value prohibited in column.</li> </ul>
Def	Default value defined for column data. Values: <b>Y</b> = Yes, default defined. <b>N</b> = No default defined. Value must be entered in required column.

Panel **DB2 Column List #3** displays the Db2 **Label** associated with each column.

```
----- DB2 Column List #3 DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                           Row 1 to 5 of 5
                                                          SCROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND ===>
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand: 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, TPRINT,
    EXTRAC
OPT Column Name
                       Col Key Nul Dis Label
     PART NUMBER
                       1
                            1 N
                                   Κ
     PART NAME
                         2 0 Y
     SUPPLIER NUMBER
                         3
                            0 N
                                   R
     NUM IN STOCK
                         4
                            0 Y
     ORDER NUMBER
                         5
                            0 Y
                       ******** Bottom of data ******
```

Panel DB2 Column List #4 displays the Db2 Remark associated with each column.

#### Columns for Special Data Types

**Protected columns** such as the Db2 row ID are listed in the **DB2 Column List** panels and may be selected for viewing in PEDIT. However, they cannot be edited.

**DB2 Large Object data types** cannot be processed by the StarTool FDM Db2 Option. These data types include:

- Binary Large Objects (BLOBs)
- Character Large Object Columns (CLOBs)
- Double-Byte Character Large Object Columns (DBCLOBs)

Columns for these data types are not listed in the DB2 Column List panels.

#### **Displaying Consolidated Column Information**

To display all column information in one consolidated panel, type the Dis (Display) or Info (Information) command in the **OPT** column next to the name of the column you wish to view.

Press Enter. The **DB2 Column Information Display** panel displays all column information.

```
----- DB2 Column Information Display
COMMAND ===>
Subsystem name:
                  DB2A
Creator name:
                  USER01
Table name:
                  PARTS
 Column name:
                  PART NUMBER
 Column number:
                  1
 Data type:
                  INTEGER
 Nullable:
                  NO
 Default:
                  NO
 Select order:
                  . . .
                           (K=key, S=show, H=hide, R=required by EDIT)
 Display status: K
 Sort order:
 Predicate:
 Label:
 Remark:
```

Press PF3 to exit and return to the prior panel.

# Sorting a Column List

The Sort subcommand sorts columns in the active column list by column name, column number, or selection order. To sort the column list, enter the Sort command at the **COMMAND ===>** prompt of any **DB2 Column List** panel. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                              Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===> SORT NUMBER DESCEND
                                                             SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : O or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name
                     Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate ------
     PART NUMBER
                        . . .
                             1 K
     PART_NAME
                              2
                        . . .
     SUPPLIER_NUMBER
                              3
                                 R
                        . . .
     NUM_IN_STOCK
                        . . .
                              Δ
     ORDER NUMBER
                              5
                        . . .
                        ******* Bottom of data ***
```

The example command in the panel above would sort the shown column list as follows:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                              Row 1 to 5 of 5
 COMMAND ===>
                                                            SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name
                       Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate -----
     ORDER_NUMBER
                              5
                        . . .
     NUM IN STOCK
                              4
                        . . .
     SUPPLIER_NUMBER
                              3
                                 R
                        . . .
     PART NAME
                              2
                        . . .
     PART NUMBER
                              1
                                K
                        . . .
                                Bottom of data **
```

The Sort command has the following syntax when used with a column list:

#### SORT NAME | NUMBER | COLUMN | SELECT | ORDER [ASCEND | DESCEND]

The first parameter designates the panel field by which table list entries should be sorted. It is a required parameter and takes one of the following keyword values:

- NAME = Column name
- NUMBER = Column number (same as COLUMN)
- COLUMN = Column number (same as NUMBER)
- SELECT = Selection order (same as ORDER)
- ORDER = Selection order (same as SELECT)

The second parameter selects ascending or descending sort order. It is an optional parameter and takes the following keyword values:

- ASCEND = Ascending order (default)
- DESCEND = Descending order

If the second parameter is omitted, its value defaults to ASCEND.

# **Printing a Column List**

The ISPF Print command prints a hard copy of any column list panel. This is particularly useful with consolidated column information panels or with specially sorted column lists.

To print a column list panel, type Print at the **Command ===>** prompt and press Enter. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                             Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===> PRINT
                                                            SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate ----
     PART_NUMBER
                       ... 1 K
     PART_NAME
                             2
                        . . .
     SUPPLIER_NUMBER
                             3 R
                        . . .
     NUM IN STOCK
                             4
                        . . .
     ORDER NUMBER
                             5
                        . . .
                       ******* Bottom
                                            data ****
                                       of
```

All panel contents are printed. However, only the columns shown in the panel are printed. These may not include all columns in the column list.



**NOTE** The MEMLIST print command aliases Pri and Prin are not enabled for printing the entire contents of a multi-panel column list.

## **Selecting Columns for Table Processing**

Column selection settings in the column list determine which columns are selected for processing in the actual Db2 table. Column selection settings are saved in the column list so you can edit them before initiating a table processing operation such as Edit or SELC.

The Db2 Option gives you several ways to select columns for table processing:

- Select all columns at once
- Select one or more columns individually

After you select the desired columns and perform any edits on the column list, enter a table processing command at the **COMMAND** ===> prompt of the **DB2 Column List** panel. Only the selected columns will be included in the requested table processing operation.

#### Selecting All Columns

To select all columns in a column list for table processing, perform the following steps:

1 Type Select at the **COMMAND** ===> prompt of the **DB2 Column List** panel. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                           Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===> SELECT
                                                          SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate ------
     PART NUMBER
                       ... 1 K
     PART NAME
                             2
                       . . .
     SUPPLIER NUMBER
                            3 R
                       . . .
     NUM_IN_STOCK
                            4
                       . . .
     ORDER NUMBER
                             5
                      ******* Bottom of data ***
```

2 Press Enter.Columns selected for table processing show an S in the Dis column of the DB2 Column List panel. The Sel column shows the selection order in which the columns will be displayed during table processing. The column list is resorted by selection number.

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                          Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===>
                                                          SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following:
    VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, TPRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate ------
     PART NUMBER
                       1
                           1 S
     PART NAME
                        2 2 S
     SUPPLIER NUMBER
                       3 3 S
     NUM IN STOCK
                         4 4 S
     ORDER NUMBER
                         5
                            5 S
                     ********** Bottom of data ****
```

3 Enter a table processing command at the COMMAND ===> prompt of the DB2 Column List panel. All columns will be included for table processing in the default selection order.

#### Selecting One or More Columns Individually

To select columns individually for table processing, perform the following steps:

**1** Type an S in the **OPT** column beside each column that you want to include in the table processing view.

For example:

```
---- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                              Row 1 to 5 of 5
                                                            SCROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND ===>
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name
                     Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate -----
     PART NUMBER
S
                             1 K
                       . . .
S
     PART NAME
                              2
                        . . .
     SUPPLIER NUMBER
                             3 R
                        . . .
 S
     NUM IN STOCK
                             4
                        . . .
     ORDER NUMBER
                             5
                        . . .
                      ********* Bottom of data ******
```

2 Press Enter. Columns selected for table processing show an S in the **Dis** column of the **DB2 Column List** panel. The **Sel** column shows the selection order in which the columns will be displayed during table processing.

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                    Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===>
                                                   SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : O or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following:
   VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, TPRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate -----
    PART_NUMBER
                    1 1 S
                     2 2 S
    PART_NAME
    NUM IN STOCK
                     3 4 S
    SUPPLIER NUMBER
                         3
                    . . .
    ORDER NUMBER
                        5
                    . . .
```

Notice that the column list is resorted so that all selected columns appear before unselected columns. Within selected columns, however, the relative selection order of columns is unchanged from the default.

3 Enter a table processing command at the COMMAND ===> prompt of the DB2 Column List panel. The selected columns will be included for table processing in their default selection order. Unselected columns will be omitted from table processing.

## **Changing Column Selection Order**

You can change the selection order of columns in the **DB2 Column List**. Selection order is the order in which columns are displayed, printed, copied, or extracted in operations on Db2 tables. To change column selection order, perform the following steps:

**1** Type S*n* in the **OPT** field beside the column name of each column you want to select, where *n* is an integer that represents the desired order for the selected column.

For example, let's say you want to view the PART\_NAME, SUPPLIER\_NUMBER, and ORDER\_NUMBER columns from the PARTS file using PEDIT. Moreover, you want to display those columns so that SUPPLIER\_NUMBER appears first, ORDER\_NUMBER appears second, and PART\_NAME appears third when viewed from left to right in the

editor screen. To enter these settings in the column list, you would type S1 at SUPPLIER\_NUMBER, S2 at ORDER\_NUMBER, and S3 at PART\_NAME, as follows:

---- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS Row 1 to 5 of 5 COMMAND ===> SCROLL ===> PAGE Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line: When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC OPT Column Name Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate -----PART NUMBER . . . 1 K PART NAME S3 2 . . . S1 SUPPLIER NUMBER 3 R . . . NUM IN STOCK 4 . . . S2 ORDER NUMBER 5 . . . \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Bottom of data \*\*\*

2 Press Enter. Columns selected for table processing show an S in the **Dis** column of the **DB2 Column List** panel. The **Sel** column shows the new selection order that will apply to the columns during table processing, overriding the defaults. The column list is resorted in the new column selection order.

DB2 Column List [	B2A USER01.PARTS	Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===>		SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a Star	ool subcommand : O or ? for	help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of	the following:	
VIEW,EDIT,PRINT,TPRINT,EXT	RACT, SELC	
OPT Column Name Sel Col	Dis A/D Predicate	
SUPPLIER_NUMBER 1	S	
ORDER_NUMBER 2	S	
PART_NAME 3	S	
PART_NUMBER	. К	
NUM_IN_STOCK	4	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* Bottom of data *********	******

3 Enter a table processing command at the COMMAND ===> prompt of the DB2 Column List panel. The selected columns will be included for table processing in their new selection order. Unselected columns will be omitted from table processing.

#### **Deselecting Columns for Table Processing**

Current column selection settings are shown in the column list so you can edit or deselect them before initiating a table processing operation such as Edit or SELC. The Db2 Option gives you two ways to deselect columns:

- Deselect all columns at once
- Deselect one or more columns individually

#### **Deselecting All Columns**

To deselect all columns, type Deselect at the **COMMAND** ===> prompt of the **DB2 Column List** panel and press Enter.

#### **Deselecting Specific Columns**

To deselect one or more previously selected columns, type a D in the **OPT** field beside each column you want to deselect in the **DB2 Column List** panel and press Enter.

# **Bypassing Column Selection**

You can bypass the column selection panels when you reuse a column list as-is for table processing in DB2Table, or when you instruct the table selection utility — either DB2List or DB2Table — to turn off row and column filtering.

To reuse a column list as-is with DB2Table, see:

- "Recalling a Saved Column List for Reuse" in this chapter
- "Recalling a Saved Column List for Reuse" in Chapter 3, "Single Table Processing with DB2Table"

To turn off row and column filtering in DB2List or DB2Table, see:

- "Column and Row Filtering" in Chapter 2, "Table List Processing with DB2List"
- "Column and Row Filtering" in Chapter 3, "Single Table Processing with DB2Table"

# Filtering Rows by Column Data During Table Processing

The main **DB2 Column List** panel lets you specify row filtering criteria based on column data. These criteria are used during subsequent table processing; only those rows whose column values match your filtering criteria will be included in table processing operations. For example, you could specify that only those rows in the PARTS table that have a SUPPLIER\_NUMBER of 11111 should be included in an Extract operation on a table.

Filtering criteria may be viewed or edited in the column list prior to initiating an actual table processing operation such as Edit or Extract. Multiple columns may be filtered.

To specify row filtering criteria on one or more columns in a table, perform the following steps:

- **1** Select the desired table in DB2List or DB2Table with row-and-column filtering turned on.
- 2 When the main **DB2 Column List** panel displays, select the columns you wish to filter by typing S in the **OPT** field and pressing Enter. (Skip this step if the desired columns are already selected.)
- **3** In the **Predicate** field for each column whose data you wish to filter, type your filtering criteria using the SQL conditional expression syntax for a WHERE clause. Only the condition is required in the predicate; the WHERE keyword and the column name are generated automatically by the Db2 Option. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                           Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===>
                                                           SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following:
    VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, TPRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name
                     Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate -----
     PART_NUMBER
                            1 K
                       . . .
                         3
     PART NAME
                             2 S
                            3 S
                        1
     SUPPLIER NUMBER
                                           =11111
     NUM IN STOCK
                             4
                       . . .
                             5 S
     ORDER NUMBER
                        2
                      ******** Bottom of data *******
```

If multiple columns have filtering specifications in the **Predicate** fields, predicates are combined using logical AND by default. You must edit the generated SQL WHERE clause in the **DB2 Select Statement Validation** panel to change the logical relation among predicates to OR.



**NOTE** See IBM's *SQL Reference* manual for your version of Db2 for more information about Db2 SQL conditional expression syntax.

- **4** Press Enter. The Db2 Option saves your filtering criteria in the column list for later use when generating the SQL statements that build the table processing view.
- 5 Enter a table processing command at the COMMAND ===> prompt of the DB2 Column List panel. Rows will be included for table processing based on your filtering criteria.

# Sorting Column Data During Table Processing

Use the main **DB2 Column List** panel to specify whether columns should be sorted during table processing. Sorting specifications are entered in the **A/D** field for each column you want to sort. You can view and edit your sorting specifications in the column list before you initiate a table processing operation such as Edit or TPRINT.

One or more columns may be specified for sorting during table processing. See:

- Sorting a Single Column
- Sorting Columns Within Columns

#### Sorting a Single Column

To sort an individual column during table processing, perform the following steps:

1 Type an A (for Ascending order) or D (for Descending order) in the **A/D** field of the column you want the Db2 Option to sort during a table processing operation. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                   Row 1 to 5 of 5
                                                  SCROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND ===>
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, TPRINT,
   EXTRAC
                   Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate ------
OPT Column Name
    PART NUMBER
                     1
                        1
                           S
    PART NAME
                     2 2 S
    SUPPLIER_NUMBER
                       3 3 S A
                     4
                        4 S
    NUM IN STOCK
    ORDER NUMBER
                     5 5 S
```

**2** Press Enter. The Db2 Option saves your sort specification in the column list. You can edit your sort specifications or combine them with other filtering and selection options before initiating table processing.

3 Enter a table processing command at the COMMAND ===> prompt of the DB2 Column List panel. Rows will be sorted during table processing according to your specifications.

#### Sorting Columns Within Columns

When you select multiple columns for sorting, the Db2 Option uses column selection order to determine sorting precedence. Column selection order is shown in the **Sel** field of the **DB2 Column List** panel. The first of the sortable columns in the selection order is the major or outermost column in the sort. The second sortable column in the selection order is sorted within the first sortable column, the third within the second, and so on. You may need to edit the column list to modify the selection order when you specify multiple columns for sorting during table processing.

To specify the sort order for multiple columns, perform the following steps:

1 In the **A/D** field of the **DB2 Column List** panel, type an A (for Ascending order) or D (for Descending order) beside each column you want the Db2 Option to sort.

For example, to sort the PARTS table in ascending order by PART\_NUMBER and SUPPLIER\_NUMBER, type the following:

DB2 Column	List	DB2	2A	USE	R01.PARTS	Row 1 to 5 of 5 SCROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND ===>						
Enter an ISPF command or	a Sta	arTo	01	subc	command : O o	r ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter	one	of t	the	fol	lowing: VIEW	, EDIT, PRINT, TPRINT,
EXTRAC						
OPT Column Name	Sel	Col	Dis	s A/	<b>'D</b> Predic	ate
PART_NUMBER	1	1	S	А		
PART_NAME	2	2	S			
SUPPLIER_NUMBER		3	3	S	Α	
NUM_IN_STOCK	4	4	S			
ORDER_NUMBER	5	5	S			
********	* * * * *	* * *	Bot	ttom	of data ***	**********

2 Specify the column selection order for sorting precedence. To do this, type Sn in the **OPT** field beside the column name, where n is an integer that represents the desired selection order for the column.

For example, to sort the PARTS table by PART\_NUMBER within SUPPLIER\_NUMBER, type S1 beside SUPPLIER\_NUMBER and S2 beside PART\_NUMBER, as follows:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                             Row 1 to 5 of 5
                                                            SCROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND ===>
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, TPRINT,
    EXTRAC
                        Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate -----
 OPT Column Name
     PART NUMBER
                         1
                             1 S
 S 2
                                    А
     PART NAME
                          2
                             2
                                S
 S1
     SUPPLIER NUMBER
                          3
                             3
                                S
                                    A
     NUM IN STOCK
                             4
                          4
                                S
     ORDER NUMBER
                          5
                              5
                                S
                             **
                                Bottom of data ******
```

**3** Press Enter. The Db2 Option saves your sort specification in the column list and reorders the column list according to your column selection order.

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                        Row 1 to 5 of 5
                                                       SCROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND ===>
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, TPRINT,
    EXTRAC
OPT Column Name
                     Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate -----
     SUPPLIER NUMBER
                       1
                           3 S
                                 А
                          1 S
     PART NUMBER
                       2
                                 А
                           2 S
     PART NAME
                       3
                          4 S
     NUM_IN_STOCK
                        4
     ORDER_NUMBER
                      5
                           5 S
                    ********** Bottom of data ******
     *******
```

- **4** Edit your sort specifications in the column list or combine them with other filtering and selection options as desired before initiating table processing.
- 5 Enter a table processing command at the COMMAND ===> prompt of the DB2 Column List panel. Rows will be sorted during table processing according to your specifications.

#### Saving a Column List as an ISPF File

An active column list can be saved as an ISPF file for later reuse with DB2Table. Any column selections, content filtering predicates, and column presentation order options are saved with the column list. You can save as many column lists as you like.

View the saved columns lists in your ISPF Profile library using the PROFMAN utility. Column lists are saved as PROFMAN entry type DT.

To save a column list as an ISPF file:

- 1 Use either DB2List or DB2Table to select the table whose column information you'd like to save. Be sure row and column filtering is turned on when you select the table that is, enter N0 in the **Read all rows?** or **Read all rows/columns?** field.
- 2 Edit the column list as desired.
- **3** From the **DB2 Column List** panel that shows the column list to be saved, enter the Save command at the **COMMAND** ===> prompt. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                               Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===> SAVE
                                              SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate ------
    SUPPLIER_NUMBER 1 3 R
    ORDER NUMBER
                   2 5 S
    PART NAME
                   3 2 S
    PART NUMBER
                   4 1 K
    NUM IN STOCK 5 4 S
```

4 Press Enter. The DB2 Save panel displays.

```
----- DB2 Save -----
COMMAND ===>
Specify the name for a saved version of this DB2 column table
    DB2 saved name ===> MYCOLS (1 to 6 character name)
    Replace existing entry ===> NO (Yes or NO)
   Description ===> My New Column List
Save to library ===> PROFILE (PROFILE, GROUP, OR OTHER)
Other partitioned data set:
   DATA SET NAME ===>
Notes: If this is saved in the profile, you can rename, delete or
        activate these saved DB2 tables with the PROFMAN dialog.
        DB2 columns tables use entry type DT in the PROFMAN dialog.
        If a statement is also being saved then entry type DS will
        also be created.
                      : ISPPROF
   Profile DDname
   Group DDname : ISPTLIB
```

At this panel, enter values for the following required fields:

- DB2 saved name ===> somNam(name of saved file, 1 to 6 characters)
- Replace existing entry ===>N0(do not overwrite any existing file *somNam*) YES(overwrite any existing file *somNam*)
- Save to library ===>PROFILE(use ISPF Profile DDNAME) GROUP(use ISPF Group DDNAME) OTHER(supply DSN in DATA SET NAME field)

The DDNAMEs currently associated with the PROFILE and GROUP keywords are shown at the bottom of the panel.



**TIP** You can change the default PROFILE and GROUP DDNAMEs at the **StarTool FDM Primary Options** menu by selecting option **0 - Parameters** and choosing the **SETALL** command. At the **Set Combined Defaults** panel, scroll down to the section labeled **Set Saved Table Options** to make your changes.

5 Press Enter at the **DB2 Save** panel to save the column list.

## **Recalling a Saved Column List for Reuse**

Column lists can be recalled for reuse with option **2 - DB2Table** on the **Menu of DB2 Services**. Recalled column lists can be reused immediately, without displaying the **DB2 Column List** panels. They can also be edited and saved again.

To recall a previously saved column list with DB2Table:

- 1 In DB2Table, enter the table name and other table-identifying information at the panel **Process a Single DB2 Table**. (See Chapter 3, "Single Table Processing with DB2Table", for panel details.)
- 2 Enter the following field values:
- Source for display ===>D(To reuse an existing column list as-is) T(To edit a column list before reuse)

 Read all rows?===>N0(Turns on row and column filtering. The DB2 Column List panel will display.)

YES(Turns off row and column filtering. The command in the **Service** field executes using the saved column list. The **DB2 Column List** panel will not display.

- Request save name ===> somNam(Name of saved ISPF column list file to edit, 1 to 6 characters)
- Source library ===>PROFILE(Use default Profile DDNAME) GROUP(Use default Group DDNAME) SAMPLE(Use default Sample DDNAME; usually points to your ISPTLIB concatenation) OTHER(Supply DSN in Other DSNAME field)



**TIP** Use the PROFMAN function to determine which Db2 column lists are saved in your Profile data set. The StarTool FDM Db2 Option always appends #4 or #6 as a prefix to the 1-to-6 character member name you specified when saving the list.

3 Press Enter.

# **Column Operations on Tables and Table Operations from the Column List**

Column operations on tables, as well as whole-table operations requested from the column list, are the same whether accessed from option **1** - **DB2List** or option **2** - **DB2Table** on the **Menu of DB2 Services**. Supported operations include the following tasks:

- Print selected columns in a table
- Copy selected columns from one table to another
- Extract data from a Db2 table to a sequential file
- Load data from a sequential file to a Db2 table

# **Printing Selected Columns in a Table**

The TPRT (Table Print) command selectively prints the contents of one or more columns in a table. To print the contents of a table, perform the following steps:

- 1 Choose a table selection facility with option 1 DB2List or option 2 DB2Table from the Menu of DB2 Services.
- **2** In the main panel of the table selection facility:
- Turn on row-and-column filtering if you want to print only selected columns or a subset of rows in the table. In the Read all rows? or Read all rows/columns? field, type NO.
- To print all columns and rows, turn off row-and-column filtering. In the Read all rows? or Read all rows/columns? field, type Yes.

- **3** Select the table to print with the TPRT command.
- In DB2List, enter your table selection criteria in the main panel and press Enter to view the resulting DB2 Table List. In the table list, type TPRT in the CMD field beside each table you want to print, then press Enter. For example:

```
----- DB2 Table list ----- Row 1 to 10 of 10
COMMAND ===>
                                               SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on CMD line:
CMD SUBS CREATOR TABLE NAME
                             DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -
    DB2A USER01 ORDER
                                               - 1
                                    Т
                                        61
tprt DB2A USER01 PARTS
                                    Т
                                         5
                                             1
                                                    - 1
tprt DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE
                                    Т
                                         4
                                             1
                                                    - 1
    DB2A USER01 SUPPLIER
                                    Т
                                         4
                                             1
                                                    - 1
```

- In DB2Table, enter the desired table name and identifying information in the main panel. Type the TPRT command in the Service ===> field of the panel, then press Enter.
- 4 When the **DB2 Column List** displays, perform any row-and-column filtering needed.
  - If row-and-column filtering is turned on, you can select the columns and filter the rows you want to print at the DB2 Column List panel.
  - If row-and-column filtering is turned off, all columns are preselected for printing.
- 5 At the **Command ===>** prompt of the **DB2 Column List**, type the TPRT command again and press Enter. The **DB2 Select Statement Validation** panel displays.

```
COMMAND ===>

When ready press PF6 to continue with PRINT

Audit option ===> N0 (Yes/No) to audit to a file (ignored for EXT or PRT)

SELECT PART_NUMBER, PART_NAME, SUPPLIER_NUMBER, NUM_IN_STOCK, ORDER_NUMBER

FROM USER01.PARTS Limit ===> 10000 (max rows to retrieve)

WHERE

===>

ORDER BY ===>

SUPPLIER_NUMBER ASC
```

Edit the generated SQL WHERE and ORDER BY clauses as desired. You can also change the maximum number of rows to print. The default is 10,000 rows.

**6** Press PF6 confirm your request.

7 When the **Print DB2** panel displays, enter the output file information. You can direct the print output to a dataset or to a JES print file.

```
----- PRINT DB2 ------
COMMAND ===>
Specify output destination:
   Output data set ===> PDSLOG.DATA
Data set DISP ===> 0 (0 is Old; N is New; M is MOD; S is SHR)
   Userid for stats ===>
                                   (blank for no stats)
   Wide output ===> YES (yes or no) for more than 80 characters
   SYSOUT Class
                    ===> A
   SYSOUT Form
                    ===>
   SYSOUT Dest
                    ===>
   SYSOUT Copies
                    ===> 1
   SYSOUT Chars
                    ===>
   SYSOUT FCB
                    ===>
   SYSOUT Flash
                    ===>
   SYSOUT WTR
                    ===>
   SYSOUT Pagedef ===>
                                   (for MVS/ESA systems only)
   SYSOUT Formdef ===>
                                   (for MVS/ESA systems only)
                   ===>
   SYSOUT Prmode
                                   (for MVS/ESA systems only)
Note: a SYSOUT class will take precedence over an output data set name.
```

Enter the following field values:

•	Output data set===>	dataset.mbr	(For printing to dataset. If used, <b>SYSOUT class</b> must be blank and DISP value is required.)
•	Data set DISP===>	0 = Old N = New M = Mod S = Shr	(Sequential files only)
•	Userid for stats===>	userid	(If ISPF statistics desired)
•	Wide output==>	NO YES	(80-character line width) (133-character line width for JES, or full width of output file)
•	SYSOUT class===>	blank	(Direct output to dataset in <b>Output data set</b> field. Other SYSOUT fields are ignored.)
		nonblank	(Direct output to JES. Other SYSOUT fields are used.)

Press ENTER. A message displays with the print job completes.

#### **Copying Columns from One Table to Another**

The SELC (Selective Copy) command generates SQL SELECT and INSERT statements to copy the data in one or more columns from one table to another. The SELC command is typically used to populate an empty test table with data from a production table.

The SELC command has the following requirements:

 Selected columns and datatypes in the source table must match those in the target table.

- The column selection order in the source table must match the physical column order in the target table.
- Every physical column in the target table must receive copied data from a selected column in the source table.

D

**NOTE** You cannot add a new column to the target table using the SELC command. Use option **5 - Table Services** in the **Menu of DB2 Services** to add a column to a table.

To selectively copy columns from a source table to an empty target table:

- 1 Create an empty target table with the required columns and indices. (See Chapter 8, "Table Services", to use the Db2 Option to perform these tasks.)
- 2 Choose a table selection utility using option 1 DB2List or option 2 DB2Table in the Menu of DB2 Services. Be sure row-and-column filtering is turned on. (To turn on row-and-column filtering, type N0 in the field Read all rows/columns? or Read all rows?)
- **3** Enter the SELC command for the desired source table.
- In DB2LIST, type the SELC line command in the CMD columns of the DB2 Table List panel beside the name of the source table that you want to copy columns from.

```
----- DB2 Table List ----- Row 1 to 4 of 4
                                                SCROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND ===>
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on CMD line:
CMD SUBS CREATOR TABLE NAME
                             DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -
    DB2A USER01 ORDER
                                    Т
                                         6
                                             1
                                                     - 1
                                    Т
                                          5
selc DB2A USER01 PARTS
                                              1
                                                     - 1
                                    Т
                                          4
    DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE
                                              1
                                                     - 1
    DB2A USER01 SUPPLIER
                                    Т
                                          4
                                             1
                                                     - 1
               ****
                                                    ****
```

Press Enter. The **DB2 Column List** panel displays.

In DB2TABLE, type the name and identifying information for the source table you want to copy columns *from* in the panel Process a Single DB2 Panel. In the Service field of this panel, type SELC.

```
----- DB2: Process a Single DB2 Table -----
COMMAND ===>
 Source for display ===> D(type-in, "D":"DB2" or "T":"TABLE")
 Subsystem name ===> DB2A(Current Subsystem, or may change!)
 Creator name
                   ===> USER01(type-in, creator name or masked..)
                   ===> PARTS(type-in, table name or masked....)
 Table name
 Service
                   ===> SELC(blank, EDIT, VIEW, PRINT, EXTRACT
                         SELC
 Read all rows? ===> NO(type-in, YES or NO. for all/limit)
                         (if NO, please provide # of limit.)
  Limit - Max# of.. ===> 10000(type-in, limit number of Row/Cols)
Saved ISPF table of Columns of a single DB2 table.
  Request save name ===> (1 to 6 character name)
 Source library
                   ===>(Profile, Group, Sample, or Other)
                   ===>
 Other DSNAME
Notes:
 When Service is blank the service can be selected later.
  Enter the data set name in standard TSO syntax.
```

Press Enter. The **DB2 Column List** panel displays.

4 In the **DB2 Column List** panel, select all the columns you wish to copy from the source table by typing S in the **OPT** field beside each desired column. Press Enter.

The **DB2 Column List** panel displays the results of your selection for editing. Selected columns show an S in the **Dis** field.

**5** In the **DB2 Column List** panel, change the column selection order in the source table as needed to match the physical column order of the target table.

To change column selection order, type Sn in the **OPT** field beside each column you want to reorder, where n is the desired selection number for the column. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                      Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===>
                                                    SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate ----
S1
    PART_NUMBER
                    . . .
                         1 S
     PART NAME
                          2
                    . . .
                    ... 3 S
S3
     SUPPLIER NUMBER
     NUM IN STOCK
                          4
                    . . .
S2
    ORDER NUMBER
                          5 S
                    . . .
```
Press Enter. The column list is resorted in column selection order. Unselected columns appear after selected columns, sorted by default column order. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                            Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===>
                                                          SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate -----
     PART NUMBER
                        1
                           1 S
     ORDER_NUMBER
                            5 S
                         2
                       3 3 S
     SUPPLIER_NUMBER
                            2
     PART NAME
                         4
     NUM IN STOCK
                         5
                            4
                     ********** Bottom of data *******
     * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
```



**TIP** Steps 4 and 5 may be combined by using the Sn command for all column selections.

**6** Press PF6 to resume the SELC action. The **Select Statement Validation** panel displays.

```
COMMAND ===>
When ready, press PF6 to continue with Selective Copy
SELECT PART_NUMBER ,ORDER_NUMBER ,SUPPLIER_NUMBER
FROM DB2A.PARTS Limit ===> 10000 (max rows to retrieve)
WHERE ===>
```

This panel displays the selected column names in the order they will appear in the generated SQL SELECT statement for the source table and the SQL INSERT statement for the target table. Any filtering criteria are displayed in the generated WHERE clause.

- 7 Edit the SELECT statement and its WHERE clause as needed in the Select Statement Validation panel. These edits modify the selection of columns from the source table.
- 8 Press PF6 to continue to the next SELC command prompt. The **Selective Copy -Destination Specification** panel displays.

```
----- DB2: Selective Copy - Destination Specification -----
COMMAND ===>
Define the destination table :
    Enter "To" Creator ===> USER01
    Enter "To" table name ===> PART_VENDOR_XREF_TEST
The selected column(s) will be copied from the following :
    Input table name ====> USER01.PARTS
    Input table name ====> DB2A
Press PF6 to continue or PF3 to abort.
```

Enter the following field values:

- Enter "To" creator===>userid(Creator of table to copy to)
- Enter "To" table name===>somname(Name of empty table to copy to)
- Input table name ===>user2.somname2(Table name to copy from)
- Input DB2 subsystem == => somsys(DB2 subsystem to copy from)
- **9** Press PF6 to resume the SELC action. The **Selective Copy Confirmation** panel displays.

```
COMMAND ===>
You have requested that StarTool FDM copy selected column(s) ...
from table USER01.PARTS
into table USER01.PART_VENDOR_XREF_TEST
Press PF6 to confirm this copy request, or END (PF3) to abandon.
You may alter the following SQL statement before FDM sends it to DB2:
INSERT INTO USER01.PART_VENDOR_XREF_TEST SELECT PART_NUMBER,ORDER_NUMBER
,SUPPLIER_NUMBER FROM USER01.PARTS
```

This panel displays the source and target table names for the selective column copy operation. It also displays the final, generated SQL INSERT statement for the target table.

- **10** Edit the SQL INSERT and SELECT statements as needed in the **Selective Copy -Confirmation** panel.
- **11** Press PF6 to send the SQL request to Db2.

## Extracting Columns from a Table to a Sequential File

The Extr (Extract) command extracts the contents of one or more columns in a Db2 table to a sequential file for subsequent loading (using the Load command) into another Db2 table. Job cards needed by the Load command are also created by the Extract command.



**NOTE** See "Loading Data from a Sequential File to a Db2 Table" in this chapter for information about using the Load command to populate Db2 tables.

To extract data from a Db2 table to a sequential file, perform the following steps:

- 1 Choose a table selection utility using option 1 DB2List or option 2 DB2Table in the Menu of DB2 Services. If you want to extract a subset of columns from the source table, be sure row-and-column filtering is turned on. (To turn on row-andcolumn filtering, type N0 in the field Read all rows/columns? or Read all rows?)
- 2 Enter the Extract command or Extr command alias for the desired source table.

 In DB2LIST, type the Extr line command in the CMD columns of the DB2 Table List panel beside the name of the source table that you want to extract columns from.

```
----- DB2 Table List ----- Row 1 to 4 of 4
COMMAND ===>
                                                 SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on CMD line:
CMD SUBS CREATOR
                 TABLE NAME
                              DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -
    DB2A USER01
               ORDER
                                      Т
                                          6
                                             1
                                                       - 1
extr DB2A USER01
               PARTS
                                      Т
                                           5
                                               1
                                                       - 1
    DB2A USER01
               SPECTABLE
                                      Т
                                           4
                                               1
                                                       - 1
    DB2A USER01
               SUPPLIER
                                      Т
                                           4
                                               1
                                                       - 1
```

Press Enter. The **DB2 Column List** panel displays.

In DB2TABLE, type the name and identifying information for the source table you
want to extract columns *from* in the panel Process a Single DB2 Panel. In the
Service field of this panel, type EXTRACT.

```
----- DB2: Process a Single DB2 Table -----
COMMAND ===>
 Source for display ===> D(type-in, "D":"DB2" or "T":"TABLE")
 Subsystem name ===> DB2A(Current Subsystem, or may change!)
                  ===> USER01(type-in, creator name or masked..)
 Creator name
                   ===> PARTS(type-in, table name or masked....)
 Table name
 Service
                  ===> EXTRACT(blank, EDIT, VIEW, PRINT, EXTRACT
                         SELC
 Read all rows? ===> NO(type-in, YES or NO. for all/limit)
                        (if NO, please provide # of limit.)
  Limit - Max# of.. ===> 10000(type-in, limit number of Row/Cols)
Saved ISPF table of Columns of a single DB2 table.
  Request save name ===> (1 to 6 character name)
  Source library ===>(Profile, Group, Sample, or Other)
 Other DSNAME
                   ===>
Notes:
 When Service is blank the service can be selected later.
  Enter the data set name in standard TSO syntax.
```

Press Enter. The **DB2 Column List** panel displays.

- 3 In the DB2 Column List panel, select the columns you want to extract.
- To select all columns, type SELECT at the COMMAND ===> prompt and press Enter.
- To select one or a few columns, type an S in the OPT column next to each column in the Db2 table that you want to include in the extracted sequential file and press Enter.

The **DB2 Column List** panel displays the results of your selection for editing. Selected columns show an S in the **Dis** field.

4 In the DB2 Column List panel, change the column selection order in the source table as needed. If you are extracting table data to a sequential file that already exists, the selection order of the columns in the source table must match the physical column order of the target sequential file. To change column selection order, type Sn in the **OPT** field beside each column you want to reorder, where n is the desired selection number for the column. For example:

COMM	DB2 Colum AND ===>	nn List D	B2A	USEF	R01.P	ARTS	Row 1 to 5 of 5 SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter	an ISPF command or	a StarT	ool	subco	omman	d : 0	or ? for help on OPT line:
When	ready you can enter	one of t	he	follo	wing	: VIEV	W, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT	Column Name	Sel Col	Dis	A/D -	P	redic	ate
S1	PART_NUMBER	1	S				
	PART_NAME	2					
S 3	SUPPLIER NUMBER	3	S				
	NUM IN STOCK	4					
S2	ORDER NUMBER	5	S				
* * * *	*****	* * * * * * * * *	Во	ttom	of	data	*******

Press Enter. The column list is resorted in column selection order. Unselected columns appear after selected columns, sorted by default column order. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                         Row 1 to 5 of 5 \,
COMMAND ===>
                                                       SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name
                     Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate -----
                      1
                          1 S
     PART NUMBER
     ORDER NUMBER
                          5 S
                       2
                          3 S
     SUPPLIER NUMBER
                       3
     PART NAME
                        4
                           2
     NUM IN STOCK
                       5
                          4
    *****
                    ********** Bottom of data *****
```



**TIP** Steps 3 and 4 may be combined by using the S*n* command for all column selections.

5 Type the Extr or Ex command alias at the **COMMAND** ===> prompt in the **DB2 Columns List** panel. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                   Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===> Extr
                                                  SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name
                   Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate -----
    PART NUMBER
                     1
                        1 S
    ORDER_NUMBER
                     2
                       5 S
    SUPPLIER_NUMBER
                    3 3 S
    PART_NAME
                     4
                        2
    NUM IN STOCK
                     5 4
```

Press Enter. The **DB2 Select Statement Validation** panel displays.

```
COMMAND ===>

When ready press PF6 to continue with EXTRACT

Audit Option ===> NO (Yes/No) to audit to a file (ignored for EXT or PRT)

SELECT PART_NUMBER ,ORDER_NUMBER ,SUPPLIER_NUMBER

FROM USER01.PARTS Limit ===> 10000 (max rows to retrieve)

WHERE

ORDER BY ===>
```

- 6 Edit the SELECT statement and its WHERE and ORDER BY clauses as needed in the **Select Statement Validation** panel. These edits modify the selection of columns from the source table.
- 7 Press **PF6**. The **Extract Data Set** panel prompts you for the dataset name and allocation information for the target sequential file that data will be extracted *to*..

```
COMMAND ===>

Specify the extract data set

Data set ===> XTR.PARTXREF

Allocation type ===> NEW (New, Old, or Mod)

Specify Primary and secondary space in tracks for NEW data set

Primary ===> 4 value in tracks

Secondary ===> 2 value in tracks

Note: The extract file must be have a record format of FB

and a minumum logical record length of 59.

A NEW file will be allocated with the minumum LRECL.
```

Press **Enter**. Table data is extracted to the named sequential file.

8 When the table data extraction step completes, the **Output DB2 Load Control Card** panel prompts you for a dataset name for the output file to contain the control cards used to specify columns (or field) information to a later Load operation. The DSNUTILB utility will use these control cards to load the data from the extracted sequential file to a Db2 database.

An example Output DB2 Load Control Card panel appears below:

----- Output DB2 load control card ----- Extract complete OPTION ===> Specify Library data set below To other data set: ===> SDS.CNTL Data Set Name Member Name ===> XRFIELDS Replace ===> YES (Yes/No) The data set must be a sequential or partitioned data set with a fixed format and a record length of 80. The cards will only contain Field specifications for DSNUTILB. A copy of the cards has already been placed in the LOG along with a sample LOAD command. EDITLOG can be used to view these and from there they can be CUT or copied to any data set.

Type the requested information and press Enter. The job cards for a batch Load operation are generated.

### Loading Data from a Sequential File to a Db2 Table

The Load command populates a Db2 table with data from a previously extracted sequential file in batch mode. Job cards for the Load command are generated by the same Extract operation that creates the sequential data file. The physical column layout of the source sequential file and the target Db2 table must match for the Load operation to be successful.



**NOTE** See "Extracting Columns from a Table to a Sequential File" in this chapter for information about using the Extract command.

To populate a Db2 table with data from a sequential file, perform the following steps:

- Choose a table selection utility using option 1 DB2List or option 2 DB2Table in the Menu of DB2 Services.
- 2 Enter the Load command for the desired source table.
- In DB2LIST, type the Load line command in the CMD columns of the DB2 Table List panel beside the name of the target table that you want to load data to.

```
----- DB2 Table List ----- Row 1 to 4 of 4
COMMAND ===>
                                            SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on CMD line:
CMD
   SUBS CREATOR
               TABLE NAME
                           DATA/MSG TYPE COLS KEYS - PAGES -
    DB2A USER01
              ORDER
                                  T 6 1 -1
                                  Т
                                      51
load DB2A USER01 PARTS
                                                  - 1
                                      4 1
    DB2A USER01 SPECTABLE
                                  Т
                                                 - 1
                                  Т
                                       4
    DB2A USER01 SUPPLIER
                                          1
                                                  - 1
```

Press Enter. The DB2 Load Data Set Prompt panel displays.

- In DB2TABLE, type the name and identifying information for the source table you
  want to load data to in the panel Process a Single DB2 Panel. To enable access to
  the Load command:
  - The **Service** field of this panel must be blank.
  - Type N0 in the field **Read all rows?** to turn on row-and-column filtering.

```
----- DB2: Process a Single DB2 Table -----
COMMAND ===>
 Source for display ===> D(type-in, "D":"DB2" or "T":"TABLE")
 Subsystem name ===> DB2A(Current Subsystem, or may change!)
 Creator name
                 ===> USER01(type-in, creator name or masked..)
 Table name
                   ===> PARTS(type-in, table name or masked....)
 Service
                   ===> (blank, EDIT, VIEW, PRINT, EXTRACT
                         SELC
 Read all rows? ===> NO(type-in, YES or NO. for all/limit)
                        (if NO, please provide # of limit.)
  Limit - Max# of.. ===> 10000(type-in, limit number of Row/Cols)
Saved ISPF table of Columns of a single DB2 table.
 Request save name ===> (1 to 6 character name)
 Source library ===>(Profile, Group, Sample, or Other)
                   ===>
 Other DSNAME
Notes:
 When Service is blank the service can be selected later.
 Enter the data set name in standard TSO syntax.
```

Press Enter. When the **DB2 Column List** panel displays, do the following:

- Type Select at the COMMAND ===> prompt to select all rows of the target table. Press Enter.
- Type Load at the COMMAND ===> prompt when the DB2 Column List panel returns with all columns selected in the Dis column. For example:

```
----- DB2 Column List DB2A USER01.PARTS
                                                   Row 1 to 5 of 5
COMMAND ===> Load
                                                  SCROLL ===> PAGE
Enter an ISPF command or a StarTool subcommand : 0 or ? for help on OPT line:
When ready you can enter one of the following: VIEW, EDIT, PRINT, EXTRACT, SELC
OPT Column Name Sel Col Dis A/D --- Predicate ------
    PART NUMBER
                    1
                        1 S
    PART NAME
                     2
                        2 S
    SUPPLIER NUMBER
                    3
                       3 S
    NUM IN_STOCK
                     4 4 S
    ORDER NUMBER
                     5
                        5 S
```

Press Enter. The **DB2 Load Data Set Prompt** panel displays.

. . .

3 When you press Enter, the DB2 Load Data Set Prompt panel displays:

```
DB2 Load Data Set Prompt ------
COMMAND ===>
DB2 subsystem name ==> DB2A
Output Table Creator ==> USER01 (Table Creator/Owner/Prefix)
Output Table Name ==> PARTS
Input data set ==> YTR.PARTXREF
Field spec data set ==> SDS.CNTL
Field spec member ==> XRFIELDS (Field specification member)
Table Replace option ==> NO (Yes/No to replace existing table)
Enforce Constraints ==> NO (Yes/No)
JOB and JOBLIB statements for the batch job:
===> //USER01 JOB (1111),' ',CLASS=A,MSGCLASS=X,NOTIFY=USER01
===>
===>
```

The panel displays the Db2 subsystem name and target Db2 table information passed to it from DB2List or DB2Table. Enter the following information about the input files:

•	Input data set	==>	dsn	(DSN of source sequential file)
•	Field spec data set	==>	libtype	(Dataset of source control cards)
•	Field spec member	==>	member	(Member of source control cards)
•	Table Replace option	==>	NO YES	(Don't replace existing table) (Replace existing table)
•	Enforce Constraints	==>	NO YES	(Don't enforce table constraints) (Enforce table constraints)

Type the job control statements needed to execute the batch Load job. Press Enter.

4 ISPF displays the generated JCL that will be submitted to invoke the DSNUTILB utility and populate the selected Db2 table. Edit the JCL as needed. For example:

```
File Edit Edit Settings Menu Utilities Compilers Test Help
                     EDIT USER01.SPFTEMP1.CNTL
                                                                       Columns 00001 00072
 Command ===>
                                                                          Scroll ===> CSR
 000001 //USER01 JOB (1111), ' ', CLASS=A, MSGCLASS=X, NOTIFY=USER01
 000002 //* USING SKELETON PDS$DB2J
 000003 //LOAD EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB, REGION=5000K, PARM='DB2A'
 000004 //SORTOUT DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20), ,, ROUND)
 000005 //SORTWK01 DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20), ,, ROUND)
 000006 //SYSDISC DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20), ,, ROUND)

        0000007
        //SYSERR
        DD
        UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20),,,ROUND)

        0000008
        //SYSMAP
        DD
        UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20),,,ROUND)

        0000009
        //SYSUT1
        DD
        UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20), ,, ROUND)
        DD
        UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20), ,, ROUND)
        DD
        DISP=0LD, DSN=USER01. DB2. PARTXREF

 000011 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
 000012 //UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
 000013 //SYSIN DD DDNAME=SYSLOAD
000014 // DD DISP=SHR,DSN=USER01.SDS.CNTL(XRFIELDS)
 000015 //SYSLOAD DD *
 000016 LOAD DATA INDDN(SYSREC) ENFORCE NO
 000017 INTO TABLE USER01.PARTS
 000018 /*
```

**5** Type the Submit command at the **Command ==> prompt** to submit the Load job.

```
File Edit Edit_Settings Menu Utilities Compilers Test Help
           Columns 00001 00072
EDIT
         USER01.SPFTEMP1.CNTL
Command ===> Submit
                                                       Scroll ===> CSR
 000001 //USER01 JOB (1111), ' ', CLASS=A, MSGCLASS=X, NOTIFY=USER01
000002 //* USING SKELETON PDS$DB2J
000003 //LOAD EXEC PGM=DSNUTILB, REGION=5000K, PARM='DB2A'
000004 //SORTOUT DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20), ,, ROUND)
000005 //SORTWK01 DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20), ,, ROUND)
000006 //SYSDISC DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20), ,, ROUND)
000007 //SYSERR DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20), , , ROUND)
000008 //SYSMAP DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20),,, ROUND)
000009 //SYSUT1 DD UNIT=SYSDA, SPACE=(4000, (20, 20),,,ROUND)
000010 //SYSREC DD DISP=OLD,DSN=USER01.DB2.PARTXREF
000011 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
000012 //UTPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
000013 //SYSIN DD DDNAME=SYSLOAD
           DD DISP=SHR,DSN=USER01.SDS.CNTL(XRFIELDS)
000014 //
000015 //SYSLOAD DD *
000016 LOAD DATA INDDN(SYSREC) ENFORCE NO
         INTO TABLE USER01.PARTS
000017
000018 /*
```

Press Enter.

**6** The following panel shows example SDSF output for a Load job.

```
SDSF OUTPUT DISPLAY USER01D JOB04164 DSID 102 LINE 1
                                                                 COLUMNS 02- 81
COMMAND INPUT ===>
                                                                 SCROLL ===> CSR
DSNU000I DSNUGUTC - OUTPUT START FOR UTILITY, UTILID = USER01.USER01D
DSNU050I DSNUGUTC - LOAD DATA INDDN(SYSREC) ENFORCE NO
DSNU650I -DSN1 DSNURWI - INTO TABLE USER01.PARTS
                           (PART_NUMBER POSITION(1:4) INTEGER,
DSNU650I -DSN1 DSNURWI -
                             PART_NAME POSITION(5:22) VARCHAR
DSNU650I -DSN1 DSNURWI -
     NULLIF(23:24) = X'FF
DSNU650I -DSN1 DSNURWI - SUPPLIER_NUMBER POSITION(25:26) SMALLINT,
DSNU650I -DSN1 DSNURWI - NUM_IN_STOCK POSITION(27:28) SMALLINT
     NULLIF(29:30)
DSNU650I -DSN1 DSNURWI -
                              ORDER NUMBER POSITION (31:32) SMALLINT
     NULLIF(33:34)
DSNU350I -DSN1 DSNURRST - EXISTING RECORDS DELETED FROM TABLESPACE
DSNU304I -DSN1 DSNURWT - (RE)LOAD PHASE STATISTICS - NUMBER OF RECORDS=9 FOR
     TAB
           DSNURILD - (RE)LOAD PHASE STATISTICS - NUMBER OF INPUT RECORDS
DSNU302I
     PROCES
DSNU300I
           DSNURILD - (RE)LOAD PHASE COMPLETE, ELAPSED TIME=00:00:03
DSNU010I
           DSNUGBAC - UTILITY EXECUTION COMPLETE, HIGHEST RETURN CODE=0
```

# Chapter 5

# Viewing and Editing Tables with PEDIT

The Db2 Option calls the StarTool FDM PEDIT utility to view or edit the contents of Db2 tables and views interactively. The *StarTool FDM User's Guide* contains general information about using PVIEW and PEDIT.

Considerations specific to PVIEW and PEDIT in the Db2 Option environment include:

- Starting PVIEW or PEDIT
- Changing Sorting and Filtering Options
- Editing Db2 Tables with PEDIT
- Using the Find and Change Commands
- Tracking Commit Status

## **Starting PVIEW or PEDIT**

To invoke PVIEW or PEDIT from the Db2 Option:

1 Choose a table selection facility with option 1 - DB2List or option 2 - DB2Table from the Menu of DB2 Services.



**NOTE** See Chapter 2, "Table List Processing with DB2List", or Chapter 3, "Single Table Processing with DB2Table", for interface information about these facilities.

- 2 In the main panel of the table selection facility that is, in the panel to **Create a List** of **DB2Tables** or the panel to **Process a Single DB2 Table** do the following:
- Turn on row-and-column filtering if you want to view or edit only selected columns or a subset of rows in the table. In the **Read all rows?** or **Read all rows/columns?** field, type NO.
- To view or edit all columns and rows, turn off row-and-column filtering. In the Read all rows? or Read all rows/columns? field, type Yes.
- **3** Select the table to view or edit with the View or Edit command.
- In DB2List, enter your table selection criteria in the main panel and press Enter to view the resulting DB2 Table List. In the table list, type the View or Edit command in the CMD field beside each table you want to view or edit, then press Enter.
- In DB2Table, enter the desired table name and identifying information in the main panel. Type the View or Edit command in the Service ===> field of the panel, then press Enter.
- 4 When the **DB2 Column List** displays, perform any row-and-column filtering needed.



**NOTE** See Chapter 4, "Operations on Rows, Column Lists, and Columns" for how-to information about row-and-column filtering.

5 At the Command ===> prompt of the DB2 Column List, type the View or Edit command again and press Enter. The DB2 Select Statement Validation panel displays.

```
----- DB2 Select Statement Validation ------
COMMAND ===>
When ready press PF6 to continue with VIEW
Audit option ===> N0 (Yes/No) to audit to a file (ignored for EXT or PRT)
SELECT PART_NUMBER ,PART_NAME ,SUPPLIER_NUMBER ,NUM_IN_STOCK
,ORDER_NUMBER
FROM USER01.PARTS Limit ===> 10000 (max rows to retrieve)
WHERE
ORDER BY ===>
SUPPLIER_NUMBER ASC
```

Edit the generated SQL WHERE and ORDER BY clauses as desired. You can also change the maximum number of rows retrieved by PVIEW or PEDIT for the viewing or editing session. The default value is 10,000 rows. Press PF6 confirm your request.

6 The **PEDIT-VIEW** panel (for the View command) or the **PEDIT** panel (for the Edit command) displays your selected table with the selected columns, filtered rows, and column sort order you specified. For example:

PEDIT	DB2A USER01.PARTS		COLUMNS 000	001 000032 ROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND =	:==>		50	
NAME   P   <b>SUF</b>	ART_NUMBER PART_NAME PPLIER_NUMBER NUM_IN_S1	FOCK ORDER_NUM	1BER	
PIC  I	NTEGER  VARCHAR (16)	SMALLINT	SMALLINT	SMALLINT
NUMBER   2	3	4	5	6
*****	**************************************	OF DATA *****	*****	*****
000001	2001 HARD DRIVE	1001	3	100
000002	2081 CPU	1010	1	170
000003	2011 MONITOR	1010	10	110
000004	2051 HARD DRIVE	1010	5	180
000005	2021 MOTHERBOARD	1020	5	120
000006	2031 CPU	1030	1	130
000007	2061 SOUND CARD	1040	2	140
000008	2041 HARD DRIVE	1050	1	150
000009	*NULL* CPU	1060	8	160
*****	***** BOTTO	M OF DATA ***	*****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *



**NOTE** Null values are marked \*NULL\* in the appropriate PEDIT column. Db2 ROWID columns do not display.

# **Changing Sorting and Filtering Options**

You can change the sort order of columns or the filtering options on rows shown in PVIEW or PEDIT. To do this:

 Press PF3 to exit from PVIEW or PEDIT. You will return to the DB2 Select Statement Validation panel for the current editor session. Current SQL sorting and filtering specifications are displayed.



**CAUTION!** Pressing PF3 causes Db2 to commit any edits in progress in the current PEDIT session. To cancel these changes, type Cancel at the **Command ===>** prompt and press Enter. Then press PF3 to exit from PEDIT.

- 2 Edit the SQL WHERE clause to modify row filtering options. Edit the SQL ORDER BY clause to modify the displayed sort order.
- **3** Press **PF6** to resume PVIEW or PEDIT with the new sorting and filtering options.

# **Editing Db2 Tables with PEDIT**

Most PEDIT features work the same way in the Db2 Option as they do with other file types. You can change, delete, insert, copy, or repeat rows in a table using standard ISPF editor commands. The FIND and CHANGE commands are supported.

The processing flow in PEDIT interacts in special ways with Db2's table constraints and the commit process. In general:

- PEDIT allows you to change, delete, or insert one or more rows in a working view of the table before you commit those changes to Db2. Pressing Enter in PEDIT does not commit a change to the database.
- New rows to be inserted in the table can be entered, viewed, and changed in PEDIT before you commit the insertion. Pending, uncommitted insertions are flagged with ==PEN> in the ISPF line number field. For example:

PEDIT	DB2A USER01.PARTS		COLUMNS 000 SCE	001 000032 ROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAND	===>		501	
NAME   F	ART_NUMBER   PART_NAME	SUPPLIER_N	UMBER   NUM_IN_STOCK	ORDER_NUMBER
NUMBER	2  3		5	6
000001	2001 HARD DRIVE	1001	3	100
000002 ==PFN>	2012 MONITOR 2015 MONITOR	1010 1010	10 0	110 115
000004	2021 MOTHERBOARD	1020	5	120
000005 000006	2031 CPU 2041 HARD DRIVE	1030 1050	1	130 150
000007	2061 SOUND CARD	1040	2	140
000009	2071 CPU 2081 CPU	1060 1010	8 1	160
* * * * * *	**************************************	OM OF DATA **	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****

- Deleted rows in PEDIT are not deleted in the Db2 table until you commit the deletion. Pending, uncommitted deletions are flagged with ==PEN> in the ISPF line number field.
- Changes to existing rows appear in the working view in PEDIT, but those rows are not changed in the Db2 table until you commit the change. Changes can be edited, canceled, or cleared prior to commit.
- Commit your pending changes, insertions, and deletions to the database by pressing PF3 at the PEDIT panel. A message reports the success or failure of the commit operation in the DB2 Select Statement Validation panel.

```
----- DB2 Select Statement Validation COMMIT SUCCESSFUL
COMMAND ===>
When ready press PF6 to continue with EDIT
SELECT PART_NUMBER ,PART_NAME ,SUPPLIER_NUMBER ,NUM_IN_STOCK
,ORDER_NUMBER
FROM USER01.PARTS Limit ===> 10000 (max rows to retrieve)
WHERE
===>
ORDER BY ===>
```

## **Clearing Db2 Constraint Errors**

If you type an entry that violates a contraint on a table, the row with the error is flagged with **==ERR>** in the ISPF line number. The Db2 error message associated with the constraint violation displays in a pop-up error box at the bottom of the panel. For example:

```
PEDIT
          DB2A USER01.ORDER ----- COLUMNS 000001 000023
                                                        SCROLL ===> CSR
COMMAND ===>
NAME |ORDER NUMBER|COST
                              |SUPPLIER NUMBER|LAST ORDER DATE
                                             DATE
                  |DECIMAL (9,2)|SMALLINT
PIC
      |SMALLINT
                              |4
NUMBER | 2
                  |3
                                             | 5
       ******
                 ********** TOP OF DATA ******
 *****
                                             * * * * *
000001
         100
                       199.95
                                 1001
                                              2005-02-12
==ERR>
                       99.95
                                 1010
                                              2006-08-01
         100
000003
         120
                        78.00
                                 1020
                                              2006-06-15
000004
                       550.99
                                 1030
                                              2006-09-30
         130
000005
         140
                       129.99
                                 1040
                                              2006-06-30
000006
         150
                       189.99
                                 1050
                                              2006-01-10
000007
         160
                       399.99
                                 1060
                                              2005-10-10
000008
         170
                       449.99
                                 1010
                                              2006-03-15
000009
         180
                       169.99
                                 1010
                                              2006-02-15
. DSNT408I SOLCODE = -803, ERROR: AN INSERTED OR UPDATED VALUE IS INVALID
        BECAUSE INDEX IN INDEX SPACE ORDI1XBX CONSTRAINS COLUMNS OF THE
        TABLE SO NO TWO ROWS CAN CONTAIN DUPLICATE VALUES IN THOSE
        COLUMNS. RID OF EXISTING ROW IS X'0000000201
                   = 23505 SQLSTATE RETURN CODE
 DSNT418I SQLSTATE
                   = DSNXRUID SQL PROCEDURE DETECTING ERROR
. DSNT415I SQLERRP
```

To clear the error condition, type Clear at the **Command ===>** prompt and press Enter. The row is restored to its original values. Retype your entry with the correct value.

```
D
```

**NOTE** The Clear command does not affect other pending insertions or deletions.

### **Canceling Db2 Transactions**

You can cancel Db2 transactions either before or after they are committed.

 To cancel pending changes, insertions, or deletions changes to a table before they are committed, type Cancel at the PEDIT Command ===> prompt and press Enter.

PEDIT	DB2A USER147.PARTS		COLUMNS 000	0001 000032 ROLL ===> PAGE
COMMAI	ND ===> CANCEL		50.	
NAME	PART_NUMBER PART_NAME	SUPPLIER_NUM	BER NUM_IN_STOCK	ORDER_NUMBER
PIC	INTEGER  VARCHAR (16)	SMALLINT	SMALLINT	SMALLINT
NUMBER	2  3	4	5	6
*****	**************************************	OF DATA *****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****
000001	2001 HARD DRIVE	1001	3	100
000002	2012 MONITOR	1010	10	110
000003	2021 MOTHERBOARD	1020	5	120
000004	2031 CPU	1030	1	130
000005	2041 HARD DRIVE	1050	1	150
000006	2051 HARD DRIVE	1010	5	180
000007	2061 SOUND CARD	1040	2	140
000008	2071 CPU	1060	8	160
000009	2081 CPU	1010	1	170
*****	****** BOTT(	OM OF DATA ***	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	******

 To back out changes, insertions, or deletions after they have been committed, type Cancel at the Command ===> prompt of the DB2 Select Statement Validation panel reporting the success of the commit operation.

```
COMMAND ===> CANCEL

When ready press PF6 to continue with EDIT

SELECT PART_NUMBER ,PART_NAME ,SUPPLIER_NUMBER ,NUM_IN_STOCK

,ORDER_NUMBER

FROM USER01.PARTS Limit ===> 10000 (max rows to retrieve)

WHERE

===>

ORDER BY ===>
```

The success or failure of the backout operation is reported in the upper right corner of the panel.

To resume editing, press PF6. To exit PEDIT, press PF3.

# Using the Find and Change Commands

The F (Find) and C (Change) commands in PVIEW and/or PEDIT let you search for specific column content in individual Db2 tables.

## **Find Command**

The syntax for the Find command is:

F[IND] char-string IN(n |somcol) [nn mm]
 [ASIS] [ALL] [FIRST/LAST/PREV] [PREFIX/SUFFIX/WORD]

where:

- char-string is the character string to find. It is converted automatically to the data type of the column specified in the IN parameter.
- IN(n | somcol) specifies that column number n or the column named somcol should be searched.
- *nn* and *mm* refer to the starting and ending positions within a column to search. (Column must be a character datatype.)
- [PREFIX/SUFFIX/WORD] keywords apply only to character datatypes.
- Other keywords have the same meanings they do in PEDIT and PVIEW elsewhere in StarTool FDM.

Special considerations apply to the *char-string* parameter for the Find command in the Db2 Option.

- To specify the \*NULL\* string, use P'\_'.
- Enclose *char-string* in single quotes when the string contains special characters such as blanks. For example: 'a=b'. If *char-string* contains single quotes, enclose it in double quotes. For example: "don't".
- If *char-string* is a number, enclose it in single quotes unless it includes or is followed by a decimal point.
- Floating-point numbers are not supported.
- Date, time, and timestamp data types are character strings unless only a partial date, time, or timestamp is given. For example: 2002-02-12 is a character string, but 2002 entered by itself is an integer and must be entered in quotes to find as a character string.

For example:

Value to Find	Example Command Syntax
The value of 1020 (a small integer) in column 4	F 1020. IN(4) F 1020' IN(4)
The decimal value 199.95 in column 3, which is named COST	F 199.95 IN(COST)
The characters 1999 anywhere between positions 2 and 6 of column 5	F '1999' 2 6 IN(5)

Value to Find	Example Command Syntax
Find the characters LOS ANGELES in column 2	F 'LOS ANGELES' IN(2)
Find a NULL in column 1, which is named TYPE	F P'_' IN(TYPE)
Find the characters VALE at the end of a word in the column named CITY	F VALE IN(CITY) SUFFIX

### **Change Command**

The syntax for the Change command is:

C[hange] find-string rep-string [nn mm] IN(n | somcol) [ASIS] [ALL] [FIRST/LAST/PREV] [PREFIX/SUFFIX/WORD]

where:

- *find-string* is the character string to find. It is converted automatically to the data type of the column specified in the IN parameter.
- rep-string is the replacement character string. It is converted automatically to the data type of the column specified in the IN parameter. Must be the same length as *find-string* for non-numeric data types; padding with blanks on the right is accepted.
- IN(n | somcol) specifies that column number n or the column named somcol should be searched.
- *nn* and *mm* refer to the starting and ending positions within a column to search. (Column must be a character datatype.)
- [PREFIX/SUFFIX/WORD] keywords apply only to character datatypes.
- Other keywords have the same meanings they do in PEDIT and PVIEW elsewhere in StarTool FDM.
- The special considerations that apply to *char-string* in the Find command also apply to *find-string* and *rep-string* in the Change command.

For example:

Change Requested	Example Command Syntax
The small integer 1020 to 1021 in column 4	C '1020' '1021' IN(4)
	C 1020. 1021. IN(4)
The decimal value 199.95 in column 3 to 200.00	C 199.95 200.00 IN(3)
The character string LOS ANGELES in column 1 to NULL	C 'LOS ANGELES' P'_' IN(1)

# **Tracking Commit Status**

Edit sessions with pending, uncommitted Db2 transactions are flagged with a **Pending** status message in the **Menu of DB2 Services**.

```
----- StarTool Menu of DB2 Services ------
OPTION ===>
                                            Current Subsys-id ===> DB2A
        DB2List
                      - Create a list of DB2 tables
                                                              Inactive
   1 -
        DB2Table
   2
                      - Modifying DB2 table for EDIT, VIEW, etc
     -
                                                              Inactive
   3 - SQL
                     - Adhoc DB2 query (non-SELECT) statement
   4 -
        Grant/Revoke - Grant or Revoke privileges
   5 - Table Services - Create, Alter, Drop, etc. tables
                      - View system tables
   6 - DB2SYST
   7 - EDIT/VIEW
                      - Return to EDIT/VIEW if it is active
                                                               Pending
 Note: When selecting options 1 or 2 (DB2List or DB2Table) if the
        table status is "Current" or "Inactive" you are prompted
       for a new list. If the table status is "Active" or "Pending"
       you are returned to that function.
```

Select option **7 - Edit/View** to resume the PEDIT session with pending transactions. You can commit these changes or cancel them.

# Chapter 6 SQL Processing

The Db2 Option supports ad hoc SQL operations against the currently active Db2 subsystem.

To issue an ad hoc SQL statement, perform the following steps.

1 Go to the *Menu of DB2 Services* and select option **3 - SQL**. The panel **Process an** Ad Hoc DB2 Non-SELECT Statement displays.

```
----- DB2: Process an Ad Hoc DB2 Non-SELECT Statement -----
COMMAND ===>
Subsystem name ===> DB2A Enter an SQL statement below
Set Current SQLID ===> (Optional User ID) for this statement only
==>
<== End of statement</pre>
```

**2** Type the desired SQL statement between the **==>** and **<==** delimiters. For example:

```
----- DB2: Process an Ad Hoc DB2 Non-SELECT Statement -----

COMMAND ===>

Subsystem name ===> DB2A Enter an SQL statement below

Set Current SQLID ===> (Optional User ID) for this statement only

==> CREATE FUNCTION TEST1 (SMALLINT) RETURNS SMALLINT EXTERNAL NAME

'TEST1!FUNC1' LANGUAGE C PARAMETER STYLE DB2SQL DETERMINISTIC

NOT FENCED NULL CALL NO SQL NO EXTERNAL ACTION

<== End of statement
```

The SQL processing facility has the following requirements for SQL statements:

- Only one SQL statement may be entered per panel.
- Do not terminate the SQL statement with a semicolon (;).
- The SELECT statement is not supported.

See IBM's SQL Reference for your version of Db2 for a description of valid SQL syntax.

**3** Press Enter. The confirmation panel **Confirm Process of DB2 Ad Hoc Non-Select Statement** displays.

```
----- DB2: Confirm Process of DB2 Ad Hoc Non-Select Statement -----
COMMAND ===>
Press PF6 DB2: Execute the DB2 SQL Statement
Enter END (F3) to abandon this request
You are requesting StarTool FDM execute the following SQL statement.
You may alter the following SQL statement before FDM sends it to DB2:
CREATE FUNCTION TEST1 (SMALLINT) RETURNS SMALLINT EXTERNAL NAME
'TEST1!FUNC1' LANGUAGE C PARAMETER STYLE DB2SQL DETERMINISTIC
NOT FENCED NULL CALL NO SQL NO EXTERNAL ACTION
```

- **4** Edit the SQL statement as required.
- 5 Press PF6 to execute the request. Press PF3 to cancel it.

# Chapter 7 Grant or Revoke Privileges

If you have system administrator privileges on the active Db2 subsystem, you can use the Db2 Option to grant or revoke privileges for any Db2 collection, database, package, plan, system, table, or view that resides on that subsystem. You can also use the **Gran** (Grant) and **Revo** (Revoke) line commands in DB2List to grant or revoke privileges.

# **Starting the Db2 Authorization Facility**

To start the privileges authorization facility, go to the *Menu of DB2 Services* and select option **4 - Grant/Revoke**. The **Grant or Revoke Privileges** panel displays.

----- DB2: Grant or Revoke Privileges ------Enter option number OPTION ===> Set Current SQLID ===> (optional User ID) only for Grants and Privileges Grant Collection Privileges 1 2 Grant Database Privileges 3 Grant Package Privileges 4 Grant Plan Privileges 5 Grant System Privileges 6 Grant Table or View Privileges Grant Use Privileges 7 11 Revoke Collection Privileges Revoke Database Privileges 12 13 Revoke Package Privileges 14 Revoke Plan Privileges 15 Revoke System Privileges 16 Revoke Table or View Privileges 17 Revoke Use Privileges

Set the current **SQLID** to the user ID you want to use to grant and revoke privileges. This ID will be recorded as the grantor of any privileges you assign. The **SQLID** field defaults to your TSO user ID, but need not be same as your TSO user ID. The value of **SQLID** is retained until you change it or until you exit the Db2 Option.

Type the option number for the desired grant or revoke action at the **Option ===>** prompt.

Each option brings up an ISPF panel that presents the appropriate SQL keywords and prompts you for required values. Entries are required in all fields except for those below the **Optional** heading at the bottom of the panel. User or group IDs for privilege grantees are entered at the bottom of each panel. Leave this field blank to grant PUBLIC authority.

The only difference in content between panels that grant privileges and panels that revoke privileges is that the word "Grant" is replaced by "Revoke."

IBM's *SQL Reference* for your release of Db2 provides specific information about parameter definitions and required syntax.

Be aware that privileges are inherited from grantor to grantee. This means:

- You cannot grant authorization for privileges you do not possess.
- Revoked authorizations are passed down the grantor/grantee chain. For example, if User 2 is granted a privilege by User 1, and you revoke User 1's privileges, User 2's privileges are also revoked.



**NOTE** You must have SYSADM or SYSCTRL authority to grant or revoke Db2 privileges.

## **Privilege Authorization Panels**

The following panels prompt you for the values needed to grant or revoke Db2 privileges.

### **Grant Collection Privileges**

```
COMMAND ===>

Subsystem Name ===> DB2A

Collection-Id(s) ===>

Select privileges to Grant:

Choose one of the following:

____Create

____Packadm

Choose one of the following:

____On

____In

Optional:

____With Grant Option

Enter a list of user names, separated by commas, or blank for PUBLIC

===>
```

### **Grant Database Privileges**

```
----- DB2: Grant Database Privileges -----
COMMAND ===>
Subsystem name ===> DB2A
Database name(s) ===>
Select privileges to Grant:
 Choose one of the following:
    ____ DBADM ____ Load
____ DBCTRL Reor
    _____Load
____CreateTab ____Repair
___CreateTS ____Starts
____Display
                   ___ StartDB
     ___ Display DB ___ Stats
     __ Drop __ Stop DB
     __ ImagCopy
Optional:
      _ with Grant Option
Enter a list of user names, separated by commas, or blank for PUBLIC
===>
```

### **Grant Package Privileges**

In this panel, grant up to three specific package privileges or **ALL** privileges.

```
----- DB2: Grant Package Privileges ------
COMMAND ===>
Subsystem name ===> DB2A
At least one pair of Collection-id and Package-id is required.
Collection-id ===> Package-id ===> Package-id ===>
Collection-id ===>
                        Package-id ===>
Selection privileges to Grant:
 ____ All (Don't select Bind, Copy, or Execute/Run)
 ____Bind ___Copy __Execute/Run
 Choose one of the following:
 ____Package ___ Program
Optional:
  With Grant Option
Enter a list of users names, separated by commas, or blank for PUBLIC, or ALL
for PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS
===>
```

### **Grant Plan Privileges**

```
COMMAND ===>

Subsystem name ===> DB2A

Plan name ===>

Select privileges to Grant:

_____Bind

_____Execute

Optional:

_____With Grant Option

Enter a list of user names, separated by commas, or blank for PUBLIC

===>
```

### **Grant System Privileges**

COMMAND ===>	DB2: Grant System Privileges
Subsystem name ===> D	32A
Select privileges to Gr Archive Bindadd BSDS CreateAlia CreateDBA CreateDBC CreateSG CreateTMTA Display	ant: Monitor1 Monitor2 Recover Stopall SStospace Sysadm Sysctr1 SYSOPR BTrace
Optional: With Grant Enter a list of user nam ===>	Option les, separated by commas, or blank for PUBLIC

### **Grant Table or View Privileges**

```
----- DB2: Grant Table or View Privileges ------
COMMAND ===>
 Subsystem name ===> DB2A
 Creator name ===>
 Table/View name ===>
 Select privileges to Grant:
          ____ All ___ Don't select Alter, Index, Select, Reference or Update
           ___ Alter
           ___ Index
           ____Select
           ___ References
             Enter column names separated by commas:
           ___ Update
             Enter column names separated by commas:
 Optional: With Grant Option
 Enter list of user names, separated by commas; or blank for PUBLIC; or ALL
  for PUBLIC AT ALL LOCATIONS
  ===>
```

### **Grant Use Privileges**

COMMAND ===>
Subsystem name ===> DB2A
Choose one of the following: Bufferpool Enter a buffer pool name or a list of names, separated by commas BufferPool name ===> All Bufferpools Stogroup Enter a storage group name or a list of names, separated by commas Storage group name ===> Table-space Table-space ===>
Database name ===> (Optional)
Uptional: With Grant Option
Enter a list of user names, separated by commas, or blank for PUBLIC ===>

## **Revoke Collection Privileges**

This panel is provided as an example of a revoke screen. In general, the only difference in content between panels that grant privileges and panels that revoke privileges is that the word "Grant" is replaced by "Revoke."

```
COMMAND ===>

Subsystem Name ===> DB2A

Collection-Id(s) ===>

Select privileges to Revoke:

Choose one of the following:

____Create

____Packadm

Choose one of the following:

____On

____In

Enter a list of user names, separated by commas, or blank for PUBLIC

===>

Enter a list of grantors, separated by commas, or ALL, who have granted

the privileges indicated above. This revokes grantee's privileges.
```

Other privilege revocation panels are similar to this panel, with the following exceptions:

<ul> <li>Revoke Database Privileges</li> </ul>	You can specify multiple database privileges.
<ul> <li>Revoke Package Privileges</li> </ul>	Specify up to 3 package privileges if ALL is not specified.
<ul> <li>Revoke System Privileges</li> </ul>	You can specify multiple system privileges.
<ul> <li>Revoke Table or View Privileges</li> </ul>	Specify up to 3 table or view privileges if ALL is not specified.

# Chapter 8 Table Services

The Table Services facility allows you to perform whole-table operations such as create, rename, label, alter, or drop. It also allows you to copy and insert or delete rows from a table.

## **Starting the Table Services Facility**

To start the Table Services facility, go to the *Menu of DB2 Services* and select option **5 - Table Services**. The **Tables Services** menu displays.

```
----- DB2: Table Services ------
OPTION ===> 1
 1
       Alter a table
       Add a comment/remark to a table or view
 2
       Copy all or selected rows from one table to another
 3
 4
       Create a table
       Create a table like another table
 5
 6
       Create a view
       Create an index on a table
 7
 8
       Delete row(s) from a table or view
 9
       Drop a table or view
       Add a label to a table or view
10
11
        Rename a table
12
       Create an alias for a table
```

Enter the option number for the desired table service at the **Option ===>** prompt.

Each option in the Table Services menu brings up one or more ISPF panels that present the appropriate SQL keywords and prompt you for required values. The options on these panels may differ depending on your release of Db2. IBM's *SQL Reference* for your release of Db2 provides specific information about parameter definitions and required syntax.

## **Table Services Panels**

The following panels support Db2 table services in the Db2 Option. Many can be accessed from DB2List line commands, the DB2List Utility menu, or the **DB2 Column List** panel in addition to the **Table Services** menu.



**NOTE** IBM's *SQL Reference* for your version of Db2 provides parameter definitions and value requirements for the fields in these panels.

## **Creating Tables**

Use the to create a new table from scratch or to "clone" a new table with the column structure of an existing model.

#### Creating a New Table from Scratch

Select Option 4 from the **Table Services** menu to create a new Db2 table from scratch. The **Create a Table** panel displays.

```
----- DB2: Create a Table -----
 Subsystem name
               ===> DB2A
 Creator name
                ===> USER01
 Table name
                ===> NEWTABLE
 Database name
                             (leave blank for default)
                ===>
 Table-space name ===>
                              (leave blank for default)
 Enter the number of columns for this table ===> 10
                                                    (limit is 99)
 Enter the number of referential constraints ===> 1
                                                    (limit is 99)
 Note: The number of columns and the number of referential constraints is
      limited to 99. If more are required, use ALTER TABLE to add more.
```

A maximum of 99 columns and 99 referential constraints can be created initially. If more are required, use **Option 1 - Alter a Table** on the **Table Services** menu to add them.

The Db2 Option prompts you for column information in a panel like the following:

```
----- DB2: Create a Table ------
OPTION ===>
 Column name ===> NEWCOL
                                               Column Number: 1 of 3
 Enter a number for the data type ===> 10
1 Small Integer4 Float Real7 Date9 CharLength===>2 Integer5 Float Double8 Time10 VarChar MaxLength===>15
   Long Varchar 6 TimeStamp
 3
                                    11 Decimal Precision ===>
                                                      Scale
                                                               ===>
The following are optional:
 Not Null ===>
 With ===>
 1 Default 2 User 3 Current SQLID 4 Constant ===>
 Reference Table name ===>
 Column name(s) (one or a list) ===>
 ON DELETE ===>
                        1 Restrict 2 Cascade 3 Set Null 4 No Action
 Check Constraint: Name ===>
                 Check ===>
 FieldProc ===>
                              Constant ===>
```

If you specified the creation of referential constraints (foreign keys) on the first panel, the following panel displays after all columns have been defined.

```
OPTION ===>

Constraint name ===> PARTCHK Constraint Number:1 of 1

Column name(s) (one or a list) ===> FKCOL

Enter Reference Table name ===> PARTS

Column names(s) (one or a list) ===> PART_NUMBER

ON DELETE ===> 4 1 Restrict 2 Cascade 3 Set Null 4 No Action
```

Finally, the Db2 Option prompts you for primary key information.

```
OPTION ===>

To add a Primary or Unique key, select one of the following ===> 1

1 Primary 2 Unique

Enter column name(s) (one or a list) ===> KEYCOL

Enter optional:

Editproc ===>

Validproc program ===>

Audit option ===> 1 None 2 Changes 3 All

OBID number ===>

Data Capture requirement ===> 1 None 2 Changes

With "Restrict On Drop" ===> (Y/N)

Press: END (PF3) to cancel and return to the first screen, or

ENTER to process CREATE statement
```

Press PF6 to submit the SQL CREATE statement to Db2 for validation. At the confirmation screen, press PF6 again to execute it.

### Creating a Table like Another Table

You can create a new table that duplicates the column numbers, names, and data types of an existing model. Only the column structure is duplicated. Primary keys, foreign keys, constraints, and similar features are not duplicated in the new table.



**NOTE** To add a primary key, referential constraints, check constraints, or other table specifications, use **Option 1 - Alter a Table** on the **Table Services** menu after table creation is complete.

Select Option 5 from the **Table Services** menu, or use the Mod1 (Model) command in DB2List, to create a new table from an existing model. The panel **Create a Table Like Another Table** displays.

```
OPTION ===>

Subsystem name ===> DB2A

Creator name ===> USER01

Table name ===> NEWTABLE

Database name ===> INVENTORY

Table-space name ===> (optional)

Like table ===> PARTS
```

The table on which you want to model column structure is identified in the **Like Table** field.

### **Creating a View Over a Table**

Select Option 6 from the **Table Services** menu to create a new view over a single, existing table.

```
----- DB2: Create a View Over a Single Table ------
OPTION ===>
 Subsystem name ===> DB2A
 Name of view ===>
 Column names, separated by commas ===>
 The following are used to describe the table for the sub-select:
 Creator name
                 ===>
 Table name
                 ===>
 Database name
                 ===>
 Enter the columns to be selected (enter an '*' to select the whole table)
 ===>
   WHERE ===>
 With local check option ===>
                                (Y/N)
```

Note that this series of panels, like most functions in Db2 Option Table Services, allows the eventual generated SQL to be edited in its entirety. If you discover that an invalid name has been used in a data entry field, the actual command can be edited during SQL validation to correct the error.

This option supports views over a single table only. To create a view over multiple tables, use the ad hoc *SQL processing facility*.

### **Creating an Index Over a Table**

Select Option 7 from the Table Services menu to create an index over an existing table.

```
----- DB2: Create an Index on a Table -----
OPTION ===>
  Subsystem name ===> DB2A
  Index owner(Creator) ===>
                                (if different from current)
  Index name
                   ===>
  On table with:
                                (if different from current)
  Creator name
                ===>
  Table name
               ===>
  Enter optional Type ===> 1 or 2
  _ Unique
  _ Where Not Null
  Number of Partitions (blank for 0, maximum is 5) ===>
```

### **Altering Tables**

When you select **Option 1 - Alter a Table** from the **Table Services** menu, the **Alter a Table** submenu displays. From this menu, you can add a new column to a table, add or drop keys, or alter constraints and other attributes

```
----- DB2: Alter a Table -----
OPTION ===>
 Subsystem name ===> DB2A
Creator name ===> USER01
 Table or view name ===> PARTS
Enter option number ===>
 1
      Add a column
 2
      Add or Remove a validation procedure
 3
      Alter the Audit attributes
     Add a Primary Key
 4
      Add a Referential Constraint
 5
 6
      Alter the Data Capture options
 7
      Drop a Primary or Foreign Key
      Drop a Constraint or Check Contraint
 8
      Add or Drop "Restrict on Drop"
 9
 10 Add a Check Constraint
```

Type the subsystem name, creator name, and table name for the table whose attributes you want to alter. Then choose an option number for the action desired and press Enter.

One of the following panels prompts you for further parameters. Enter the requested information, then press PF6 to issue your request to Db2. A confirmation screen will display. Press PF6 again to accept the generated SQL statement.

### Adding a Column

The **Add a Column** panel requests the addition of a new column to an existing table. Supported data types include fixed-length and variable-length character data, integers, floating-point numbers (single-precision and double-precision), dates, times, and timestamps. Db2 Large Objects (LOBs) are not supported.

```
----- DB2: Add a Column ------
OPTION ===>
  Column name ===> NEWCOL
  Enter a number for the data type ===> 10
  1 Small Integer4 Float Real7 Date9 CharLength==>2 Integer5 Float Double8 Time10 VarCharMaxLength==>
  3 Long VarChar
                    6 TimeStamp
                                            11 Decimal Precision ===>
                                                        Scale
                                                                   ===>
  Not Null ===> N
  With ===>
  1 Default 2 User 3 Current SQLID 4 Null 5 Constant ==>
  Reference Table name ===>
   Column name(s) (one or a list) ===>
   ON DELETE ===> 2
                          1 Restrict 2 No Action 3 Cascade 4 Set Null
  Check Constraint:Name ===>
                  Check ===>
FieldProc ===>
                          Constant ===>
```

### Adding or Removing a Validation Procedure

The panel to **Add or Remove a Validation Procedure** expects either the name of a validation procedure or the keyword NULL, which removes an existing validation procedure.

```
OPTION ===>
Enter the name of the program or NULL to remove the Validation Procedure
===> VALPGM1
```

Altering the Audit Attribute

```
Enter a number indicating the Audit option ===> 2
1 None 2 Change 3 All
```

### Adding a Primary Key

To designate one or more existing columns in a table as primary keys, enter a commadelimited list of column names at the **Add a Primary Key** panel.

```
OPTION ===>
Enter a column name or a list of names, separated by commas, to add as
Primary Keys ===> PART_NUMBER
```

### Adding a Referential Constraint

To designate one or more existing columns as foreign keys — that is, to add a referential constraint — select the **Add a Referential Constraint** option from the **Alter a Table** menu.

```
OPTION ===>

Constraint name ===>

Enter a column name or a list of columns, separated by commas ===> SUPPLIER

Enter the Reference Table name ===> SUPPLIERS

Column name(s) (one or a list) ===>

ON DELETE ===> 4 1 Restrict 2 No Action 3 Cascade 4 Set Null
```

•	Constraint name	Name for the new referential constraint. Db2 will generate a name if not provided.
•	Enter a column name or a list	Column(s) in target table to become foreign keys with referential constraint(s). Comma-delimited list accepted.
•	Reference table name	Name of reference table against which referential integrity must be checked. Long table names (128 bytes) are supported, wrapped over two lines on the panel.
•	Column name(s)	Columns in reference table against which referential integrity must be checked. May be omitted if reference columns have same names as target columns.

#### Altering Data Capture Options

```
OPTION ===>
Enter a number indicating the new Data Capture option ===> 1
1 None 2 Change
```

### Dropping a Primary or Foreign Key

Type the name of a foreign key constraint at the **Drop a Primary or Foreign Key** panel to drop a foreign key. Leave the panel blank to drop a primary key. Press PF6 to generate the ALTER statement and see a confirmation screen.

```
OPTION ===>
Enter the Foreign Key constraint name or blank for a Primary Key:
===> SUPPLIER
```

Dropping a Constraint or Check Constraint

```
OPTION ===>

Choose one of the following:

___Constraint to drop the named constraint

__Check to drop the named Check condition

Enter the name associated with the above ===>
```

Adding or Dropping "Restrict on Drop"

```
OPTION ===>
Enter the number indicating whether to Add or Drop "Restrict on Drop":
===> 1 Add 2 Drop
```

Adding a Check Constraint

```
OPTION ===>
Constraint name ===>
Enter a check-condition ===>
```

### Adding Comments and Labels to Tables or Views

Both the Table Services facility and DB2List provide methods for adding comments and labels to tables and views.

#### Adding Comments or Remarks to Tables or Views

Select Option 2 from the **Table Services** menu or use the Comm (Comment) and Rem (Remark) line commands in DB2List to add a comment or remark to a table or view.

```
OPTION ===>
Subsystem name ===> DB2A
Creator name ===> USER01
Table or view name ===> PARTS
Enter Comment/Remark This is a 254-byte comment.
```

The name of the Db2 subsystem and the name of the table or view are required entries. These fields are prepopulated with the selected table or view name and the active Db2 subsystem when you invoke the function from DB2List.

Type up to 254 characters in the **Comment/Remark** field and press Enter.

#### Adding Labels to Tables or Views

Select Option 10 from the **Table Services** menu or use the Lab1 (Label) line command in DB2List to add a comment or remark to a table or view.

```
OPTION ===>

Subsystem name ===> DB2A

Creator name ===> USER01

Table or view name ===> PARTS

Enter the label ===>
```

The name of the Db2 subsystem and the name of the table or view are required entries. These fields are prepopulated with the selected table or view name and the active Db2 subsystem when you invoke the function from DB2List.

Type up to 30 characters in the **Label** field and press Enter. Leave the **Label** field blank to erase an existing label.

### **Renaming a Table or View**

Select Option 11 from the **Table Services** menu or use the Ren (Rename) line command in DB2List to name a table. The following panel displays.

```
OPTION ===>

Subsystem name ===> DB2A

Creator name ===> USER01

Table or view name ===> OLDNAME

Enter the new name ===> NEWNAME
```

Subsystem name, creator name, and table or view name are prepopulated in this panel when you use DB2List.

### Creating an Alias for a Table

Select Option 12 from the **Table Services** menu or use the Alia (Alias) line command in DB2List to create an alias for an existing table.

```
OPTION ===>
Subsystem name ===> DB2A
Creator name ===> USER01
Table or view name ===> OLDNAME
Enter alias ===> NEWNAME
```

Subsystem name, creator name, and table or view name are prepopulated in this panel when you use DB2List.

## **Dropping a Table or View**

Select Option 9 from the **Table Services** menu or use the Drop line command in DB2List to drop an existing table or view from the current database.

```
OPTIONDB2: Drop a Table or ViewOPTION===>Subsystem name===> DB2ACreator name===> USER01Object being dropped===> 1Table or view name===> TEMPTABLE
```
# Chapter 9 Displaying System Tables with DB2SYST

The DB2SYST facility of the Db2 Option lets you view Db2 system tables for indexes, keys, relations, table spaces, plans, and packages associated with a Db2 table. You can also use the **Sys** (System Table) command of DB2List to view system tables.

# Starting DB2SYST

Start the DB2SYST facility in one of two ways:

- Go to the *Menu of DB2 Services* and select option 6 DB2SYST.
- Enter the SYS (System Table) line command for the desired table in a DB2List table list.

The first part of the **Display System Tables** panel displays.

COMMAND ===>	System Tables
Subsystem name===> DB2AName 1 mask===> USER01Name 2 mask===> PARTS	(userid, owner, creator, etc) (table name or long name )
System table code ===> (see	list below)
Code Description	System Table Name 1 Name 2
- IX indexes of a given table IP index partitions IS index partition stats IK key columns an index table RL column relations between tables FK foreign keys of a given table TS table spaces TA table authorizations TG table grantor TE table grantees	SYSINDEXESCreatorTableSYSINDEXPARTCreatorIndex nameSYSINDEXSTATSOwnerNameSYSKEYSCreatorIndex nameSYSRELSCreatorRef tableSYSFOREIGNKEYSCreatorTable nameSYSTABLESPACECreatorNameSYSTABAUTHCreatorTable nameSYSTABAUTHGrantorTable nameSYSTABAUTHGranteeTable name
PNN plan names PNQ plan names PNA plan authorizations PNG plan grantor PNE plan grantee	SYSPLANCreatorPlannameSYSPLANQualifierPlannameSYSPLANAUTHn/aPlannameSYSPLANAUTHGrantorPlannameSYSPLANAUTHGranteePlanname
PKN package name and collection ID PKO package owner and collection ID PKQ package qualifier & collection ID	SYSPACKAGE Name Col ID SYSPACKAGE Owner Col ID SYSPACKAGE Qualifier Col ID

Use the PF8 key to scroll down through the remainder of the **Display System Tables** panel.

COMMAND ===>	32: Display System Tables		
Subsystem name===> DName 1 mask===> USName 2 mask===> P/	B2A SER01 (userid, ARTS (table n	owner, cre ame or long	eator, etc) g name )
System table code ===>	(see list below)		More: -
PLN pack list name & collecti	on ID SYSPACKLIST	Name	Col ID
PLP pack list plan name and I	D SYSPACKLIST	Plan name	Col ID
PLL pack list name and locati	on SYSPACKLIST	Name	Location
DBR DBRM by name and plan nam	ne SYSDBRM	Name	Plan name
PRO Procedures	SYSPROCEDURES	Author	Procedure
PKA package authority	SYSPACKAUTH	Name	Col ID
PKG package authority Grantor	SYSPACKAUTH	Grantor	Col ID
PKE package authority Grantee	SYSPACKAUTH	Grantee	Col ID
DBA Database name	SYSDATABASE	Creator	Name
DBS Database storage group	SYSDATABASE	Groupname	Name
STG Storage group	SYSSTOGROUP	Groupname	Creator
VOL Volumes	SYSSVOLUMES	Groupname	Volume name
SSA System user authority	SYSSUSERAUTH	Grantor	Grantee
RSA Resource authority	SYSSRESAUTH	Qualifier	Name
RSG Resource authority Granto	SYSSRESAUTH	Grantor	Name
RSE Resource authority Grante	SYSSRESAUTH	Grantee	Name

# **Viewing a System Table**

To view a system table, enter the following information in the **Display System Tables** panel:

<ul> <li>Subsystem name ==&gt;</li> </ul>	Name of currently selected Db2 subsystem.
<ul> <li>Name 1 mask==&gt;</li> </ul>	User ID or group name of table owner, creator, grantor, or author associated with the desired system table. See <b>Name 1</b> column for value required by system table type. Default value is current TSO user ID.
Name 2 mask==>	Table name, index name, column name, procedure name, plan name, volume name, location, or similar value associated with the desired system table. See <b>Name 2</b> column for value required system table type. Default value is name of most recently opened table. Long table names (128 bytes) are supported.
<ul> <li>System table code==&gt;</li> </ul>	Code for type of system table desired. Must match a value in the <b>Code</b> column of the panel.

Press **Enter** to retrieve the results from the corresponding Db2 system table.

For example, you might want to view the primary index for the PARTS table, entering code IX in the **System table code** field. The contents of the index display in PVIEW. System pointers and other Db2-internal columns do not display. For example:

```
PEDIT-VIEW DB2A SYSIBM.SYSINDEXES ----- COLUMNS 000001 000072
COMMAND ===>
                                           SCROLL ===> CSR
NAME | PART_NUMBER
PIC
    |INTEGER
NUMBER | 2
                                                      #
000001
         2001
          2011
000002
000003
          2021
000004
          2031
000005
          2041
000006
          2051
000007
          2061
000008
          2081
*****
```

Press PF3 to exit the system table viewing session.

# Appendix A Installing and Configuring the Db2 Option

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# **Installing and Licensing the Db2 Option**

The underlying code for the Db2 Option is installed automatically with the base product for StarTool FDM. However, activating this feature requires an additional license. Contact your sales representative or Micro Focus Customer Support to obtain a license key.

Optional license keys may be applied to an existing installation without reinstalling code. This is done using Micro Focus's licensing software, SER10TY. For instructions, refer to the SER10TY User's Guide.

## Authorizing Access to the Db2 Option

Your Db2 environment requires configuration to enable StarTool FDM access. Perform the following steps:

1 For each Db2 system that uses the StarTool FDM Db2 Option, execute a customized version of the BINDJCL procedure. BINDJCL resides in the StarTool FDM installation library *somnode*.PDSE*vrm*.CNTL. It looks something like the following:

```
//JOBNAME JOB ...
//*
   MEMBER: somnode.PDSEvrm.CNTL(BINDJCL)
//*
   BIND THE APPLICATION PLANS
   THIS USES DBRM MEMBER PDSSQL IN THIS LIBRARY
//*
//BIND
        EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01, REGION=1000K
        DD DSN=SOMENODE.PDSEvrm.CNTL,DISP=SHR
//DBRMLIB
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
PROFILE MSGID
DSN SYSTEM(DB2A)
  BIND PLAN(PDSPLAN1)
  MEMBER(PDSSQL)
       ACTION(ADD) ISOLATION(CS)
```

BIND PLAN(PDSPLAN2) MEMBER(PDSSQL) ACTION(ADD) ISOLATION(RR) END

/\*



**NOTE** Do not change the name of the PDSSQL member. This member name must match the internal ID, and it must match the CSECT name using this plan.

**2** Next, issue an SQL statement similar to the following on each Db2 Option system using PUBLIC privilege:

GRANT EXECUTE ON PLAN PDSPLAN1, PDSPLAN2 TO PUBLIC

The use of PUBLIC permits anyone to use the plan for the StarTool FDM Db2 Option. However, you can limit access by specifying a list of other authorization names instead of PUBLIC if you require different plan controls.

+

+

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