
Micro Focus Security ArcSight SmartConnectors

SmartConnector for Amazon Web Services Security Hub Configuration Guide

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Contact Information

Phone	A list of phone numbers is available on the Technical Support Page: https://softwaresupport.softwaregrp.com/support-contact-information
Support Web Site	https://softwaresupport.softwaregrp.com/
ArcSight Product Documentation	https://community.softwaregrp.com/t5/ArcSight-Product-Documentation/ctp/productdocs

Revision History

Date	Description
12/03/2020	<p>Added support for the Avro output format when a destination is selected as Transformation Hub.</p> <p>Updated the architecture diagram.</p> <p>Updated ASFF Keys for: "GuardDuty AWS_API_CALL"," GuardDuty DNS_REQUEST", "GuardDuty NETWORK_CONNECTION", and "GuardDuty PORT_PROBE".</p> <p>Added the "Enabling New Security Services" Support section.</p> <p>Other doc improvements.</p>
07/24/2020	<p>First edition of this guide.</p> <p>Added support for GuardDuty event collection through AWS EventBridge.</p>

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SmartConnector for Amazon Web Services Security Hub

This guide provides information to install the SmartConnector for Amazon Web Services Security Hub and to configure the device for GuardDuty event collection through AWS EventBridge.

Product Overview

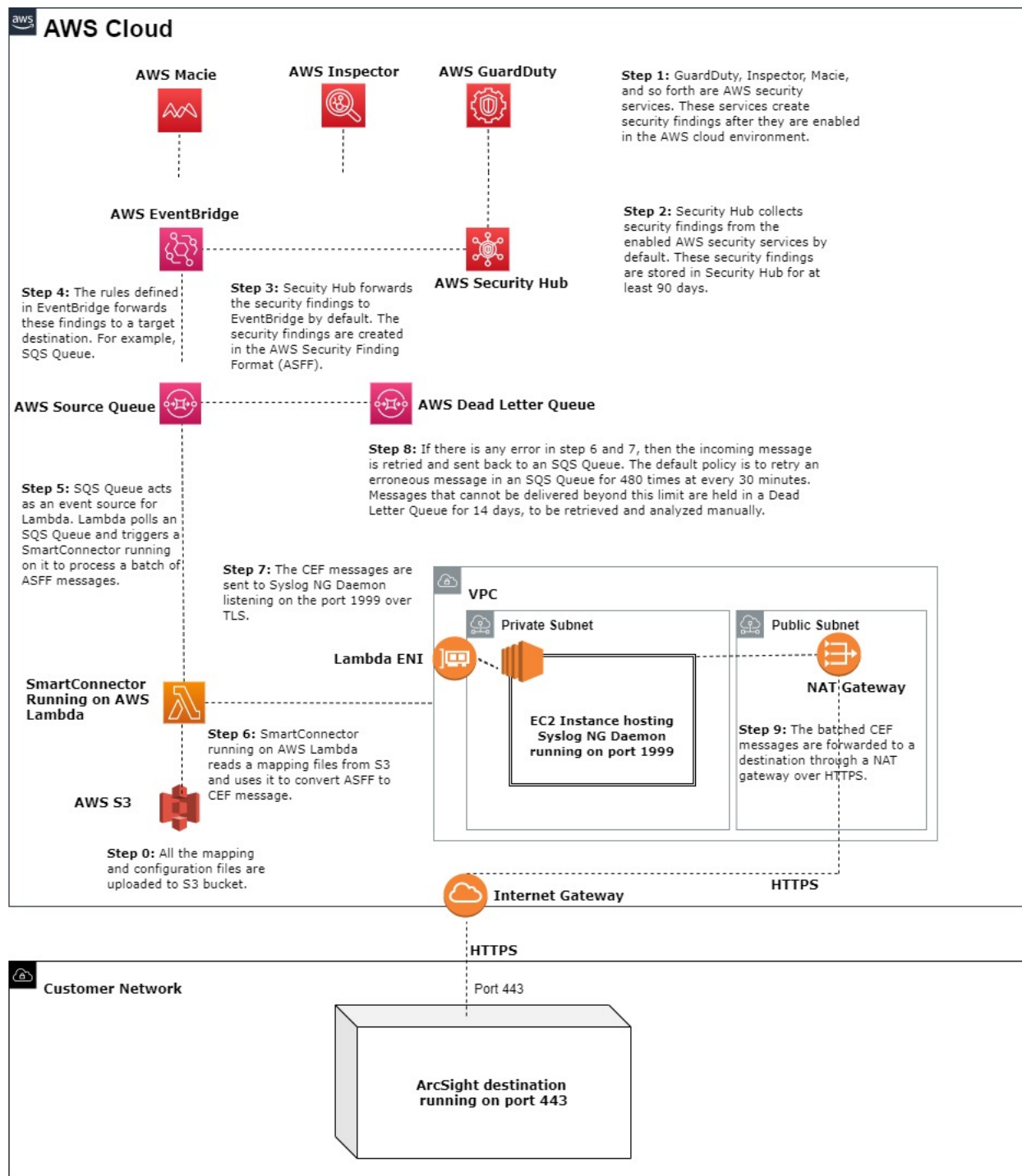
AWS cloud currently supports Amazon GuardDuty. The Amazon GuardDuty service creates security findings after it is enabled in the AWS cloud environment.

AWS Security Hub is AWS's own security finding aggregator. When enabled in an AWS cloud environment, it aggregates, organizes, and prioritizes these security findings, from multiple AWS security services, and forwards them to AWS EventBridge in ASFF format.

The SmartConnector for AWS Security Hub integrates the Security Hub with the AWS EventBridge to facilitate collection of security findings. The AWS Security Hub connector converts the security findings, originally in ASFF format to CEF format, and forwards them to an ArcSight destination. Consequently, enabling other ArcSight destinations, such as ESM or Logger so that they can process these security findings.

Understanding Data Collection

The following diagram provides a high-level overview of how the AWS Security Hub connector collects and sends GuardDuty events through EventBridge to an ArcSight destination.



Permissions to run the CloudFormation Template

The following permission are required to run the CloudFormation Template:

- AmazonS3FullAccess
- CloudwatchEventsFullAccess
- AmazonSQSFullAccess
- LambdaFullAccess
- CloudwatchFullAccess
- EC2FullAccess

Installation

Prerequisites

1. Enable Guard Duty in your AWS environment.
2. Enable Security Hub in your AWS environment.
3. Ensure that you have the AWS permissions to run the Cloud Formation Template.
4. Create an existing VPC with a private and public subnet created.
5. Create an EC2 instance in a private subnet, the route table points to a NAT gateway.
SyslogNGDaemon is installed here.
6. Create a EC2 instance in a public subnet. A public subnet is associated with an internet gateway.
SSH connects to the EC2 in a private instance where SyslogNGDaemon is installed.

Note: For more information, see ["Configuring an Amazon VPC and Subnets " on page 10](#)

7. Create two security groups. One for Lambda and the other for the EC2 instance. For more information, see ["Configuring SecurityGroup for Lambda" on page 11.](#)
8. Create or select an S3 Bucket. For more information, see [Creating and configuring an S3 bucket.](#)

The external1.properties file, **Maps** folder, ArcSight SmartConnector certificate, arcsight-aws-securityhub-connector-1.1.0.jar, and installer.json are stored here.

Note: The S3 bucket region must be the same in which the AWS Security Hub SmartConnector is supposed to run and collect process data from.

9. Upload the arcsight-aws-securityhub-connector-1.1.0.jar file to the S3 bucket.

This file is available in the AWS Security Hub Connector installer zip file.

10. Upload the `installer.json` file to your S3 bucket.

This file is available in the AWS Security Hub Connector installer zip file.

11. Upload the `maps` folder to your S3 bucket. You can either create a `maps` folder and upload the content of the folder or copy the `Maps` folder itself.

This file is available in the AWS Security Hub Connector installer zip file.

12. Create a `certs` folder and upload the Syslog NG Daemon Connector certificate to your S3 bucket.

The certificate is located in the installation folder of the Syslog NG Daemon SmartConnector:

`$INSTALLATIONFOLDER/current/user/agent/remote_management.p12`.

13. Upload the `external.properties` file to your S3 bucket.

This file is used by a Java function running in Lambda and invokes the SyslogNGDaemon SmartConnector.

14. To update this file:

```
##
## external properties file to upload to s3
##
##
##Valid properties
##
##Arcsight connector hostname or ip address, required parameter
#host.name=0.0.0.0
##
##Arcsight connector port number, required parameter
#port.number=9999
##
##Arcsight connector certificate bucket location in s3, required parameter
#certificate.bucket=bucket_name
##
##Arcsight connector certificate key location in s3, required parameter
#certificate.key=path/to/file
##
##Arcsight connector certificate password, required parameter
#certificate.password=password
##
##Log Level changes the log level to the specified level
##value can be any of: info debug error all warn fatal trace off
```

```

##case insensitive value
##required parameter
#log.level=info debug error all warn fatal trace off
host.name: [IP of the private EC2 instance running SyslogNGDaemon]
port.number:1999
certificate.override.bucket.name: [S3bucket name]
certificate.override.key.file: certs/remote_management.p12
certificate.override.keystore.password: crY2cvNdo8wpFdYdDrslv8cdMAV9f33A56hC+zXsqK4=
map.override.bucket.name: [S3bucket name]
map.override.bucket.directory: maps
log.level: info

```

15. If the private EC2 instance is a Windows machine, then open the relevant ports. For more information, see ["Opening Ports" on page 12](#)
The Linux EC2 machines do not require this step.

Configuring an Amazon VPC and Subnets

To configure an existing VPC, you must create a private subnet and associate it with the lambda function.

To create a public subnet:

1. Create an internet gateway if you do not have one.
2. From the VPC console, go to the navigation pane and select **Subnets**.
3. To create a new subnet, select **Create Subnet**. Otherwise, select an existing subnet.
4. Click the **Route Table** tab, then click **Edit**.
5. Click **Change to:**, then type or select an appropriate route table.

The default route must point to an internet gateway.

To create a NAT gateway:

1. From the VPC console, go to the navigation pane and select **NAT Gateways > Create NAT Gateway**.
2. Click **Subnet**, then type or select the public subnet you created.
3. Click **Elastic IP Allocation ID** field, select an existing Elastic IP address or **Create New EIP**, and then click **Create a NAT Gateway**.

When the status changes to **available**, you can use this EIP allocation ID.

To create a route table:

1. From the VPC console, select **Route Tables > Create Route Table**.
2. In the **Name tag** field, enter the appropriate name.
3. Click **VPC**, select your VPC, and then click **Yes, Create**.
4. Select the new route table, then click the **Routes** tab.
5. Click **Edit**, then select **Add another route**.

Destination: 0.0.0.0/0

Target: private subnet with the NAT gateway created in the previous step

Configuring SecurityGroup for Lambda

Create a SecurityGroup for Lambda with the following inbound or outbound rules:

Inbound rules					Edit inbound rules
Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description - optional	
No rules found					
This security group has no inbound rules.					

Create a SecurityGroup for an EC2 instance with the following inbound or outbound rules:

Inbound rules					Edit inbound rules
Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Description - optional	
SSH	TCP	22	0.0.0.0/0	SSH Management Traffic	
SSH	TCP	22	0.0.0.0/0 (SG_Conn_NGSyslog)	SSH Between EC2 instances	
Custom TCP	TCP	1999	0.0.0.0/0 (SG_Conn_LambdaNGSyslog)	From Lambda	
RDP	TCP	3389	0.0.0.0/0	RDP Traffic	

Note:

SSH is enabled to facilitate the Syslog NG Daemon SmartConnector installation in a private EC2 instance on Linux.

RDP is enabled to facilitate the Syslog NG Daemon installation in a private EC2 instance on Windows.

The Lambda connects to Syslog NG Daemon's port (1999) over TLS as shown in "[Understanding Data Collection](#)" on page 6.

After the Syslog NG Daemon SmartConnector is installed in the EC2 instance, you must remove the SSH and RDP rules for security purposes.

Configuring an EC2 Instance

To launch EC2 services from the AWS console:

1. Click **Instances**.
2. Click **Launch Instance**.
3. Click **Community AMI**.
It displays a list of operating systems.
4. From Red Hat, select **Redhat 7.6** operating system, if you want to deploy an EC2 instance on Linux.
5. Select the Instance type as **t2.micro**.
6. Click **Next: Configure Instance details**, then select network **custom_vpc**.
7. Select the subnet.
8. Enable Auto-assign public IP address.
9. From the network interface, click **Add IP** for a secondary IP address.
10. Click **Next: Add Storage** and keep the original values.
11. Click **Next: Add Tags** and optionally enter the key and value details.
12. Click **Next: Add Security Group**.
13. Click **Create a New Security Group** or select an existing group.
14. Click **Review and Launch**.
15. Click **Launch**.
16. Select **Create a New Key Pair**.
17. Enter the keypair name as **test.pem**.
18. Click **Download Key Pair**.

Opening Ports

You must ensure that the ports on the server on which you installed the Syslog NG Daemon SmartConnector is accessible from AWS. The procedure to open ports varies based on whether you have installed Syslog NG Daemon SmartConnector on a virtual machine or not.

Opening Ports on a Non-Virtual Machine

If you have installed the Syslog NG Daemon SmartConnector on a physical or non-virtual machine, then ensure that the ports on which you installed it are accessible to AWS.

Opening Ports on a Virtual Machine

If you have installed the Syslog NG Daemon SmartConnector on a virtual machine in AWS, then ensure that the ports on which you installed Syslog NG Daemon SmartConnector are open in both AWS and virtual machine.

To open inbound ports on AWS:

1. Log in to the AWS as a user with administrative rights.
2. Go to **Services** and select **EC2**.
3. Select **Instances**.
4. Choose the EC2 instance you want to edit.
5. Click **Launch-Wizard**.
6. Edit the **Inbound** and **Outbound** fields as required.

To open ports in the virtual server:

1. Log in to the virtual AWS machine.
2. Open the AWS Firewall.
3. Click Inbound **Rules** > **New Rule** > **Port** > **Next** > **TCP** > **Specific local ports**.
4. Enter the same port or port range on which you installed the Syslog NG Daemon SmartConnector.
5. Click **Next** > **Allow the connection** > **Next** > **Profile** > **Next**.
6. Enter the name of a rule.
7. Click **Finish**.

Note: You need to follow these steps only for the Windows instances and not for the Linux EC2 instances.

Security Hub SmartConnector Installation

The Security Hub SmartConnector solution uses AWS cloud resources such as Security Hub, EventBridge (CloudwatchEvent), SQS, and Lambda to source and parse ASFF messages to CEF messages and then to forward them to Syslog NG Daemon.

Syslog NG Daemon batches and forwards these CEF messages to an Arcsight destination.

To complete the Security Hub SmartConnector installation, complete the procedures in the following sections:

Installing Syslog NG Daemon as a Forwarding Agent

1. Launch the EC2 Instance in a public subnet and a private subnet.
2. Log in to the public EC2 instance using the key.
You can use either PuTTY or MobaXterm software tool.
3. Upload the key of the private EC2 instance to the public EC2 instance.
4. From the public EC2 instance, run the `chmod 600 testprivate.pem` command.
5. SSH to the private instance using the `ssh ec2-user@private-ip-address -i testprivate.pem` command.
6. Upload the Syslog NG Daemon installer to public EC2 instance. You can use MobaXterm to upload this installer.
7. Copy the Syslog NG Daemon installer to the private EC2 instance by using the following command:

```
scp -i testprivate.pem ArcSight-7.15.0.8287.0-Connector-Linux64.bin ec2-user@private-ip-address:/home/ec2-user/.
```
8. Configure the Syslog NG Daemon SmartConnector in the private instance.
9. Select **1.0** as the CEF File version.
10. Configure the Protocol as default TLS.
11. Configure the Port 1999.
12. Select **CSV File/CEF File** as the destination, unless you are using any other ArcSight product like Logger or ESM.

Note: To emit the Avro output, you need to select Transformation Hub as the destination. For more information, refer to the *Transformation Hub* section in the [Smart Connector User Guide](#).
13. Run the SmartConnector as a standalone process or as a service.
14. After the deployment is complete, upload the `remote_management.p12` certificate file that is in the `$ARCSIGHT_HOME/current/user/agent` path to the S3 bucket certs folder.

Creating AWS Cloud Resources Using Cloud Formation Template (CFT)

The AWS Security Hub SmartConnector installer is downloaded as a zip file. Inside the zip file, you can find a jar file containing the java function to be deployed in Lambda and a installer.json file which is a Cloud Formation Template. The CFT is used to generate the AWS cloud resources, For more information, see ["Understanding Data Collection" on page 6](#).

1. Log in to the AWS Web console as a user with appropriate permission. For more information, see ["Permissions to run the CloudFormation Template" on page 8](#).
2. From **Find Services**, search **CloudFormation Service**.
3. From the CloudFormation service console, click **Create Stack**.
4. Click **With New Resources (Standard)**.

The following window is displayed.

Prerequisite - Prepare template

Prepare template
Every stack is based on a template. A template is a JSON or YAML file that contains configuration information about the AWS resources you want to include in the stack.

☒ Template is ready
 ☐ Use a sample template
 ☐ Create template in Designer

Specify template
A template is a JSON or YAML file that describes your stack's resources and properties.

Template source
Selecting a template generates an Amazon S3 URL where it will be stored.

☒ Amazon S3 URL
 ☐ Upload a template file

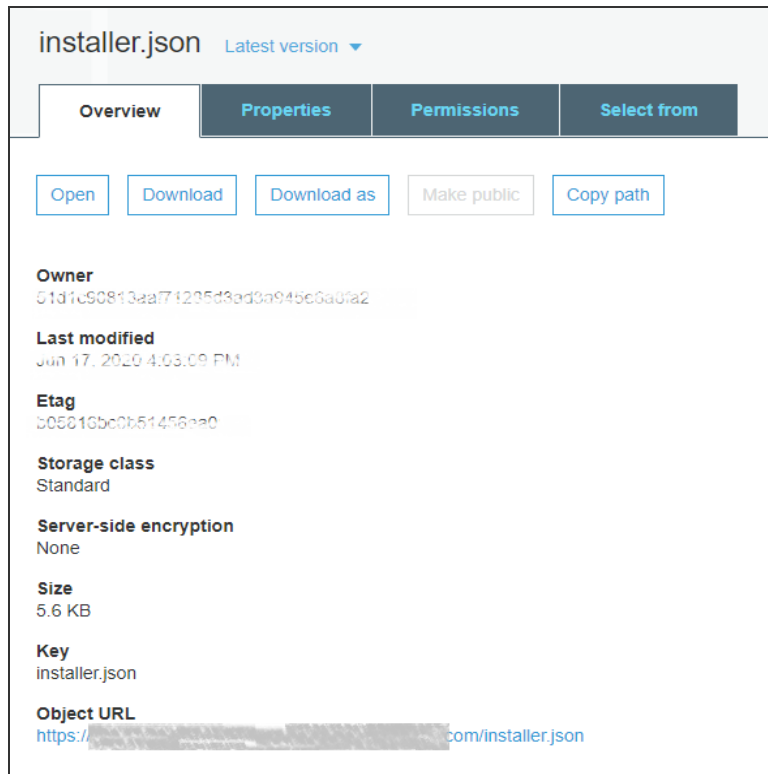
Amazon S3 URL

 Amazon S3 template URL

S3 URL: Will be generated when URL is provided

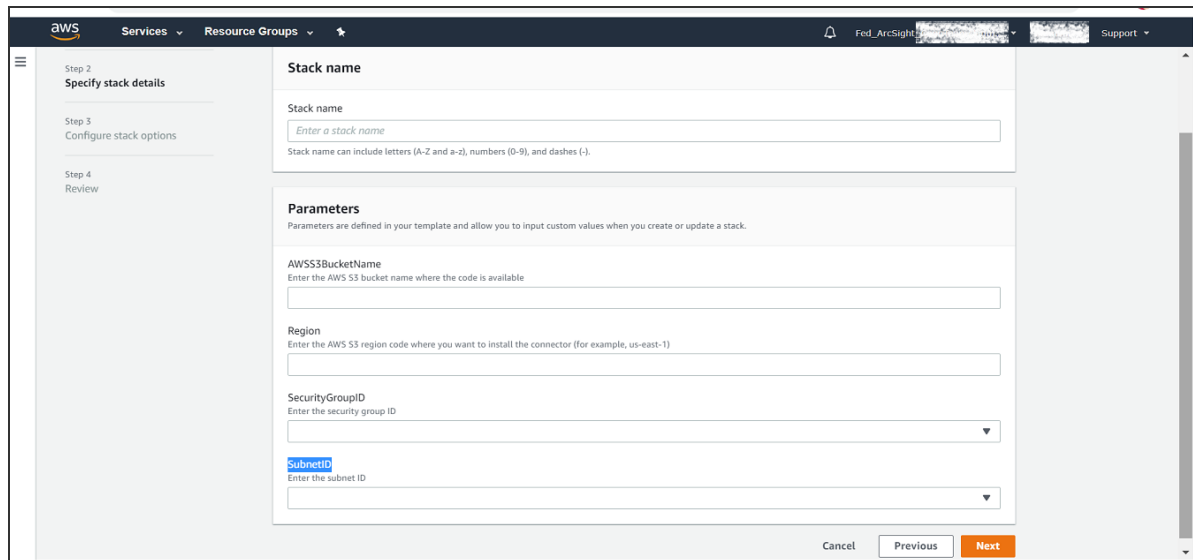
[View in Designer](#)

5. For **Amazon S3 URL**, enter the Object URL of the installer.json file uploaded to your S3 bucket.
6. Click the **installer.json** file to get the URL of S3 object.



- Click **Next**.

The following window is displayed:



- Enter the **Stack Name**.

Note: A stack name must be unique for each region.

- Enter the name of the S3 bucket in which the installer.json is located.
- Enter the **Region** code in which you want to install the connector.

Note: It must be same as the S3 bucket region.

11. Select the Security Group created for Lambda.
12. Select the private subnet you created.
13. Click **Next** and keep the default values.
14. Select the **I acknowledge that AWS CloudFormation might create IAM resources** check box.
15. Click **Create Stack**.

CloudFormation service starts deploying all the resources as per the CFT. When the resources are successfully deployed, the status changes to UPDATE_COMPLETE.

Security Hub Connector Post-Deployment Configuration

Currently, the SQS queue is configured to re-send failed messages 480 times in a 30 minutes interval for 10 days. This setting can be changed by updating the stack.

Note: This step is optional. You can keep the default settings.

To update the stack:

1. From the stack console, click **Update**.
2. Choose **Edit Template in Designer** and click **View Designer**.
3. Update the **maxReceiveCount** value.
4. Click **Create stack**, continue clicking **Next**, and then click **Update Stack**.

Upgrading the Security Hub SmartConnector

1. Update your Amazon S3 bucket. To update:
 - a. Upload the latest version of the JAR and Installer.json files.
 - b. Upload the latest map folder.
2. Rename the uploaded JAR file with a new version.
 Example: If the deployed JAR file name is `arcsight-aws-securityhub-connector-1.2.0.jar`, then you can rename it to `arcsight-aws-securityhub-connector-1.3.0.jar`.
3. Update the JAR version mentioned in the installer.json file.
 Example: Change `"S3Key": "arcsight-aws-securityhub-connector-1.1.0.jar"` to `"S3Key": "arcsight-aws-securityhub-connector-1.3.0.jar"`. Save the updated Installer.json file to an S3 bucket.
4. From the stack console, click **Update**, then select **Replace Current Template**.

5. For **Amazon S3 URL**, enter the ObjectURL of the Installer.json file that is uploaded to your S3 bucket.
6. Continue clicking **Next**.
7. Select the **I acknowledge that AWS CloudFormation might create IAM resources** check box to acknowledge the capabilities of AWS CloudFormation template.
8. Click **Update Stack** to submit an updated template.

CloudFormation service starts deploying all the resources as per CFT. When the resources are successfully deployed, the status changes to UPDATE_COMPLETE.

Undeploying the AWS Security Hub SmartConnector

1. Go to CloudFormation console.
2. From the **Filter by Stack name** search box, enter the stack name.
3. From the stack console, click **delete**.
4. Click **Delete Stack**.

All the AWS cloud resources will be deleted. The VPC components and the EC2 instances must be manually deleted as they were manually created.

ASFF Keys to ArcSight Fields

Header

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Version	deviceCustomFloatingPoint1
Id	devicePayloadId
Detail-type	requestMethod
Account	deviceExternalID
Time	deviceReceiptTime
Region	deviceDnsDomain
Resources	requestCookies

GuardDuty Default

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Product Arn	deviceFacility
Types	deviceCustomString2
Description	requestContext
SchemaVersion	deviceCustomDate2
Generator Id	deviceProcessName
First Observed At	startTime
Created At	fileCreateTime
Record State	oldFileHash
Title	message
Workflow / Status	oldFileId
Last Observed At	endTime
Severity / Normalized	DeviceCustomNumber2
Severity / Label	deviceSeverity

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Updated At	fileModificationTime
Aws Account Id	destinationZoneExternalID
Id	oldFilePermission

GuardDuty AWS_API_CALL

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
aws/guardduty/service/action/actionType : aws/guardduty/service/action/resourceRole	name,deviceEventClassId
aws/guardduty/service/action/awsApiCallAction/serviceName	sourceServiceName
aws/guardduty/service/action/awsApiCallAction/callerType	requestClientApplication
aws/guardduty/service/action/awsApiCallAction/remotepDetails/ipAddressV4	sourceAddress
aws/guardduty/service/action/awsApiCallAction/remotepDetails/organization/	deviceCustomString1
aws/guardduty/service/action/awsApiCallAction/remotepDetails/country/countryName	deviceCustomString6
aws/guardduty/service/action/awsApiCallAction/remotepDetails/city/cityName	
aws/guardduty/service/resourceRole	
aws/guardduty/service/additionalInfo/	requestUrl
aws/guardduty/service/archived	filePermission
aws/guardduty/service/count	baseEventCount
aws/securityhub/FindingId	fileId
aws/securityhub/ProductName	deviceEventCategory
aws/securityhub/CompanyName	deviceHostName

GuardDuty DNS_REQUEST

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
aws/guardduty/service/action/actionType : aws/guardduty/service/action/resourceRole	name,deviceEventClassId
aws/guardduty/service/action/dnsRequestAction/domain	destinationDnsDomain
aws/guardduty/service/action/dnsRequestAction/protocol	transportProtocol
aws/guardduty/service/action/dnsRequestAction/blocked	deviceAction
aws/guardduty/service/resourceRole	deviceCustomString6

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
aws/guardduty/service/additionalInfo/	requestUrl
aws/guardduty/service/evidence/threatIntelligenceDetails.0_ /threatNames.0_	deviceCustomString4
aws/guardduty/service/evidence/threatIntelligenceDetails.0_ /threatListName	
aws/guardduty/service/archived	filePermission
aws/guardduty/service/count	baseEventCount
aws/securityhub/FindingId	fileId
aws/securityhub/ProductName	deviceEventCategory
aws/securityhub/CompanyName	deviceHostName

GuardDuty NETWORK_CONNECTION

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
aws/guardduty/service/action/actionType : aws/guardduty/service/action/resourceRole	name,deviceEventClassId
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/connectionDirection	deviceDirection
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/remotelpDetails/ipAddressV4	sourceAddress
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/remotelpDetails/organization/asn	deviceCustomString1
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/remotelpDetails/organization/asnOrg	
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/remotelpDetails/organization/isp	
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/remotelpDetails/organization/org	
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/remotelpDetails/country/countryName	
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/remotelpDetails/geoLocation/lat	sourceGeoLatitude
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/remotelpDetails/geoLocation/lon	sourceGeoLongitude
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/remotePortDetails/port	sourcePort
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/remotePortDetails/portName	sourceServiceName
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/localPortDetails/port	destinationPort
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/localPortDetails/portName	destinationServiceName
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/protocol	transportProtocol

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/blocked	deviceAction
aws/guardduty/service/action/networkConnectionAction/localIpDetails/ipAddressV4	destinationAddress
aws/guardduty/service/resourceRole	deviceCustomString6
aws/guardduty/service/archived	filePermission
aws/guardduty/service/count	baseEventCount
aws/securityhub/FindingId	fileId
aws/securityhub/ProductName	deviceEventCategory
aws/securityhub/CompanyName	deviceHostName

GuardDuty PORT_PROBE

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
aws/guardduty/service/action/actionType : aws/guardduty/service/action/resourceRole	name,deviceEventClassId
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_ /localPortDetails/port	destinationPort
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_ /localPortDetails/portName	destinationServiceName
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_ /remoteIpDetails/ipAddressV4	sourceAddress
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_ /remoteIpDetails/organization/asn	deviceCustomString1
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_ /remoteIpDetails/organization/asnOrg	
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_ /remoteIpDetails/organization/isp	
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_ /remoteIpDetails/organization/org	
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_ /remoteIpDetails/country/countryName	
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_ /remoteIpDetails/city/cityName	
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_ /remoteIpDetails/geoLocation/lat	sourceGeoLatitude

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/portProbeDetails.0_/remoteIpDetails/geoLocation/lon	sourceGeoLongitude
aws/guardduty/service/action/portProbeAction/blocked	deviceAction
aws/guardduty/service/resourceRole	deviceCustomString6
aws/guardduty/service/additionalInfo/	requestUrl
aws/guardduty/service/evidence/threatIntelligenceDetails.0_/threatNames.0_	deviceCustomString4
aws/guardduty/service/evidence/threatIntelligenceDetails.0_/threatListName	
aws/guardduty/service/evidence/threatIntelligenceDetails.1_/threatNames.0_	
aws/guardduty/service/evidence/threatIntelligenceDetails.1_/threatListName	
aws/guardduty/service/count[AJ1]	baseEventCount
aws/securityhub/FindingId	fileId
aws/securityhub/ProductName	deviceEventCategory
aws/securityhub/CompanyName	deviceHostName

Resource Header

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Id	filePath
Partition	deviceDomain
Tags	deviceCustomString3
Type	fileType

ResourcesDetailsAwsEc2Instance

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
I am Instance Profile Arn	oldFilePath
KeyName	event.oldFileName
Type	fileName
VpcId SubnetId ImageId	oldFileType
IpV6Addresses	deviceCustomString5
IpV4Addresses	deviceCustomString5
Launched At	deviceCustomDate1

ResourcesDetailsAwsIamAccessKey

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
User Name	sourceUserName
Created At	deviceCustomDate1
Principal Id	fileHash
Principal Name	oldFileName
Principal Type	oldFileType
Status	deviceCustomString5

ResourcesDetailsAwsEc2NetworkInterface

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Attachment/AttachmentId Attachment/InstanceId	deviceCustomString5
Attachment/AttachTime	deviceCustomDate1
Attachment/DeleteOnTermination SourceDestCheck	oldFileType
Attachment/DeviceIndex	deviceCustomNumber1
Attachment/InstanceOwnerId	sourceUserId
Attachment/Status	fileName
Security Groups	fileHash
Network Interface Id	oldFilePath
SourceDestCheck	oldFileType

ResourcesDetailsAwsEc2SecurityGroup

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Group Id	oldFilePath
Group Name	fileName
Ip Permissions	oldFileName
Ip Permissions Egress	deviceCustomString5
Owner Id	sourceUserId
Vpc Id	oldFileType

ResourcesDetailsAwsIamRole

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Assume Role Policy Document	oldFileName
Create Date	deviceCustomDate1
Max Session Duration	deviceCustomNumber1
Path	oldfilepath
Role Id	destinationUserId
Role Name	destinationUserName

ResourcesDetailsAwsKmsKey

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
AWS Account Id	fileHash
Creation Date	deviceCustomDate1
Key Id	oldFileType
Key Manager	fileName
Key State	oldFilePath
Origin	deviceCustomString5

ResourcesDetailsAwsS3Bucket

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Created At	deviceCustomDate1
Owner Id	sourceUserID
Owner Name	sourceUserName
Server Side Encryption Configuration	deviceCustomString5

ResourcesDetailsAwsS3Object

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Content Type	oldFileType
E Tag	deviceCustomString5
Last Modified	deviceCustomDate1
Server Side Encryption	fileName
SSEKMS Key Id	oldFileName
Version Id	oldFilepath

ResourcesDetailsAwsSnsTopic

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
KmsMasterKeyId	fileHash
Owner	destinationUserName
Subscription	deviceCustomString5
Topic Name	fileName

ResourcesDetailsAwsSqsQueue

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Dead Letter Target Arn	oldFilePath
Kms Data Key Reuse Period Seconds	deviceCustomNumber1
Kms MasterKey Id	fileHash
Queue Name	fileName

ResourcesDetailsAwsLambdaFunction

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Code	deviceCustomString5
Code Sha 256	fileHash

ASFF Key	ArcSight Fields
Dead Letter Config /Target Arn	oldFileType
Environment / Variables	oldFileName
Environment / Error / Error Code	reason
Function Name	fileName
Handler, KmsKeyArn, Layers, RevisionId, Runtime, Timeout, TracingConfigMode, Version, VpcConfig, MasterArn	oldFilePath
Last Modified	deviceCustomDate1
Memory Size	fileSize
Role	destinationUserName

Updating or Overriding Parser

ArcSight SmartConnector for AWS Security Hub is designed to support parser file updates at run time without any code changes.

The updates either extend events of supported services or provide support for new service events. You can apply parser updates on the basic installation of connectors.

You can apply the following parser updates:

- Updates received from Micro Focus. See "[Apply Monthly Parser Updates from Micro Focus](#)" below.
- Updates received from a support team or other sources. See "[Apply the Parser Updates from a Support Team or Other Sources](#)" on the next page.

Apply Monthly Parser Updates from Micro Focus

The monthly updates for ArcSight SmartConnector parser releases are available at the ArcSight Marketplace. To set up your administrative account and download the parser updates, refer to ArcSight Marketplace at: <https://marketplace.microfocus.com/arcSight>

The updates for all parsers are available from Micro Focus as an **ArcSight-8.x.x.xxxx.0-ConnectorParsers.aup** package.

To apply the parser updates:

1. Download the **ArcSight-8.x.x.xxxx.0-ConnectorParsers.aup** package from the ArcSight Marketplace.
2. To apply monthly parser updates to Cloud Connectors:
 - a. Download the **ArcSight-8.x.x.xxxx.0-aup-extractor.jar** utility from the location where you have downloaded the connector.

Note: Your system must have Java 1.8.x or later version installed and Java available in the operating system's path to use the **ArcSight-8.x.x.xxxx.0-aup-extractor.jar** utility.

- b. Specify the following command to use the utility to extract parser files from the package:

```
java -jar ArcSight-8.x.x.xxxx.0-aup-extractor.jar <AUP filename>
```

Examples:

- `java -jar ArcSight-8.x.x.xxxx.0-aup-extractor.jar ArcSight-8.x.x.xxxx.0-ConnectorParsers.aup` - When the **.aup** package is in the same directory where the JAR is present.

- `java -jar ArcSight-8.x.x.xxxx.0-aup-extractor.jar`
`c:\MyFolder\ArcSight-8.x.x.xxxx.0.0-ConnectorParsers.aup` - When the **.aup** package is present in other directory.

You can either provide one or both the parameters. If you do not provide any parameters, the utility picks up any available .aup file and creates a new folder named **output** in the directory from where the utility is run and uploads the output files

The following folders will be extracted:

- **aws_cloudwatch**: Contains security parser for AWS Cloudwatch.
 - **aws_securityhub**: Contains security parser for AWS Security Hub.
 - **azure_emitter**: Contains security parser for Azure emitter.
- c. Copy the map files from **output/aws_securityhub** folder and upload them to the AWS environment:
- i. Navigate to your AWS S3 bucket. For more information, see ["Prerequisites" on page 8](#).
 - ii. Browse to the **maps** folder and upload the new map files.

The new map files overwrite the existing files.

If the updated files require support for the new service events, then you must enable these events in the AWS environment. For more information, see [Enabling New Security Services Support](#).

Apply the Parser Updates from a Support Team or Other Sources

In this case, the updated parser files are already available, which you need to add in the AWS environment.

To add updated parser files provided by a Support Team or other sources to the AWS environment:

- a. Navigate to your AWS S3 bucket. For more information, see ["Prerequisites" on page 8](#).
- b. Browse to the **maps** folder and upload the new map files.

If the updated files require support for the new service events, then you must enable these events in the AWS environment. For more information, see [Enabling New Security Services Support](#).

Enabling New Security Services Support

The ArcSight SmartConnector for AWS Security Hub connector is designed to support new security services at run time without any code changes.

To enable a new security service:

1. Navigate to your AWS S3 bucket. For more information, see ["Prerequisites" on page 8](#).
2. Browse to the **maps** folder, then upload the new service related map file to the folder.
For example, to support inspector service, add `InspectorDefault.map` to the **maps** folder.
3. Open the **mapping.properties** file in a text editor. Add a new category to support the new service.
For example, to support inspector service add the following line:

```
[category=Inspector]
InspectorDefault.map
```

4. Save the updated **mapping.properties** file to your S3 bucket.
5. Open the **Setup.map** file in a text editor. Add a new name string to support the new service. For example, to support inspector service add the following:
`inspector_namestring1=/detail/findings/ProductFields/aws/inspector/id`
6. Save the updated **Setup.map** file to your S3 bucket.
7. Open the `Installer.json` in a text editor and modify the **ProductArn**. For example, to support the inspector service, change:

```
"ProductArn" : [
{"Fn::Join" : [ "", [ "arn:aws:securityhub:", {"Ref": "Region"}],
":product/aws/guardduty" ] ]}]
to
```

```
"ProductArn" : [
{"Fn::Join" : [ "", [ "arn:aws:securityhub:", {"Ref":
"Region"},":product/aws/guardduty" ] ]},
{"Fn::Join" : [ "", [ "arn:aws:securityhub:", {"Ref": "Region"},
":product/aws/inspector" ] ]}]
```

8. Save the updated `Installer.json` file to your S3 bucket.
9. From the stack console, click **Update**, then select **Replace Current Template**.
10. From Amazon S3 URL, enter the Object URL of the `installer.json` file uploaded to your S3 bucket.
11. Continue clicking **Next**.
12. Select the **I acknowledge that AWS CloudFormation might create IAM resources** check box to acknowledge the capabilities of AWS CloudFormation template.
13. Click **Update Stack** to submit an updated template.

CloudFormation service starts deploying all the resources as per the CFT. When the resources are successfully deployed, the status changes to UPDATE_COMPLETE.

Troubleshooting

Enabling Detailed Logging

By default, info level debugging is enabled to reduce logging data size and enhance performance.

To enable detailed level logging to help resolve any runtime issues:

1. Navigate to your S3 bucket
2. Download and open the `external.properties` file.
3. Set `log.level=all`, then save the file.
4. Upload the updated `external.properties` file to S3 bucket.

Viewing and Copying Failed Messages

If there are any errors while converting ASFF messages to CEF messages, the failed messages are returned to the source queue to be retried. If the number of retries exceed the default limit of 480, these failed messages are auto forwarded to a Dead Letter Queue, where it is stored for manual processing.

To view or copy failed messages:

1. In the **Resources** tab, for your stack, get the Dead Letter Queue name .
2. Go to **Simple Queue Services**, then search using the Dead Letter Queue name.
3. If the number of available messages is more than zero, then click the queue and click the **Send and Receive** tab.
4. To display a list of failed messages, click **Poll for Messages**.
5. To view and copy failed messages, click a failed message, then click the **Body** tab to copy and share the message content.

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Feedback on Configuration Guide (SmartConnectors 8.1.0)

Just add your feedback to the email and click send.

If no email client is available, copy the information above to a new message in a web mail client, and send your feedback to Documentation-Feedback@microfocus.com.

We appreciate your feedback!